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Jan DeLaval

Access DB# 86065

SEARCH REQUEST FORM

Scientific and Technical Information Center

Requester's Full Name: DONNA Jager Examiner #: 77149 Date: 2/5/03
Art Unit: 1614 Phone Number 301-5826 Serial Number: 09/864920
Mail-Box and Bldg/Room Location: 2D01 Results Format Preferred (circle): PAPER DISK E-MAIL

If more than one search is submitted, please prioritize searches in order of need.

Please provide a detailed statement of the search topic, and describe as specifically as possible the subject matter to be searched. Include the elected species or structures, keywords, synonyms, acronyms, and registry numbers, and combine with the concept or utility of the invention. Define any terms that may have a special meaning. Give examples or relevant citations, authors, etc, if known. Please attach a copy of the cover sheet, pertinent claims, and abstract.

Title of Invention: Novel Treatment for Cough

Inventors (please provide full names): Piromelli, Daniele

Jan Delaval
Reference Librarian
Biotechnology & Chemical Library
CM1 1E07-703-308-4403
jan.delaval@uspto.gov

Earliest Priority Filing Date: 5/23/00

For Sequence Searches Only Please include all pertinent information (parent, child, divisional, or issued patent numbers) along with the appropriate serial number.

See enclosed Claims 1-16 + 19-32.

Cough

MP

STAFF USE ONLY

	Type of Search	Vendors and cost where applicable
Searcher: <u>Jan</u>	NA Sequence (#) _____	STN <u>✓</u>
Searcher Phone #: <u>4448</u>	AA Sequence (#) _____	Dialog _____
Searcher Location: _____	Structure (#) <u>✓</u>	Questel/Orbit _____
Date Searcher Picked Up: <u>2/13/03</u>	Bibliographic _____	Dr. Link _____
Date Completed: <u>2/13/03</u>	Litigation _____	Lexis/Nexis _____
Searcher Prep & Review Time: _____	Fulltext <u>✓</u>	Sequence Systems _____
Clerical Prep Time: <u>120</u>	Patent Family _____	WWW/Internet _____
Online Time: <u>x 200</u>	Other _____	Other (specify) _____

SEARCH REQUEST FORM

Scientific and Technical Information Center

Requester's Full Name Jager Examiner # 77149 Date: 12/13
 An Unit 1614 Phone Number 30 6-5826 Serial Number: 091864920
 Mail Box and Bldg. Room Location 2009 Results Format Preferred (circle): PAPER DISK E-MAIL
2001

If more than one search is submitted, please prioritize searches in order of need.

Please provide a detailed statement of the search topic, and describe as specifically as possible the subject matter to be searched. Include the elected species or structures, keywords, synonyms, acronyms, and registry numbers, and combine with the concept or utility of the invention. Define any terms that may have a special meaning. Give examples or relevant citations, authors, etc. if known. Please attach a copy of the cover sheet, pertinent claims, and abstract.

Title of Invention _____

Inventors (please provide full names): _____

Earliest Priority Filing Date _____

*For Sequence Searches Only: Please include all pertinent information (parent, child, divisional, or issued patent numbers) along with the appropriate serial number.

STAFF USE ONLY

	Type of Search	Vendors and cost where applicable
Searcher <u>Jager</u>	NA Sequence (R) _____	STN <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> _____
Searcher Phone # <u>4498</u>	AA Sequence (R) _____	Dialog _____
Searcher Location _____	Structure (R) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> _____	Questia Other _____
Date Searcher Assigned <u>12/19</u>	Bibliographic _____	DR 1/1/1 _____
Date Completed <u>12/17</u>	Litigation _____	Lexis Nexis _____
Searcher Prep & Review Time _____	Fulltext _____	Sequence Systems _____
Client Prep Time <u>45</u>	Patent Family _____	DATA Images _____
Fee \$ <u>100</u>	Other _____	Other Specialty _____



STIC Search Report

Biotech-Chem Library

STIC Database Tracking Number: 109580

TO: Donna Jagoe
Location: 2d09 / 2d01
Thursday, December 11, 2003
Art Unit: 1614
Phone: 306-5826
Serial Number: 09 / 864920

From: Jan Delaval
Location: Biotech-Chem Library
CM1-1E07
Phone: 308-4498

jan.delaval@uspto.gov

Search Notes

*Claims still
not searchable
based on search
species*

=> fil reg

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:37:38 ON 11 DEC 2003

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 10 DEC 2003 HIGHEST RN 625425-12-9

DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 10 DEC 2003 HIGHEST RN 625425-12-9

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JULY 14, 2003

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Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at:

<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html>

=> d ide can tot 177

L77 ANSWER 1 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

RN 187223-90-1 REGISTRY

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-propyl-,
(5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-propyl-, (all-Z)-

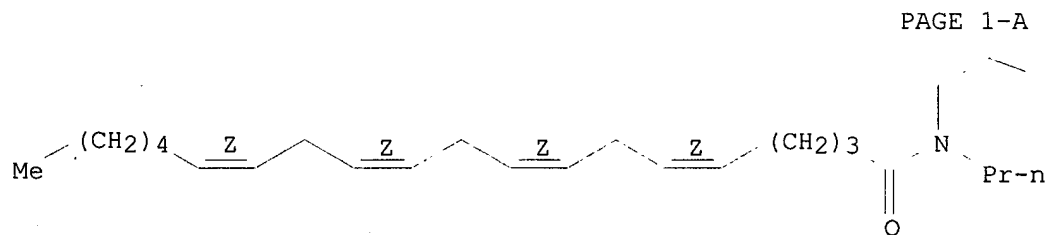
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C25 H43 N O2

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

Double bond geometry as shown.



OH

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 136:648

REFERENCE 2: 126:166092

L77 ANSWER 2 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

RN 183718-77-6 REGISTRY

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-, (all-Z)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN AM 404

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 198022-70-7

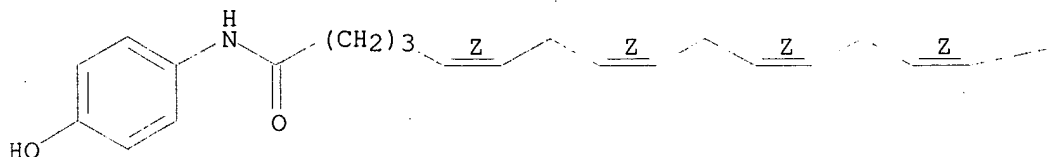
MF C26 H37 N O2

SR CA

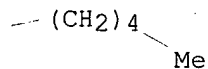
LC STN Files: BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, EMBASE,
TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

40 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

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REFERENCE 1: 139:332579

REFERENCE 2: 139:271316

REFERENCE 3: 139:143976

REFERENCE 4: 139:143728

REFERENCE 5: 139:111516

REFERENCE 6: 139:95772

REFERENCE 7: 138:366106

REFERENCE 8: 138:181073

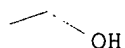
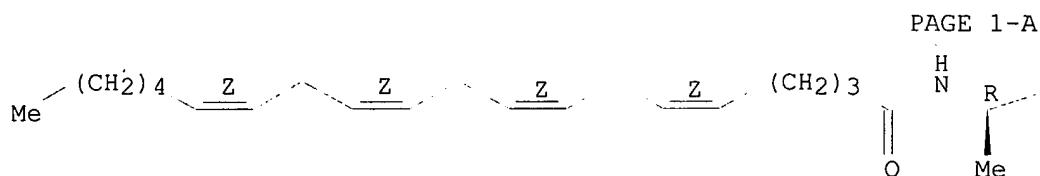
REFERENCE 9: 138:131060

REFERENCE 10: 138:126951

L77 ANSWER 3 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

RN 157182-49-5 REGISTRY
 CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-[(1R)-2-hydroxy-1-methylethyl]-,
 (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
 CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxy-1-methylethyl)-, [R-(all-Z)]-
 OTHER NAMES:
 CN (R)-Methanandamide
 CN AM 356
 FS STEREOSEARCH
 MF C23 H39 N O2
 SR CA
 LC STN Files: BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM,
 EMBASE, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).
 Double bond geometry as shown.



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67 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
 67 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 139:346298
 REFERENCE 2: 139:302061
 REFERENCE 3: 139:207583
 REFERENCE 4: 139:161402
 REFERENCE 5: 139:159814
 REFERENCE 6: 139:128248
 REFERENCE 7: 139:802
 REFERENCE 8: 138:331962
 REFERENCE 9: 138:297668
 REFERENCE 10: 138:163215

L77 ANSWER 4 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

RN 150314-35-5 REGISTRY
 CN 7,10,13,16-Docosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (7Z,10Z,13Z,16Z)-
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 7,10,13,16-Docosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (all-Z)-
OTHER NAMES:

CN (all-Z)-N-(7,10,13,16-Docosatetraenoyl)ethanolamine

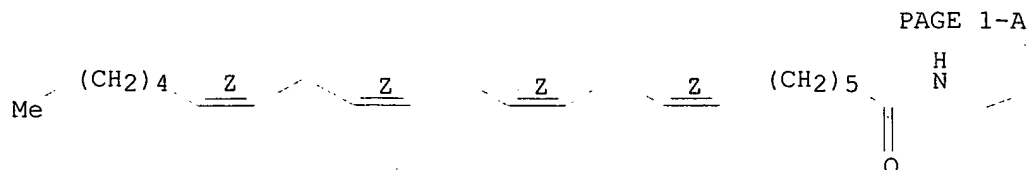
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C24 H41 N O2

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, MEDLINE, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

Double bond geometry as shown.



PAGE 1-B

OH

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

18 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

18 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 139:95321

REFERENCE 2: 138:106053

REFERENCE 3: 137:228362

REFERENCE 4: 137:226746

REFERENCE 5: 136:648

REFERENCE 6: 135:121637

REFERENCE 7: 134:335978

REFERENCE 8: 126:233751

REFERENCE 9: 126:166092

REFERENCE 10: 124:83059

L77 ANSWER 5 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

RN 149301-79-1 REGISTRY

CN 6,9,12,15-Heneicosatetraen-2-one, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, (6Z,9Z,12Z,15Z)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 6,9,12,15-Heneicosatetraen-2-one, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, (all-Z)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN AN 20579

CN Arachidonyl trifluoromethyl ketone

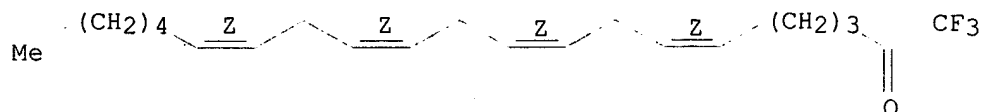
CN BM 162353

CN L 734575

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C21 H31 F3 O
SR CA
LC STN Files: BIOSIS, CA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, MEDLINE,
TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL

Double bond geometry as shown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

58 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
58 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 139:255399

REFERENCE 2: 139:246216

REFERENCE 3: 139:226711

REFERENCE 4: 139:207480

REFERENCE 5: 139:144008

REFERENCE 6: 138:362493

REFERENCE 7: 138:316897

REFERENCE 8: 138:181073

REFERENCE 9: 138:120293

REFERENCE 10: 137:382699

L77 ANSWER 6 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

RN **94421-68-8** REGISTRY

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (all-Z)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN Anandamide

CN Arachidonylethanolamide

CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)arachidonamide

CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)arachidonylamide

CN N-Arachidonylethanolamine

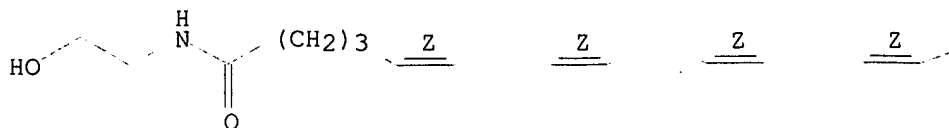
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C22 H37 N O2

LC STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, AQUIRE, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,
BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CEN, CHEMCATS, CIN, CSCHEM, EMBASE,
IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, PHAR, PROMT, RTECS*, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

-(CH₂)₄

Me

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

825 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
 22 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 830 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 139:363541
 REFERENCE 2: 139:347440
 REFERENCE 3: 139:346298
 REFERENCE 4: 139:346199
 REFERENCE 5: 139:346198
 REFERENCE 6: 139:345222
 REFERENCE 7: 139:333357
 REFERENCE 8: 139:332579
 REFERENCE 9: 139:317310
 REFERENCE 10: 139:316611

L77 ANSWER 7 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

RN 86855-26-7 REGISTRY

CN 1-Hexadecanesulfonyl fluoride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

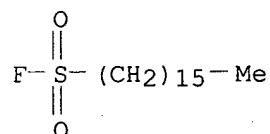
CN AM 374

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C16 H33 F O2 S

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, MEDLINE, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

18 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
18 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 139:111516
REFERENCE 2: 137:289031
REFERENCE 3: 137:150258
REFERENCE 4: 136:648
REFERENCE 5: 135:205570
REFERENCE 6: 134:336170
REFERENCE 7: 133:292844
REFERENCE 8: 132:44870
REFERENCE 9: 130:34884
REFERENCE 10: 128:30406

=> fil hcaplus

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 11 Dec 2003 VOL 139 ISS 24
FILE LAST UPDATED: 10 Dec 2003 (20031210/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> d all hitstr tot 176

L76 ANSWER 1 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
AN 2002:899402 HCAPLUS
DN 138:379080
ED Entered STN: 27 Nov 2002
TI **Anandamide** induces cough in conscious guinea pigs
through VR1 receptors
AU Jia, Yanlin; McLeod, Robbie L.; Wang, Xin; Parra, Leonard E.; Egan, Robert W.; Hey, John A.
CS Allergy, Schering-Plough Research Institute, Kenilworth, NJ, 07033, USA

SO British Journal of Pharmacology (2002), 137(6), 831-836
 CODEN: BJPCBM; ISSN: 0007-1188

PB Nature Publishing Group

DT Journal

LA English

CC 1-11 (Pharmacology)

AB This study tested the direct tussigenic effect of **anandamide** in conscious guinea pigs, and its effect on vanilloid receptor (VR) 1 function in isolated primary guinea pig nodose ganglia neurons. **Anandamide** (0.3-3 mg/mL), when given by aerosol, induced **cough** in conscious guinea pigs in a concentration dependent manner. When the guinea pigs were pretreated with capsazepine, a VR1 antagonist, the **cough** was inhibited. Pretreatment with cannabinoid (CB) 1 (SR 141716A) and CB2 (SR 144528) antagonists had no effect on **anandamide**-induced **cough**. These results indicate that **anandamide**-induced **cough** is mediated through the activation of VR1. **Anandamide** (10-100 μ M) increased intracellular Ca^{2+} concentration, as estimated by Fluo-4 fluorescence change,

in isolated guinea pig nodose ganglia cells. The **anandamide**-induced Ca^{2+} response was inhibited by two different VR1 antagonists: capsazepine (1 μ M) and iodoresiniferatoxin (I-RTX, 0.1 μ M), indicating that the **anandamide**-induced Ca^{2+} response was through VR1 channel activation. In contrast, the CB1 (SR 141716A, 1 μ M) and CB2 (SR 144528, 0.1 μ M) receptor antagonists had no effect on the Ca^{2+} response to **anandamide**. These results provide evidence that **anandamide** activates native VRs in isolated guinea pig nodose ganglia cells and induces **cough** through activation of VR1.

ST **anandamide cough** vanilloid receptor nerve calcium

IT Capsaicin receptors
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (1; **anandamide** induction of **cough** by activation of nerve vanilloid type 1 receptors)

IT **Cough**
 Nerve
 (anandamide induction of **cough** by activation of nerve vanilloid type 1 receptors)

IT Ganglion
 (inferior vagal; **anandamide** induction of **cough** by activation of nerve vanilloid type 1 receptors)

IT Biological transport
 (uptake; **anandamide** induction of **cough** by activation of nerve vanilloid type 1 receptors in relation to effect on calcium uptake)

IT 94421-68-8, **Anandamide**
 RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); BIOL (Biological study)
 (anandamide induction of **cough** by activation of nerve vanilloid type 1 receptors)

IT 7440-70-2, Calcium, biological studies
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (anandamide induction of **cough** by activation of nerve vanilloid type 1 receptors in relation to effect on calcium uptake)

RE.CNT 29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

RE

- (1) Barnes, P; Molec Aspects Med 1990, V11, P351 MEDLINE
- (2) Bolser, D; Neurosci Lett 1991, V126, P131 HCAPLUS
- (3) Calignano, A; Nature 2000, V408, P96 HCAPLUS
- (4) Carr, M; Am J Respir Crit Care Med 2002, V165, P1071
- (5) De Petrocellis, L; J Biol Chem 2001, V276, P12856 HCAPLUS
- (6) Devane, W; Science 1992, V258, P1946 HCAPLUS
- (7) Di Marzo, V; Nature 1994, V237, P686

- (8) Doherty, M; Thorax 2000, V55, P643 MEDLINE
- (9) Felder, C; Proc Natl Acad Sci USA 1993, V90, P7656 HCAPLUS
- (10) Fischer, A; J Clin Invest 1996, V98, P2284 HCAPLUS
- (11) Garcia, D; J Neurosci 1998, V18, P2834 HCAPLUS
- (12) Hathaway, T; Am Rev Respir Dis 1993, V148, P1233 MEDLINE
- (13) Higenbottam, T; J Physiol 1990, V422
- (14) Hunt, J; Am J Respir Crit Care Med 2000, V161, P694 MEDLINE
- (15) Jia, Y; Br J Pharmacol 2002, V135, P764 HCAPLUS
- (16) Jung, J; J Neurosci 1999, V19, P529 HCAPLUS
- (17) Lin, Y; J Physiol 2002, V539, P947 HCAPLUS
- (18) McLatchie, L; Br J Pharmacol 2001, V132, P899 HCAPLUS
- (19) McLeod, R; Br J Pharmacol 2001, V132, P1175 HCAPLUS
- (20) Michael, G; J Neurosci 1999, V19, P1844 HCAPLUS
- (21) Primkumar, L; Nature 2000, V408, P985
- (22) Ralevic, V; Eur J Pharmacol 2001, V424, P211 HCAPLUS
- (23) Ross, R; Br J Pharmacol 2001, V132, P631 HCAPLUS
- (24) Smart, D; Br J Pharmacol 2000, V129, P227 HCAPLUS
- (25) Szallasi, A; Am J Respir Crit Care Med 1995, V152, P59 MEDLINE
- (26) Tucker, R; Br J Pharmacol 2001, V132, P1127 HCAPLUS
- (27) Vellani, V; J Physiol 2001, V534, P813 HCAPLUS
- (28) Wahl, P; Mol Pharmacol 2001, V59, P9 HCAPLUS
- (29) Zygmunt, P; Nature 1999, V400, P452 HCAPLUS

IT 94421-68-8, Anandamide

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); BIOL (Biological study)

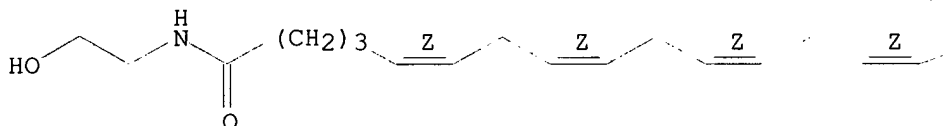
(anandamide induction of cough by activation of nerve vanilloid type 1 receptors)

RN 94421-68-8 HCAPLUS

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

(CH₂)₄

Me

L76 ANSWER 2 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

AN 2002:594730 HCAPLUS

DN 137:163801

ED Entered STN: 09 Aug 2002

TI Method of treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2

IN Leff, Alan R.

PA USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 40 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61P038-46

ICS A61P035-18; A61P031-557; A61P019-02; A61P011-00; A61P011-06;
C07H021-04; C12Q001-68; C12P019-34; C12N019-20

CC 1-7 (Pharmacology)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2002060535	A1	20020808	WO 2002-US3266	20020131
	WO 2002060535	C1	20031023		
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
	RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
	US 2002165119	A1	20021107	US 2002-62730	20020131
PRAI	US 2001-265298P	P	20010131		
AB	Methods for treating or modulating inflammatory processes or chronic inflammatory conditions dependent upon cellular inflammation, such as asthma and rheumatoid arthritis are provided, as well as methods for inhibiting or blocking eosinophil migration and airway hyperresponsiveness. Also described is a method for treating or preventing the adhesion of granulocytes and other inflammatory cells into the tissue that is the site of the inflammation. In particular, the methods relate to the therapeutic or prophylactic use of compds. and compns. that inhibit cytosolic phospholipase A2.				
ST	antiinflammatory phospholipase A2 inhibitor				
IT	Respiratory distress syndrome (adult; treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)				
IT	Gastric juice (aspiration; treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)				
IT	Drug delivery systems (carriers; treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)				
IT	Cytoplasm (cytosol; treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)				
IT	Lung, disease (edema; treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)				
IT	Lung, disease (fibrosis; treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)				
IT	T cell (lymphocyte) (helper cell, precursor; treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)				
IT	T cell (lymphocyte) (helper cell; treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)				
IT	Respiratory tract, disease (hyperresponsiveness; treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)				
IT	Intestine, disease (inflammatory; treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)				
IT	Lysophospholipids Phospholipids, biological studies				
	RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (of cell membranes; treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting				

cytosolic phospholipase A2)

IT Mast cell
(precursor; treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)

IT Nose, disease
(rhinitis; treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)

IT Anti-inflammatory agents
Antiasthmatics
Antirheumatic agents
Asthma
Basophil
Cell membrane
Cell migration
Eosinophil
Inflammation
Leukocyte
Macrophage
Polymorphonuclear leukocyte
Rheumatoid arthritis
(treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)

IT Leukotrienes
Prostaglandins
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study)
(treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)

IT 9001-84-7, Phospholipase a2
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(inhibitors; treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)

IT 65154-06-5, Paf
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study)
(treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)

IT **149301-79-1**
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)

RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

RE

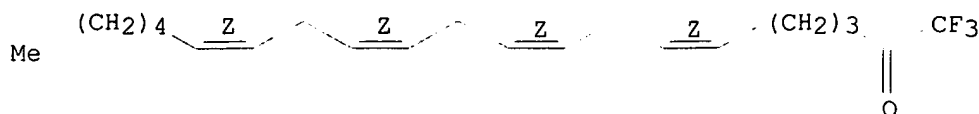
(1) Anon; JP 09268153 A 1996 HCAPLUS
(2) Bennett; US 6008344 A 1999 HCAPLUS
(3) Bristol-Myers Squibb Company; WO 9915129 1999 HCAPLUS
(4) Chiou; US 5328842 A 1994 HCAPLUS
(5) John; US 5994398 A 1999 HCAPLUS
(6) Jones; US 5589170 A 1996 HCAPLUS

IT **149301-79-1**
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(treating inflammatory conditions by inhibiting cytosolic phospholipase A2)

RN 149301-79-1 HCAPLUS

CN 6,9,12,15-Heneicosatetraen-2-one, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, (6Z,9Z,12Z,15Z)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



L76 ANSWER 3 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
 AN 2002:123602 HCAPLUS
 DN 136:161403
 ED Entered STN: 15 Feb 2002
 TI **Anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor
 modulators
 IN Hogestatt, Edward; Zygmunt, Peter
 PA Swed.
 SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 33 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 567,034.
 CODEN: USXXCO
 DT Patent
 LA English
 IC ICM A61K031-55
 ICS A61K031-47; A61K031-404; A61K031-16
 NCL 514627000
 CC 1-12 (Pharmacology)
 Section cross-reference(s): 2

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 2002019444	A1	20020214	US 2001-849972	20010508
PRAI	US 2000-567034	A2	20000508		

OS MARPAT 136:161403

AB The invention discloses that **anandamide** is an endogenous ligand for vanilloid receptors, and especially the vanilloid receptor VR1. Other structurally related lipids, such as **AM404**, 1-arachidonylglycerol, and 2-arachidonylglycerol, are identified having vanilloid receptor activity as well. Methods of treating individuals suffering from, or at risk of suffering from, diseases and disorders associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function are provided, as are methods of designing and identifying vanilloid receptor agonists and antagonists.

ST **anandamide** lipid analog vanilloid receptor modulator

IT Nervous system, disease

(Guillain-Barre syndrome, treatment of pain associated with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Capsaicin receptors

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (VR1 (vanilloid receptor 1); **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Nose, disease

(allergic rhinitis; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Leg

(amputation, treatment of pain associated with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Allergy inhibitors

Analgesics

Anti-inflammatory agents

Antiarthritics

Antiasthmatics

Antiemetics

Antimigraine agents

Antirheumatic agents

Antitumor agents

Antitussives

Antiulcer agents

Autoimmune disease

Drug delivery systems

Drug screening

Eczema

Gout

High throughput screening

Infection

Organ, animal, disease

Pain

Psoriasis

Urticaria

Vasodilators

Wound healing promoters

(**anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid

receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with
abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Capsaicin receptors

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(**anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid

receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with
abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Heart, disease

(angina pectoris, unstable; **anandamide** and structurally
related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to
treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor
function)

IT Antiarteriosclerotics

(antiatherosclerotics; **anandamide** and structurally related
lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of
diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Infection

(bacterial; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as
vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases
associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Shock (circulatory collapse)

(cardiogenic; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as
vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases
associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Brain, disease

(cerebrum, vasospasm, from subarachnoid hemorrhage; **anandamide**
and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in
relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid
receptor function)

IT Headache

(cluster, treatment of pain associated with; **anandamide** and
structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in
relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid
receptor function)

IT Eye, disease

(conjunctivitis; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids
as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases
associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Meninges

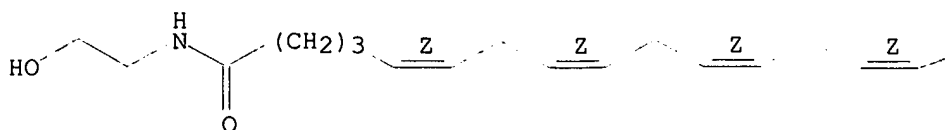
(disease, subarachnoid hemorrhage, cerebral vasospasm from;

- anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Shock (circulatory collapse)
(hemorrhagic; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Bladder, disease
(incontinence; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Heart, disease
(infarction; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Human herpesvirus
(infection; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Intestine, disease
(inflammatory; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Mammary gland
Surgery
(mastectomy, treatment of pain associated with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Digestive tract, disease
(mucosal damage; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Pharynx
(nasopharynx, adenoids; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Adenoid
(nasopharynx; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nerve, disease
(neuralgia; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Inflammation
(neurogenic; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Pain
(nociceptive; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Infection
(parasite; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nerve, disease
(peripheral neuropathy, treatment of pain associated with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nerve, disease

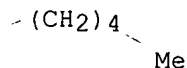
- (polyneuropathy, chronic peripheral, treatment of pain associated with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nose, disease
(rhinitis, vasomotor; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nose, disease
(rhinitis; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nerve
(sensory, vanilloid receptors of; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Shock (circulatory collapse)
(septic; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Brain, disease
(stroke; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Headache
Osteoarthritis
Pruritus
(treatment of pain associated with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Animal cell
(vanilloid receptors expression in; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Infection
(viral; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT 35474-99-8, 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenoic acid, 2,3-dihydroxypropyl ester, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- 53847-30-6, 2-Arachidonylglycerol 94421-68-8, **Anandamide 183718-77-6, AM 404**
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(**anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT 94421-68-8, **Anandamide 183718-77-6, AM 404**
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(**anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- RN 94421-68-8 HCAPLUS
- CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

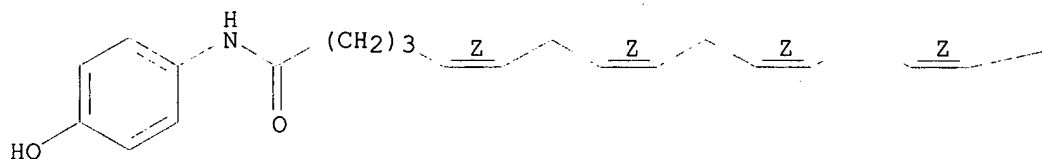


RN 183718-77-6 HCAPLUS

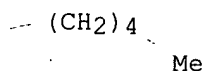
CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



L76 ANSWER 4 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
 AN 2001:868275 HCAPLUS
 DN 136:648
 ED Entered STN: 30 Nov 2001
 TI Cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of cough without
 psychoactive effects
 IN **Piomelli, Daniele**
 PA The Regents of the University of California, USA
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 63 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 IC ICM A61L009-04
 ICS A61K031-135; A61K031-13
 CC 1-9 (Pharmacology)
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001089589	A1	20011129	WO 2001-US16880	20010523 <--
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS,				

LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO,
 RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ,
 VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
 DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
 BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

US 2002035150 A1 20020321 US 2001-864920 20010523 <--

EP 1294411 A1 20030326 EP 2001-939408 20010523 <--

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
 IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR

JP 2003534298 T2 20031118 JP 2001-585830 20010523 <--

PRAI US 2000-206591P P 20000523 <--

WO 2001-US16880 W 20010523 <--

OS MARPAT 136:648

AB The invention discloses the existence of cannabinoid receptors in the
 airways, which are functionally linked to inhibition of **cough**.
 A method of ameliorating **cough** comprising the local
 administration to the upper respiratory airways of a subject in need of
 such treatment of cannabinoid compds. e.g. RC(O)X[C(R3)(R4)]nR2 where
 [X=NR1,O; R = (un)saturated, (a)chiral, (a)cyclic, (un)substituted, C11-29
 hydrocarbyl; R1, R3, R4 = C1-4 alkyl, C2-4 alkenyl, C2-4 alkynyl, C3-6
 cycloalkyl, C2-4 hydroxyalkyl; R2=OH, OC(O)(C1-4 alkyl); n=2-4]. Locally
 acting cannabinoid agents can be administered to the airways of a subject
 to ameliorate **cough**, without causing the psychoactive effects
 characteristic of systemically administered cannabinoids. In addition,
 locally or systemically administered cannabinoid inactivation inhibitors
 can also be used to ameliorate **cough**. The present invention
 also defines conditions under which cannabinoid agents can be administered
 to produce anti-**tussive** effects devoid of bronchial
 constriction.

ST cannabinoid receptor agonist **antitussive cough**
 bronchial constriction

IT Drug delivery systems
 (aerosols; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough**
 without psychoactive effects)

IT **Bronchi**
 (bronchoconstriction; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of
cough without psychoactive effects)

IT **Antitussives**
 (cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without
 psychoactive effects)

IT Neoplasm
 (induced **cough**; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment
 of **cough** without psychoactive effects)

IT Drug delivery systems
 (injections, i.v.; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of
cough without psychoactive effects)

IT Drug delivery systems
 (local; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough**
 without psychoactive effects)

IT Drug delivery systems
 (oral; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough**
 without psychoactive effects)

IT Cannabinoid receptors
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
 (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (type CB1; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough**
 without psychoactive effects)

IT **Respiratory tract**
 (upper; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of
cough without psychoactive effects)

IT 86855-26-7, 1-Hexadecanesulfonyl fluoride
 94421-68-8, Anandamide 149301-79-1

150314-35-5 157182-49-5 183718-77-6
187223-90-1

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without psychoactive effects)

IT 9015-82-1; ACE

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (inhibitor-induced **cough**; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without psychoactive effects)

RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

RE

(1) de Petrocellis; Chemistry and Physics of Lipids 2000, V108(1-2), P191 HCAPLUS

(2) Hussain; US 4464378 A 1984 HCAPLUS

(3) Shamsuddin; J Lab And Clin Med 1997, V130(6), P615 HCAPLUS

(4) Stengel; European Journal of Pharmacology 1998, V355, P57 HCAPLUS

(5) Sugiura; Chemistry and Physics of Lipids 2000, V108(1-2), P89 HCAPLUS

(6) Zhu; Journal of Immunology 1999, V163(6), P3423 HCAPLUS

IT 86855-26-7, 1-Hexadecanesulfonyl fluoride

94421-68-8, Anandamide 149301-79-1

150314-35-5 157182-49-5 183718-77-6

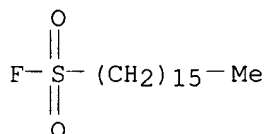
187223-90-1

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without psychoactive effects)

RN 86855-26-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Hexadecanesulfonyl fluoride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

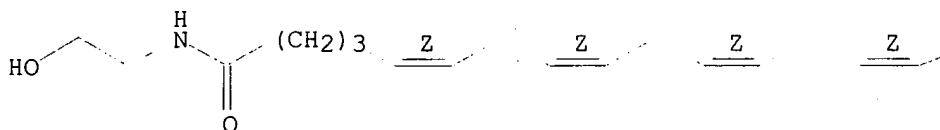


RN 94421-68-8 HCAPLUS

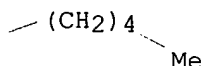
CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



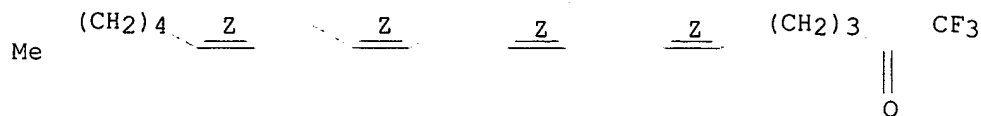
PAGE 1-B



RN 149301-79-1 HCAPLUS

CN 6,9,12,15-Heneicosatetraen-2-one, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, (6Z,9Z,12Z,15Z)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

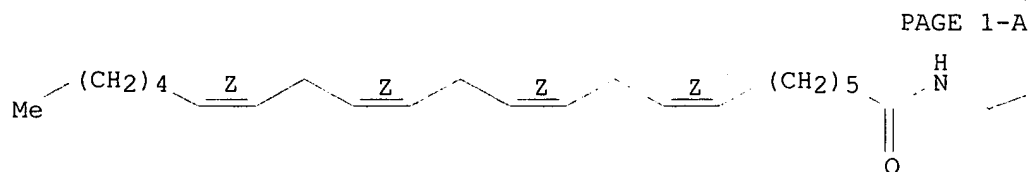
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 150314-35-5 HCAPLUS

CN 7,10,13,16-Docosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (7Z,10Z,13Z,16Z)-
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

OH

RN 157182-49-5 HCAPLUS

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-[(1R)-2-hydroxy-1-methylethyl]-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

Double bond geometry as shown.



PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

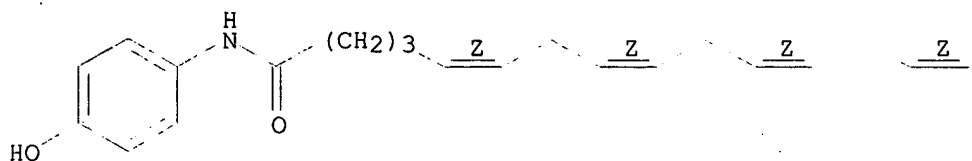
OH

RN 183718-77-6 HCAPLUS

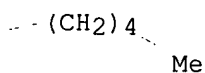
CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

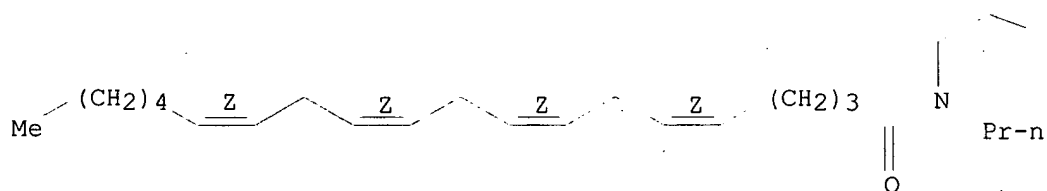


RN 187223-90-1 HCAPLUS

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-propyl-,
(5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



L76 ANSWER 5 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

AN 2001:834229 HCAPLUS

DN 136:144883

ED Entered STN: 18 Nov 2001

TI The role of sensory nerve endings in nerve growth factor-induced airway hyperresponsiveness to histamine in guinea-pigs

AU De Vries, Annick; Van Rijnsoever, Carolien; Engels, Ferdi; Henricks, Paul A. J.; Nijkamp, Frans P.

CS Department of Pharmacology and Pathophysiology, Utrecht Institute for Pharmaceutical Sciences, Utrecht University, Utrecht, 3508 TB, Neth.

SO British Journal of Pharmacology (2001), 134(4), 771-776

CODEN: BJPCBM; ISSN: 0007-1188

PB Nature Publishing Group

DT Journal

LA English

CC 1-7 (Pharmacology)

AB Nerve growth factor induces an airway hyperresponsiveness in vivo in guinea-pigs, as the authors have shown previously. Since antagonizing the neurokinin-1 (NK1) receptor can prevent this NGF-induced airway hyperresponsiveness and since sensory nerves release tachykinins, the authors investigated the role of sensory nerves in the NGF-induced airway hyperresponsiveness. We used isolated tracheal rings from guinea-pigs to

measure tracheal contractility. In these rings sensory nerve endings are present, but these endings lack any contact with their cell bodies. In this in vitro system, NGF dose-dependently induced a tracheal hyperresponsiveness to histamine. The NK1 receptor antagonist SR140333 could block the induction of tracheal hyperresponsiveness. To further investigate the involvement of sensory nerve endings the authors used the cannabinoid receptor 1 (CB1) agonist R-methanandamide to inhibit excitatory events at the nerve terminal. The CB1 receptor agonist was capable of blocking the tracheal hyperresponsiveness to NGF in the isolated system, as well as the airway hyperresponsiveness to NGF in vivo. This indicates that NGF can induce an increase in airway responsiveness in the absence of sensory nerve cell bodies. NGF may act by increasing substance P release from sensory nerve endings, without upregulation of substance P in the neurons. Substance P in its turn is responsible for the induction of the NGF-induced airway hyperresponsiveness.

ST SR140333 nerve growth factor antiasthmatic; sensory nerve ending SR140333 substance P antiasthmatic

IT Tachykinin receptors
(NK1 antagonists; role of sensory nerve endings in nerve growth factor-induced airway hyperresponsiveness to histamine in guinea-pigs)

IT **Respiratory tract, disease**
(hyperresponsiveness; role of sensory nerve endings in nerve growth factor-induced airway hyperresponsiveness to histamine in guinea-pigs)

IT Allergy inhibitors
Trachea (anatomical)
(role of sensory nerve endings in nerve growth factor-induced airway hyperresponsiveness to histamine in guinea-pigs)

IT Sensory receptors
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(role of sensory nerve endings in nerve growth factor-induced airway hyperresponsiveness to histamine in guinea-pigs)

IT Tachykinin receptors
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(type NK1; role of sensory nerve endings in nerve growth factor-induced airway hyperresponsiveness to histamine in guinea-pigs)

IT 51-45-6, Histamine, biological studies 9061-61-4, Nerve growth factor
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study)
(role of sensory nerve endings in nerve growth factor-induced airway hyperresponsiveness to histamine in guinea-pigs)

IT 33507-63-0, Substance P
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(role of sensory nerve endings in nerve growth factor-induced airway hyperresponsiveness to histamine in guinea-pigs)

IT 155418-05-6, SR140333
RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(role of sensory nerve endings in nerve growth factor-induced airway hyperresponsiveness to histamine in guinea-pigs)

RE.CNT 52 THERE ARE 52 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE

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L76 ANSWER 6 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

AN 2001:833079 HCAPLUS

DN 135:352838

ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 2001

TI **Anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators

IN Hogestatt, Edward; Zygmunt, Peter

PA Forskarpatent I Syd AB, Swed.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 107 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K031-16

ICS A61K031-167; A61K031-232

CC 1-12 (Pharmacology)

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2001085158	A2	20011115	WO 2001-IB1267	20010508
	WO 2001085158	A3	20020613		
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,			

GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
 LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT,
 RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US,
 UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
 DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
 BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

PRAI US 2000-567034 A 20000508

OS MARPAT 135:352838

AB The invention discloses that **anandamide** is an endogenous ligand for vanilloid receptors, and especially the vanilloid receptor VR1. Other structurally related lipids, such as **AM404**, 1-arachidonylglycerol, and 2-arachidonylglycerol, are identified having vanilloid receptor activity as well. Methods of treating individuals suffering from, or at risk of suffering from, diseases and disorders associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function are provided, as are methods of designing and identifying vanilloid receptor agonists and antagonists.

ST **anandamide** lipid analog vanilloid receptor modulator

IT Nervous system

(Guillain-Barre syndrome, treatment of pain associated with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Capsaicin receptors

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(VR1 (vanilloid receptor 1); **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Nose

(allergic rhinitis; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Leg

(amputation, treatment of pain associated with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Allergy inhibitors

Analgesics

Anti-inflammatory agents

Antiarthritics

Antiasthmatics

Antiemetics

Antimigraine agents

Antirheumatic agents

Antitumor agents

Antitussives

Antiulcer agents

Autoimmune disease

Drug delivery systems

Eczema

Gout

Infection

Pain

Psoriasis

Urticaria

Wound healing promoters

(**anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

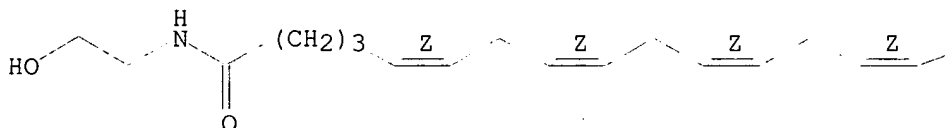
- IT Capsaicin receptors
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(**anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Heart, disease
(angina pectoris, unstable; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Antiarteriosclerotics
(antiatherosclerotics; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Infection
(bacterial; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Shock (circulatory collapse)
(cardiogenic; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Brain, disease
(cerebrum, vasospasm, from subarachnoid hemorrhage; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Headache
(cluster, treatment of pain associated with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Eye, disease
(conjunctivitis; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Digestive tract
(disease, mucosal damage; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Organ, animal
(disease; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Shock (circulatory collapse)
(hemorrhagic; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Bladder
(incontinence; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Heart, disease
(infarction; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Human herpesvirus
(infection; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Intestine, disease
(inflammatory; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as

- vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Mammary gland
Surgery
(mastectomy, treatment of pain associated with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Pharynx
(nasopharynx, adenoids; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Adenoid
(nasopharynx; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nerve, disease
(neuralgia; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Inflammation
(neurogenic; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Pain
(nociceptive; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Infection
(parasite; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nerve, disease
(peripheral neuropathy, treatment of pain associated with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nerve, disease
(polyneuropathy, chronic peripheral, treatment of pain associated with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nose
(rhinitis, vasomotor; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nose
(rhinitis; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Shock (circulatory collapse)
(septic; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Brain, disease
(stroke; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Meninges
(subarachnoid hemorrhage, cerebral vasospasm from; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

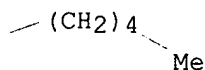
- IT Headache
Osteoarthritis
Pruritus
(treatment of pain associated with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Infection
(viral; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT 35474-99-8 53847-30-6, 2-Arachidonylglycerol **94421-68-8**, **Anandamide 183718-77-6, AM 404**
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(**anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT **94421-68-8, Anandamide 183718-77-6, AM 404**
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(**anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases associated with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- RN 94421-68-8 HCAPLUS
- CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



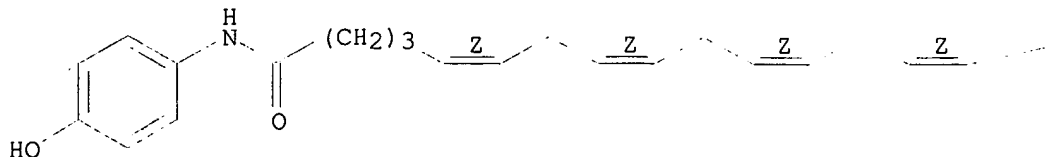
PAGE 1-B



- RN 183718-77-6 HCAPLUS
- CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

--(CH₂)₄--
Me

L76 ANSWER 7 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
AN 2001:789791 HCAPLUS
DN 136:95834
ED Entered STN: 31 Oct 2001
TI **Anandamide** induces cardiovascular and respiratory reflexes via
vasosensory nerves in the anaesthetized rat
AU Smith, Paula J. W.; McQueen, Daniel S.
CS Department of Neuroscience, University of Edinburgh Medical School,
Edinburgh, EH8 9JZ, UK
SO British Journal of Pharmacology (2001), 134(3), 655-663
CODEN: BJPCBM; ISSN: 0007-1188
PB Nature Publishing Group
DT Journal
LA English
CC 1-8 (Pharmacology)
AB 1 We tested the hypothesis that sensory nerves innervating blood vessels
play a role in the local and systemic regulation of the cardiovascular and
respiratory (CVR) systems. We measured CVR reflexes evoked by
administration of **anandamide** (86-863 nmoles) and capsaicin
(0.3-10 nmoles) into the hindlimb vasculature of anesthetized rats. 2
Anandamide and capsaicin each caused a rapid dose-dependent reflex
fall in blood pressure and an increase in ventilation when injected
intra-arterially into the hindlimb. 3 Action of both agonists at the
vanilloid receptor (VR1) on perivascular sensory nerves was investigated
using capsazepine (1 mg kg⁻¹ i.a.) a competitive VR1 antagonist, ruthenium
red (1 mg kg⁻¹ i.a.), a non-competitive antagonist at VR1, or a
desensitizing dose of capsaicin (200 nmoles i.a.). The cannabinoid
receptor antagonist SR141716 (1 mg kg⁻¹ i.a.) was used to determine agonist
activity at the CB1 receptor. 4 Capsazepine, ruthenium red, or acute VR1
desensitization by capsaicin-pretreatment, markedly attenuated the reflex
CVR responses evoked by **anandamide** and capsaicin (P < 0.05;
paired Student's t-test). Blockade of CB1 had no significant effect on
the responses to **anandamide**. 5 Local sectioning of the femoral
and sciatic nerves attenuated CVR responses to **anandamide** and
capsaicin (P < 0.05). Vagotomy or carotid sinus sectioning had no
significant effect on **anandamide**- or capsaicin-induced
responses. 6 These data demonstrate that both the endogenous cannabinoid,
anandamide, and the vanilloid, capsaicin, evoke CVR reflexes when
injected intra-arterially into the rat hindlimb. These responses appear
to be mediated reflexly via VR1 located on sensory nerve endings within
the hindlimb vasculature.
ST **anandamide** cardiovascular respiration reflex vasosensory nerve
vanilloid receptor
IT Cardiovascular system
Reflex
Respiration, animal
Respiratory tract
(**anandamide** induces cardiovascular and respiratory reflexes
via vasosensory nerves in the anesthetized rat)
IT Capsaicin receptors
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(**anandamide** induces cardiovascular and respiratory reflexes
via vasosensory nerves in the anesthetized rat)

IT Nerve

(sensory; **anandamide** induces cardiovascular and respiratory reflexes via vasosensory nerves in the anesthetized rat)

IT 404-86-4, Capsaicin **94421-68-8, Anandamide**

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); BIOL (Biological study)

(**anandamide** induces cardiovascular and respiratory reflexes via vasosensory nerves in the anesthetized rat)

RE.CNT 42 THERE ARE 42 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
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IT **94421-68-8, Anandamide**

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); BIOL (Biological study)

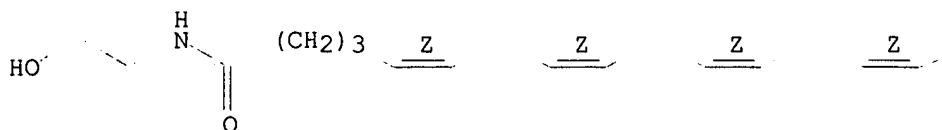
(**anandamide** induces cardiovascular and respiratory reflexes via vasosensory nerves in the anesthetized rat)

RN 94421-68-8 HCAPLUS

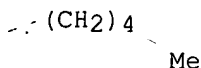
CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



- L76 ANSWER 8 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
 AN 2000:802719 HCAPLUS
 DN 134:95328
 ED Entered STN: 15 Nov 2000
 TI Bidirectional control of airway responsiveness by endogenous cannabinoids
 AU Calignano, A.; Katona, I.; Desarnaud, F.; Giuffrida, A.; La Rana, G.;
 Mackie, K.; Freund, T. F.; **Piomelli, D.**
 CS Department of Pharmacology, University of Naples, Naples, 80131, Italy
 SO Nature (London) (2000), 408(6808), 96-101
 CODEN: NATUAS; ISSN: 0028-0836
 PB Nature Publishing Group
 DT Journal
 LA English
 CC 1-9 (Pharmacology)
 Section cross-reference(s): 13
 AB Smoking marijuana or administration of its main active constituent,
 Δ9-tetrahydrocannabinol (Δ9-THC), may exert potent dilating
 effects on human airways. But the physiol. significance of this
 observation and its potential therapeutic value are obscured by the fact
 that some asthmatic patients respond to these compds. with a paradoxical
 bronchospasm. The mechanisms underlying these contrasting responses
 remain unresolved. Here we show that the endogenous cannabinoid
anandamide exerts dual effects on bronchial responsiveness in
 rodents: it strongly inhibits bronchospasm and **cough** evoked by
 the chemical irritant, capsaicin, but causes bronchospasm when the
 constricting tone exerted by the vagus nerve is removed. Both effects are
 mediated through peripheral CB1 cannabinoid receptors found on axon
 terminals of airway nerves. Biochem. analyses indicate that
anandamide is synthesized in lung tissue on calcium-ion
 stimulation, suggesting that locally generated **anandamide**
 participates in the intrinsic control of airway responsiveness. In
 support of this conclusion, the CB1 antagonist SR141716A enhances
 capsaicin-evoked bronchospasm and **cough**. Our results may
 account for the contrasting bronchial actions of cannabis-like drugs in
 humans, and provide a framework for the development of more selective
 cannabinoid-based agents for the treatment of respiratory pathologies.
 ST **anandamide** airway bidirectional responsiveness cannabinoid
 receptor
 IT Cannabinoid receptors
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
 (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (CB1; bidirectional control of airway responsiveness by endogenous
 cannabinoids)
 IT **Respiratory tract**
 (bidirectional control of airway responsiveness by endogenous

cannabinoids)

IT 94421-68-8, Anandamide

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MFM (Metabolic formation); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)

(bidirectional control of airway responsiveness by endogenous cannabinoids)

RE.CNT 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
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IT 94421-68-8, Anandamide

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MFM (Metabolic formation); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)

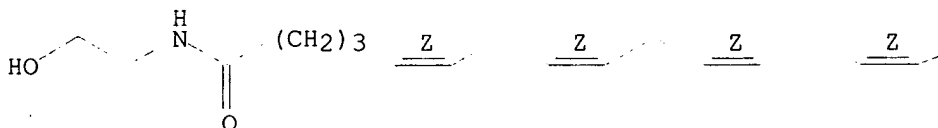
(bidirectional control of airway responsiveness by endogenous cannabinoids)

RN 94421-68-8 HCAPLUS

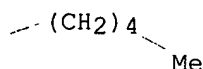
CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



L76 ANSWER 9 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
 AN 1998:511815 HCAPLUS
 DN 129:285829
 ED Entered STN: 18 Aug 1998
 TI Pulmonary actions of **anandamide**, an endogenous cannabinoid
 receptor agonist, in guinea pigs
 AU Stengel, Peter W.; Rippey, Marian K.; Cockerham, Sandra L.; Devane, William
 A.; Silbaugh, Steven A.
 CS Neuroscience Research, Lilly Research Laboratories, Eli Lilly, Lilly
 Corporate Center, Indianapolis, IN, USA
 SO European Journal of Pharmacology (1998), 355(1), 57-66
 CODEN: EJPHAZ; ISSN: 0014-2999 ✓
 PB Elsevier Science B.V.
 DT Journal
 LA English
 CC 1-9 (Pharmacology)
 AB **Anandamide** (arachidonylethanolamide) was tested for
 bronchodilator and anti-inflammatory activities. Conscious guinea pigs
 were given cumulative i.v. doses of **anandamide** (1.0, 3.0, and
 10.0 mg/kg) to assess its effect on dynamic compliance (Cdyn), total
 pulmonary resistance (RL), tidal volume (VT) and breathing frequency (f).
 Other guinea pigs were exposed to an aerosol of A23187
 (6S-[6 α (2S*,3S*),8 β (R*),9 β ,11 α]-5-(methylamino)-2-
 [[3,9,11-trimethyl-8-[1-methyl-2-oxo-2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)ethyl]-1,7-
 dioxaspiro[5.5]undec-2-yl)methyl]-4-benzoxazolecarboxylic acid) until Cdyn
 decreased by 50% (.apprx.5 min) and at 20 min, cumulative i.v. doses of
anandamide (1.0, 3.0, and 10.0 mg/kg) were administered and
 reversal of Cdyn examined After the final dose of **anandamide**, the
 animals were killed and excised lung gas vols. (ELGV), i.e., pulmonary gas
 trapping, measured. Other animals were treated i.v. with
anandamide (10.0 mg/kg), exposed to an aerosol of A23187 until
 labored breathing began, and then killed 1 h later. **Anandamide**
 did not significantly affect Cdyn, RL, VT and f. ELGV values of
anandamide-treated guinea pigs were not different from those of
 vehicle-treated animals. **Anandamide** failed to reverse
 A23187-induced decreases in Cdyn and to reduce A23187-associated ELGV
 increases. Also, it did not prevent the prolonged airway obstruction
 caused by A23187. Histol. evaluation revealed that **anandamide**
 significantly reduced A23187-related airway epithelial injury and
 pulmonary leukocytosis. However, it did not prevent A23187-induced
 peribronchiolar granulocytic accumulation. Our results suggest that in
 vivo **anandamide** has minimal direct airway smooth muscle-related
 actions, however it may possess modest anti-inflammatory properties.
 ST lung injury A23187 **anandamide**
 IT **Respiratory tract**
 (epithelium, A23187-induced injury; pulmonary actions of
anandamide in guinea pigs with A23187-induced injury)
 IT Anti-inflammatory agents
 Lung
 (pulmonary actions of **anandamide** in guinea pigs with
 A23187-induced injury)
 IT 94421-68-8, **Anandamide**
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
 study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(pulmonary actions of **anandamide** in guinea pigs with
A23187-induced injury)

RE.CNT 38 THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
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IT 94421-68-8, **Anandamide**

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

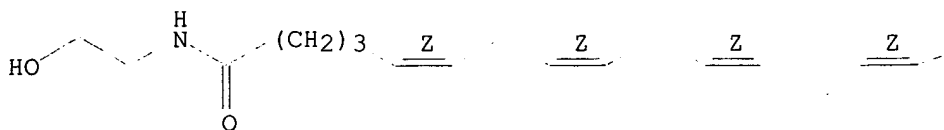
(pulmonary actions of **anandamide** in guinea pigs with
A23187-induced injury)

RN 94421-68-8 HCAPLUS

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI).
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

(CH₂)₄

Me

L76 ANSWER 10 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
 AN 1997:801212 HCAPLUS
 DN 128:87707
 ED Entered STN: 24 Dec 1997
 TI Influence of interleukin 1 α on superoxide anion, platelet activating factor release and phospholipase A2 activity of naive and sensitized guinea pig alveolar macrophages
 AU Mugnai, Sabrina; Ciuffi, Mario; Maurizi, Manuela; Bindi, Daniela; Franchi-Micheli, Sergio; Zilletti, Lucilla
 CS Department of Preclinical and Clinical Pharmacology "M. Aiazzi-Mancini", Florence, 50134, Italy
 SO British Journal of Pharmacology (1997), 122(7), 1345-1352
 CODEN: BJPCBM; ISSN: 0007-1188
 PB Stockton Press
 DT Journal
 LA English
 CC 15-5 (Immunochemistry)
 AB We studied the effect exerted by hr-interleukin-1 α (IL-1 α) on responsiveness of alveolar macrophages (AM) from naive and sensitized guinea-pigs, through O₂⁻ production (by ferricytochrome C reduction), platelet-activating-factor (PAF) release (by platelet aggregation), prostaglandin E₂ (PGE₂) release (by a RIA), and cytosolic phospholipase A₂ (cPLA₂) activity (by hydrolysis of radioactive substrate). In naive guinea-pig AM, 0.06 nM hr-IL-1 α pretreatment decreased by 65% O₂⁻ release stimulated with 10 nM fMLP. In contrast, O₂⁻ production was not affected in sensitized guinea-pig AM. O₂⁻ release elicited by fMLP stimulation in both cell groups was affected by PLA₂ inhibitors (10 μ M bromophenacyl bromide, BPB or 10 μ M methylprednisolone, MP). In contrast, 10 μ M arachidonyl trifluoromethyl ketone (AACOCF₃), a cPLA₂ inhibitor, was ineffective. In naive AM, PAF release was elicited by hr-IL-1 α pretreatment and by sep. fMLP-stimulation, but when the stimulus was added to hr-IL-1 α -pretreated cells inhibition of PAF release was observed. In sensitized AM, PAF release was lower than that found in naive guinea-pig AM in both hr-IL-1 α -pretreated and fMLP-stimulated cells. PGE₂ release was unaffected by hr-IL-1 α pretreatment and it was decreased by fMLP in both naive and sensitized AMs. The latter released less PGE₂ than naive cells in basal conditions and after fMLP treatment. Sensitized AM showed a greater cPLA₂ activity in all exptl. conditions in comparison to naive cells. cPLA₂ activity assayed in the cytosolic fraction was found to be enhanced by hr-IL-1 α pretreatment and by fMLP stimulation in naive but not in sensitized AM. However, when the stimulus was added to hr-IL-1 α -pretreated cells we observed a decrease in cPLA₂ activity in the cytosol and an increase in the membranes, thus suggesting a translocation of enzymic activity. In conclusion, hr-IL-1 α can modulate the responsiveness of AM from naive and sensitized guinea-pigs, as suggested by changes found in the release of PAF and O₂⁻ and in cPLA₂ activity; therefore, sensitization itself may affect cellular responsiveness.
 ST interleukin lalpha macrophage superoxide PAF cPLA2
 IT Macrophage
 (alveolar; influence of interleukin 1 α on superoxide anion, platelet activating factor release and phospholipase A2 activity of naive and sensitized guinea pig alveolar macrophages)

- IT Respiration, animal
 (burst; influence of interleukin 1 α on superoxide anion, platelet activating factor release and phospholipase A2 activity of naive and sensitized guinea pig alveolar macrophages)
- IT **Respiratory tract**
 (disease, hypersensitivity; influence of interleukin 1 α on superoxide anion, platelet activating factor release and phospholipase A2 activity of naive and sensitized guinea pig alveolar macrophages)
- IT Allergy
 (hypersensitivity, **respiratory tract**; influence of interleukin 1 α on superoxide anion, platelet activating factor release and phospholipase A2 activity of naive and sensitized guinea pig alveolar macrophages)
- IT Interleukin 1 α
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (influence of interleukin 1 α on superoxide anion, platelet activating factor release and phospholipase A2 activity of naive and sensitized guinea pig alveolar macrophages)
- IT Lung
 (macrophage; influence of interleukin 1 α on superoxide anion, platelet activating factor release and phospholipase A2 activity of naive and sensitized guinea pig alveolar macrophages)
- IT 9001-84-7, Phospholipase A2
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (influence of interleukin 1 α on superoxide anion, platelet activating factor release and phospholipase A2 activity of naive and sensitized guinea pig alveolar macrophages)
- IT 65154-06-5, Platelet activating factor
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (influence of interleukin 1 α on superoxide anion, platelet activating factor release and phospholipase A2 activity of naive and sensitized guinea pig alveolar macrophages)
- IT 11062-77-4, Superoxide
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MFM (Metabolic formation); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PROC (Process)
 (influence of interleukin 1 α on superoxide anion, platelet activating factor release and phospholipase A2 activity of naive and sensitized guinea pig alveolar macrophages)

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L86 ANSWER 1 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
AN 2000:853966 HCAPLUS
DN 134:176348
ED Entered STN: 06 Dec 2000
TI Endocannabinoids and fatty acid amides in cancer, inflammation and related disorders
AU De Petrocellis, L.; Melck, D.; Bisogno, T.; Di Marzo, V.
CS Istituto di Cibernetica, Consiglio Nazionale delle Ricerche, Arco Felice, Naples, 80072, Italy
SO Chemistry and Physics of Lipids (2000), 108(1-2), 191-209
CODEN: CPLIA4; ISSN: 0009-3084
PB Elsevier Science Ireland Ltd.
DT Journal; General Review
LA English
CC 14-0 (Mammalian Pathological Biochemistry)
AB A review, with many refs. The long history of the medicinal use of Cannabis sativa and, more recently, of its chemical constituents, the cannabinoids, suggests that also the endogenous ligands of cannabinoid receptors, the endocannabinoids, and, particularly, their derivs. may be used as therapeutic agents. Studies aimed at correlating the tissue and body fluid levels of endogenous cannabinoid-like mols. with pathol. conditions have been started and may lead to identify those diseases that can be alleviated by drugs that either mimic or antagonize the action of

these substances, or modulate their biosynthesis and degradation Hints for the therapeutic applications of endocannabinoids, however, can be obtained also from our previous knowledge of marijuana medicinal properties. In this article, we discuss the anti-tumor and anti-inflammatory activity of:

(1) the endocannabinoids **anandamide** (arachidonoyl ethanolamide) and 2-arachidonoyl glycerol; (2) the bioactive fatty acid amides palmitoylethanolamide and oleamide; and (3) some synthetic derivs. of these compds., such as the N-acyl-vanillyl-amines. Furthermore, the possible role of cannabinimimetic fatty acid derivs. in the pathol. consequences of cancer and inflammation, such as cachexia, wasting syndrome, chronic pain and local vasodilation, will be examined

ST review endocannabinoid fatty acid amide cancer inflammation

IT Inflammation

Neoplasm

(endocannabinoids and fatty acid amides in cancer, inflammation and related disorders)

IT Cannabinoids

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(endocannabinoids and fatty acid amides in cancer, inflammation and related disorders)

IT Cannabinoid receptors

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(endocannabinoids; endocannabinoids and fatty acid amides in cancer, inflammation and related disorders)

IT Amides, biological studies

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(fatty; endocannabinoids and fatty acid amides in cancer, inflammation and related disorders)

RE.CNT 104 THERE ARE 104 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

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L86 ANSWER 2 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

AN 2000:853959 HCAPLUS

DN 134:69099

ED Entered STN: 06 Dec 2000

TI 2-Arachidonoylglycerol and the cannabinoid receptors

AU **Sugiura, T.**; Waku, K.

CS Faculty of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Teikyo University, Tsukui-gun, Sagamiko, Kanagawa, 199-0195, Japan

SO Chemistry and Physics of Lipids (2000), 108(1-2), 89-106

CODEN: CPLIA4; ISSN: 0009-3084

PB Elsevier Science Ireland Ltd.

DT Journal; General Review

LA English

CC 13-0 (Mammalian Biochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 2

AB A review, with .apprx.115 refs. 2-Arachidonoylglycerol (2-AG) is a unique mol. species of monoacylglycerol isolated from rat brain and canine gut as an endogenous cannabinoid receptor ligand. 2-AG binds to the cannabinoid receptors (CB1 and CB2) and exhibits a variety of cannabimimetic activities in vitro and in vivo. Recently, we found that 2-AG induces Ca2+ transients in NG108-15 cells, which express the CB1 receptor, and in HL-60 cells, which express the CB2 receptor, through a cannabinoid receptor- and Gi/Go-dependent mechanism. Based on the results of structure-activity relationship expts., we concluded that 2-AG but not **anandamide** is the natural ligand for both the CB1 and the CB2 receptors and both receptors are primarily 2-AG receptors. Evidences are gradually accumulating that 2-AG is a physiol. essential mol., although further detailed studies appear to be necessary to determine relative importance of 2-AG and **anandamide** in various animal tissues. In this review, we described mainly our previous and current exptl. results, as well as those of others, concerning the tissue levels, bioactions and metabolism of 2-AG.

ST review arachidonoylglycerol cannabinoid receptor

IT Cannabinoid receptors

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(arachidonoylglycerol and the cannabinoid receptors)

IT 53847-30-6

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BOC (Biological occurrence); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); PROC (Process)
(arachidonoylglycerol and the cannabinoid receptors)

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L86 ANSWER 3 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

AN 1999:589648 HCAPLUS

DN 131:309751

ED Entered STN: 21 Sep 1999

TI Cytosolic phospholipase A2 activation is essential for β 1 and β 2 integrin-dependent adhesion of human eosinophils

AU **Zhu, Xiangdong**; Munoz, Nilda M.; Kim, Kwang Pyo; Sano, Hiroyuki; Cho, Wonhwa; Leff, Alan R.

CS Section of Pulmonary and Critical Care Medicine, Departments of Medicine, Pharmacological and Physiological Sciences, Pediatrics, Anesthesia, and Critical Care, and Committees on Clinical Pharmacology and Cell Physiology, Division of Biological Sciences, University of Chicago, Chicago, IL, 60637, USA

SO Journal of Immunology (1999), 163(6), 3423-3429

CODEN: JOIMA3; ISSN: 0022-1767

PB American Association of Immunologists

DT Journal

LA English

CC 15-9 (Immunochemistry)

AB The authors examined the role of cytosolic phospholipase A2 (cPLA2) during human eosinophil adherence to ICAM-1- or VCAM-1-coated plates. IL-5-stimulated eosinophils adhered to ICAM-1 through the β 2 integrin CD11b/CD18, while nonstimulated eosinophils did not. By contrast, nonstimulated eosinophils adhered to VCAM-1 through the β 1-integrin VLA-4/CD29. Both IL-5-induced adhesion to ICAM-1 and spontaneous adhesion to VCAM-1 corresponded temporally to cPLA2 phosphorylation, which

accompanied enhanced catalytic activity of cPLA2. The structurally unrelated cPLA2 inhibitors, **arachidonyl trifluoromethylketone** and surfactin, inhibited eosinophil adhesion to ICAM-1 and VCAM-1 in a concentration-dependent manner. Inhibition of secretory PLA2, 5-lipoxygenase, or cyclooxygenase did not affect eosinophil adhesion. Addition of arachidonic acid to eosinophils after cPLA2 inhibition with **arachidonyl trifluoromethylketone** or surfactin did not reverse the blockade of adhesion to ICAM-1 or VCAM-1. However, CV-6209, a receptor-specific antagonist of platelet-activating factor, inhibited all integrin-mediated adhesion. The activated conformation of CD11b as identified by the mAb, CBRM1/5, as well as quant. surface CD11b expression were up-regulated after IL-5 stimulation. However, cPLA2 inhibition neither prevented CBRM1/5 expression nor blocked surface Mac-1 up-regulation caused by IL-5. Apparently, cPLA2 activation and its catalytic product platelet-activating factor play an essential role in regulating $\beta 1$ and $\beta 2$ integrin-dependent adhesion of eosinophils. This blockade occurs even in the presence of up-regulated eosinophil surface integrin.

- ST cytosolic phospholipase A2 integrin dependent adhesion eosinophil allergy
- IT Cell adhesion molecules
 - RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)
 - (ICAM-1 (intercellular adhesion mol. 1); cytosolic phospholipase A2 activation and platelet-activating factor are essential for $\beta 1$ and $\beta 2$ integrin-dependent adhesion of human eosinophils)
- IT Cell adhesion molecules
 - RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)
 - (VCAM-1; cytosolic phospholipase A2 activation and platelet-activating factor are essential for $\beta 1$ and $\beta 2$ integrin-dependent adhesion of human eosinophils)
- IT Inflammation
 - (allergic; cytosolic phospholipase A2 activation and platelet-activating factor are essential for $\beta 1$ and $\beta 2$ integrin-dependent adhesion of human eosinophils)
- IT Cytoplasm
 - (cytosol; cytosolic phospholipase A2 activation and platelet-activating factor are essential for $\beta 1$ and $\beta 2$ integrin-dependent adhesion of human eosinophils)
- IT Asthma
 - Eosinophil
 - (cytosolic phospholipase A2 activation and platelet-activating factor are essential for $\beta 1$ and $\beta 2$ integrin-dependent adhesion of human eosinophils)
- IT Cell adhesion
 - (eosinophil; cytosolic phospholipase A2 activation and platelet-activating factor are essential for $\beta 1$ and $\beta 2$ integrin-dependent adhesion of human eosinophils)
- IT Integrins
 - RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 - ($\beta 1$; cytosolic phospholipase A2 activation and platelet-activating factor are essential for $\beta 1$ and $\beta 2$ integrin-dependent adhesion of human eosinophils)
- IT Integrins
 - RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 - ($\beta 2$; cytosolic phospholipase A2 activation and platelet-activating factor are essential for $\beta 1$ and $\beta 2$ integrin-dependent adhesion of human eosinophils)
- IT 65154-06-5, Platelet-activating factor
 - RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(cytosolic phospholipase A2 activation and platelet-activating factor are essential for $\beta 1$ and $\beta 2$ integrin-dependent adhesion of human eosinophils)

IT 9001-84-7, Phospholipase A2

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(cytosolic; cytosolic phospholipase A2 activation and platelet-activating factor are essential for $\beta 1$ and $\beta 2$ integrin-dependent adhesion of human eosinophils)

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L86 ANSWER 4 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

AN 1998:511815 HCAPLUS

DN 129:285829

ED Entered STN: 18 Aug 1998

TI Pulmonary actions of **anandamide**, an endogenous cannabinoid receptor agonist, in guinea pigs

AU **Stengel, Peter W.**; Rippy, Marian K.; Cockerham, Sandra L.; Devane, William A.; Silbaugh, Steven A.

CS Neuroscience Research, Lilly Research Laboratories, Eli Lilly, Lilly Corporate Center, Indianapolis, IN, USA

SO European Journal of Pharmacology (1998), 355(1),

57-66

CODEN: EJPHAZ; ISSN: 0014-2999

PB Elsevier Science B.V.

DT Journal

LA English

CC 1-9 (Pharmacology)

AB **Anandamide** (arachidonylethanolamide) was tested for bronchodilator and anti-inflammatory activities. Conscious guinea pigs were given cumulative i.v. doses of **anandamide** (1.0, 3.0, and 10.0 mg/kg) to assess its effect on dynamic compliance (Cdyn), total pulmonary resistance (RL), tidal volume (VT) and breathing frequency (f). Other guinea pigs were exposed to an aerosol of A23187 (6S-[6 α (2S*,3S*),8 β (R*),9 β ,11 α]-5-(methylamino)-2-[[3,9,11-trimethyl-8-[1-methyl-2-oxo-2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)ethyl]-1,7-dioxaspiro[5.5]undec-2-yl)methyl]-4-benzoxazolecarboxylic acid) until Cdyn decreased by 50% (.apprx.5 min) and at 20 min, cumulative i.v. doses of **anandamide** (1.0, 3.0, and 10.0 mg/kg) were administered and reversal of Cdyn examined. After the final dose of **anandamide**, the animals were killed and excised lung gas vols. (ELGV), i.e., pulmonary gas trapping, measured. Other animals were treated i.v. with **anandamide** (10.0 mg/kg), exposed to an aerosol of A23187 until labored breathing began, and then killed 1 h later. **Anandamide** did not significantly affect Cdyn, RL, VT and f. ELGV values of **anandamide**-treated guinea pigs were not different from those of vehicle-treated animals. **Anandamide** failed to reverse A23187-induced decreases in Cdyn and to reduce A23187-associated ELGV increases. Also, it did not prevent the prolonged airway obstruction caused by A23187. Histol. evaluation revealed that **anandamide** significantly reduced A23187-related airway epithelial injury and pulmonary leukocytosis. However, it did not prevent A23187-induced peribronchiolar granulocytic accumulation. Our results suggest that in vivo **anandamide** has minimal direct airway smooth muscle-related actions, however it may possess modest anti-inflammatory properties.

ST lung injury A23187 **anandamide**

IT Respiratory tract

(epithelium, A23187-induced injury; pulmonary actions of **anandamide** in guinea pigs with A23187-induced injury)

IT Anti-inflammatory agents

Lung

(pulmonary actions of **anandamide** in guinea pigs with A23187-induced injury)

IT 94421-68-8, **Anandamide**

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(pulmonary actions of **anandamide** in guinea pigs with A23187-induced injury)

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IT 94421-68-8, Anandamide

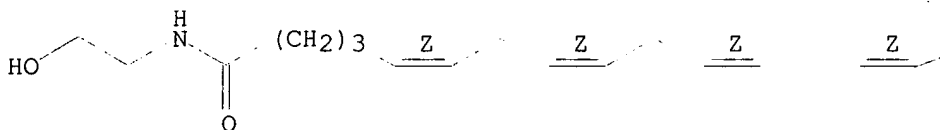
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(pulmonary actions of **anandamide** in guinea pigs with A23187-induced injury)

RN 94421-68-8 HCAPLUS

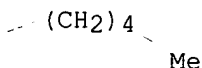
CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



L86 ANSWER 5 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

AN 1998:46055 HCAPLUS

DN 128:136785

ED Entered STN: 28 Jan 1998

TI Regulation of leukotriene and platelet-activating factor synthesis in human alveolar macrophages

AU Shamsuddin, Mir; Chen, Ellen; Anderson, James; Smith, Lewis J.

CS Pulmonary Division, Veterans Affairs Lakeside Medical Center, Northwestern University Medical School, Chicago, IL, USA

SO Journal of Laboratory and Clinical Medicine (1997), 130 (6), 615-626

CODEN: JLCMAK; ISSN: 0022-2143

PB Mosby-Year Book, Inc.
 DT Journal
 LA English
 CC 2-9 (Mammalian Hormones)
 Section cross-reference(s): 15

AB It has been suggested that phospholipase A2 (PLA2) contributes to the regulation of leukotriene (LT) and platelet-activating factor (PAF) synthesis by controlling the release of their precursors, arachidonic acid (AA) and lysophosphatidylcholine (lysoPC), from membrane phospholipids. In rat alveolar macrophages (AMs), PLA2 appears to have a major role in LT synthesis but a more limited role in PAF synthesis. The present study was designed to define the role of PLA2 in LT and PAF synthesis in human AMs and determine whether differences exist between AMs obtained from normal subjects and those from patients with asthma. In the normal subjects, the calcium ionophore A23187 (Cal) increased AM PAF synthesis (percent incorporation of tritiated acetate) by 135% and LTB4 synthesis 88-fold. Phorbol myristate acetate (PMA) had little effect alone, but it had a synergistic effect with Cal, increasing PAF synthesis by 466% and LTB4 synthesis to 229-fold above the control values. Ro 25-4331, a combined cytosolic (c) and secretory (s) PLA2 inhibitor, had little effect on the Cal-stimulated PAF synthesis, but it completely blocked the effect of PMA. It also blocked the Cal- and Cal+PMA-stimulated LTB4 synthesis. AACOCF3, a cPLA2 inhibitor, had no effect on either Cal or Cal+PMA-stimulated PAF synthesis. It reduced LTB4 synthesis, but it did so less effectively than Ro 25-4331. CoA-independent transacylase (CoAl-TA) activity in the AMs increased after stimulation and exposure to Ro 25-4331. SK&F 45905, a CoAl-TA inhibitor, reduced stimulated PAF synthesis by 30% to 40%. Patients with asthma had similar results except that cPLA2 had a greater role in stimulated LTB4 synthesis. These data indicate that PLA2 plays a direct role in human AM LT synthesis; both the cytosolic and secretory forms contribute to LT synthesis; PLA2 appears to have a more limited role in PAF synthesis, although it mediates the synergistic effect of PMA, probably via sPLA2; and CoAl-TA contributes to PAF synthesis during PLA2 inhibition. With the exception of the greater role for cPLA2 in stimulated LTB4 synthesis in the patients with asthma, the contributions of PLA2 and CoAl-TA to AM LT and PAF synthesis appear to be similar in normal subjects and patients with asthma.

ST leukotriene platelet activating factor alveolar macrophage; phospholipase
 leukotriene PAF alveolar macrophage

IT Macrophage
 (alveolar; phospholipase A2 in regulation of leukotriene and
 platelet-activating factor synthesis in human alveolar macrophages)

IT Lung
 (macrophage; phospholipase A2 in regulation of leukotriene and
 platelet-activating factor synthesis in human alveolar macrophages)

IT Asthma
 (phospholipase A2 in regulation of leukotriene and platelet-activating
 factor synthesis in human alveolar macrophages)

IT Lysophosphatidylcholines
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
 (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (phospholipase A2 in regulation of leukotriene and platelet-activating
 factor synthesis in human alveolar macrophages)

IT Leukotrienes
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MFM
 (Metabolic formation); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation,
 nonpreparative); PROC (Process)
 (phospholipase A2 in regulation of leukotriene and platelet-activating
 factor synthesis in human alveolar macrophages)

IT 9001-84-7, Phospholipase A2
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
 study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (cytosolic and secretory; phospholipase A2 in regulation of leukotriene

- and platelet-activating factor synthesis in human alveolar macrophages)
- IT 7440-70-2, Calcium, biological studies 16561-29-8, Phorbol myristate acetate 102347-79-5, CoA-independent transacylase
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(phospholipase A2 in regulation of leukotriene and platelet-activating factor synthesis in human alveolar macrophages)
- IT 506-32-1, Arachidonic acid
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(phospholipase A2 in regulation of leukotriene and platelet-activating factor synthesis in human alveolar macrophages)
- IT 65154-06-5, Blood platelet-activating factor 71160-24-2, LTB4
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MFM (Metabolic formation); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PROC (Process)
(phospholipase A2 in regulation of leukotriene and platelet-activating factor synthesis in human alveolar macrophages)

RE.CNT 51 THERE ARE 51 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
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L86 ANSWER 6 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

AN 1983:78162 HCAPLUS

DN 98:78162

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

TI Nasal administration of narcotic antagonists and analgesics.

IN Hussain, Anwar Alwan

PA University of Kentucky Research Foundation, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 36 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC A61K031-40; A61K031-47; A61K031-485

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

Section cross-reference(s): 1

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 8203768	A1	19821111	WO 1982-US546	19820427
	W: AU, DK, JP, NO				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, LU, NL, SE				
	US 4464378	A	19840807	US 1981-258308	19810428 <--
	AU 8285247	A1	19821124	AU 1982-85247	19820427
	EP 77393	A1	19830427	EP 1982-901764	19820427
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, LI, LU, NL, SE				
	CA 1183778	A1	19850312	CA 1982-401775	19820427
PRAI	US 1981-258308		19810428		
	WO 1982-US546		19820427		

AB Narcotic antagonists, narcotic analgesics, and related compds. can be administered in nasal dosage forms, e.g., solns., suspensions, gels, and ointments, which provide greatly enhanced bioavailability as compared to oral, i.m., s.c., and i.v. dosage forms. Thus, 1 g naloxone-HCl [357-08-4] was dissolved in 80 mL distilled H₂O and the pH was adjusted to 7.4 with dilute NaOH solution H₂O was added to 100 mL, and the solution was

made

isotonic with NaCl solution The solution was sterilized by filtration through

a

0.2 μ Millipore filter; the formulation contained 1 mg naloxone-HCl/0.1 mL. The absorption of naloxone [465-65-6] by the nasal route was as effective as that by the i.v. route and the nasal bioavailability was 70-fold the oral bioavailability in rats.

ST narcotic antagonist analgesic nose

IT Nose

(narcotic antagonists and narcotic analgesics absorption by)

IT Narcotic antagonists

(nasal dosage forms of, for enhanced bioavailability)

IT Analgesics

(narcotic, nasal dosage forms of, for enhanced bioavailability)

IT 465-65-6

RL: PROC (Process)

(bioavailability of, from nasal dosage forms)

IT 57-29-4 62-67-9 64-31-3 71-68-1 71-82-9 124-92-5 127-35-5

152-02-3 314-19-2 357-07-3 357-08-4 359-83-1 1041-90-3

1239-04-9 1972-08-3 3572-80-3 13956-29-1 16590-41-3 17146-95-1

20594-83-6 23277-43-2 42408-82-2 52485-79-7 53152-21-9

58786-99-5 66429-56-9 71048-87-8 84666-77-3 84666-78-4
84666-79-5 84666-80-8 84666-81-9 84666-82-0 84697-43-8
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(nasal dosage forms of, for enhanced bioavailability)

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MOST RECENT DERWENT UPDATE: 200379 <200379/DW>
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/BIX is also provided which comprises both /BI and /ABEX <<<

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L123 ANSWER 1 OF 3 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON DERWENT on STN

AN 2002-328609 [36] WPIX

CR 2002-049390 [06]

DNC C2002-094885

TI Use of **anandamide** and structurally related lipids in the
treatment of disease of symptoms associated with abnormal activity of at
least one vanilloid receptor.

DC B05

IN HOGESTATT, E; ZYGMUNT, P

PA (HOGE-I) HOGESTATT E; (ZYGM-I) ZYGMUNT P

CYC 1

PI US 2002019444 A1 20020214 (200236)* 33p A61K031-55

ADT US 2002019444 A1 CIP of US 2000-567034 20000508, US 2001-849972 20010508

PRAI US 2001-849972 20010508; US 2000-567034 20000508

IC ICM A61K031-55

ICS A61K031-16; A61K031-404; A61K031-47

AB US2002019444 A UPAB: 20030204

NOVELTY - Treatment of a disease or a symptom associated with abnormal
activity of at least one vanilloid receptor involves administration of a
compound (A) that is structurally related to **anandamide**,
AM404, 1-arachidonylglycerol or 2-arachidonylglycerol.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - Treatment of a disease or a symptom associated
with abnormal activity of at least one vanilloid receptor involves
administration of a compound (A) is of formula A-B-C' (I) or D-E-C' (II).
(A) is structurally related to **anandamide**, **AM404**,
1-arachidonylglycerol or 2-arachidonylglycerol.

A = R1-(CH2)n-(CH)n1(R3)-, R1-CH2-CH(R2)-(CH2)n2-(CH)n1(R3)-, R1-CH2-CH(-CH2-R2)-(CH2)n2-(CH)n1(R3)- or group of formula (i), (ii) or (iii);

n = 0 - 8;

n1 = 0 - 1;

n2 = 0 - 6;

R1 = -OH, -CH2OH, -C2H5OH, 1-3C alkoxy, -CH2OCH3, --C2H5OCH3, -OCH2OH, OC2H4OH, OCH2OCH3, OC2H4OCH3, -SH, -CH2SH, -C2H5SH, -SCH3, -SC2H5, -CH2SCH3, -C2H5SCH3, -NO2, -OCH2NH2, -OC2H5NH2, Cl, F, Br, or I;

R2 = H or R1;

R3 = -H, -CH3, -C2H5 or CF3;

R4 = -(CH2)n3-CH-;

R5 = =C- or =CH(CH2)n4CH-;

n3 = 0 - 4;

n4 = 0 - 3;

B = -NHC'(O)-, -NHC'(S)-, -NHC'(O)NH-, NHS(O)-, -C'(O)O-, -C'(O)S-, -C'(S)O-, -NHS-, -C'(O)NH-, -C'(S)NH-, -NHC'(S)NH-, -S(O)NH-, -OC'(O)-, -SC'(O)-, -OC'(S)- or -SNH-;

C' = unsaturated, straight to branched 6-24C (preferably 12-22C) hydrocarbon chain or at least one double bond;

D = group of formula (iv) or (v);

n5 = 1 - 3;

E = -C(O)-, -C(S)-, -C(O)NH-, -C(S)NH-, -S(O)-, -S-, -O-, -C(O)O-, -C(O)S-, -OC(O)- or -C(S)O-.

provided that R2 is not H when R1 is alkoxy. Any hydroxy group of R1 and R2 is optionally protected by a metabolically deprotectable protecting group to provide -OH in situ.

INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are included for the following:

(1) developing (a) agonists and antagonists of a vanilloid receptor involving obtaining (A) and testing the compound for its ability to modulate the activity of at least one vanilloid receptor. The modulation of activity indicates that the compound is agonist or antagonist of vanilloid receptor;

(2) a composition comprising (A); and

(3) a kit containing (A).

ACTIVITY - Antiinflammatory; analgesic; antiallergic; immunosuppressive; antiasthmatic; antiarthritic; antipsoriatic; antimigrain; antiarteriosclerotic; antiulcer; cerebroprotective; antitumor; antiviral; antibacterial; vulnerary; dermatological; antirheumatic; osteopathic; **antitussive**; antianginal; cerebroprotective.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - Vanilloid receptor modulator and activator.

AM404 induced concentration-dependent relaxation in hepatic arteries of the rat was calculated. The pEC50 and Emax values were 7.4 plus or minus 0.1 and 97 plus or minus 2% respectively.

USE - For treating an individual suffering from or suspected of having a high risk of developing at least one disease or disorder or a symptom of the disease or disorder associated with abnormal activity of at least one vanilloid receptor, e.g. inflammation (e.g. neurogenic inflammation, bronchial asthma, arthritis, inflammatory bowel disease, gout, allergic, vasomotor rhinitis, eczema, urticaria or hives, psoriasis), pain (e.g. nociceptive pain, neurogenic pain, postherpetic neuralgia, pain associated with diabetic neuropath, pain associated with osteoarthritis, pain associated with Gillain-Barres disease, headache (e.g. migraine, Horton's headache), itching), allergy and autoimmune disease (e.g. rheumatoid arthritis, conjunctivitis, rhinitis and inflammatory bowel disease), organ dysfunction (e.g. osteoarthritis, nasopharyngeal adenoids, atherosclerosis, urge in continence or bladder hyper-reactivity, **cough**, gastroduodenal ulcer, mucosal damage in the gastrointestinal tract, emesis, myocardial infarction, unstable angina, septic shock, hemorrhage shock, cardiac shock, cerebral vasospasm after subarachnoid hemorrhage, stroke, benign and malignant tumors), and wounds, infection by bacterium virus (e.g. herpes virus) and parasite (all

claimed) in medical, pharmaceutical and scientific fields.

ADVANTAGE - (A) is an endogenous ligand for vanilloid receptors, modulates the activity of vanilloid receptors on primary sensory nerves and provides a molecular mechanism for the non-cannabinoid-1 (CB1) receptor-mediated vasodilator action of **anandamide**. The method can be performed both in vivo and in vitro.

Dwg.0/7

FS CPI

FA AB; GI; DCN

MC CPI: B04-B01B; B06-D01; B10-B04; B10-D03; B10-E04C; B11-C10A; B14-A01; B14-A02; B14-C01; B14-C02; B14-C03; B14-C06; B14-C09; B14-E05; B14-E08; B14-E10; B14-E10C; B14-F01; B14-F02; B14-F07; B14-F08; B14-G02; B14-G02A; B14-H01; B14-J01; B14-J05D; B14-K01; B14-K01A; **B14-K01B**; B14-L01; B14-L06; B14-N01; B14-N03; B14-N04; B14-N05; B14-N07; B14-N07D; B14-N16; B14-N17; B14-N17B; B14-N17C; B14-S06; B14-S07

TECH UPTX: 20030204

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred Method: The agonists and antagonists are obtained by chemical synthesis or from biologically produced mixtures. (a) is performed in vitro using cells expressing a recombinant VR1 receptor and is high throughput screening method. Preferred Composition: The composition further comprises a drug. Preferred Kit: The kit further contains compounds, solutions and equipment for administration of (A).

ABEX UPTX: 20030204

WIDER DISCLOSURE - Also disclosed are: (a) dilating or constricting vascular tissue including arteries, veins, and capillaries modulating the activity of the vanilloid receptor involving administering (A) to the individual.

ADMINISTRATION - (A) is administered by contacting skin or a mucous membrane or injection locally, epidurally or spinally (claimed).

EXAMPLE - No relevant example given.

L123 ANSWER 2 OF 3 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON DERWENT on STN

AN 2002-083060 [11] WPIX

DNN N2002-061882 DNC C2002-025197

TI New method of treating **cough** involves the use of a cannabinoid compound.

DC B05 P34

IN PIOMELLI, D

PA (REGC) UNIV CALIFORNIA; (PIOM-I) PIOMELLI D

CYC 96

PI WO 2001089589 A1 20011129 (200211)* EN 63p A61L009-04

RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ
NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TR TZ UG ZW

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LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD
SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW

AU 2001064930 A 20011203 (200221) A61L009-04

US 2002035150 A1 20020321 (200224) A61K031-22

EP 1294411 A1 20030326 (200323) EN A61L009-04

R: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT
RO SE SI TR

CN 1438900 A 20030827 (200375) A61L009-04

ADT WO 2001089589 A1 WO 2001-US16880 20010523; AU 2001064930 A AU 2001-64930
20010523; US 2002035150 A1 Provisional US 2000-206591P 20000523, US
2001-864920 20010523; EP 1294411 A1 EP 2001-939408 20010523, WO
2001-US16880 20010523; CN 1438900 A CN 2001-811452 20010523

FDT AU 2001064930 A Based on WO 2001089589; EP 1294411 A1 Based on WO
2001089589

PRAI US 2000-206591P 20000523; US 2001-864920 20010523

IC ICM A61K031-22; A61L009-04

ICS A61K031-13; A61K031-135; A61K031-16; A61K031-23

AB WO 200189589 A UPAB: 20020215

NOVELTY - Amelioration of **cough** involves the local administration of a cannabinoid compound to the upper respiratory airways of a subject.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - Amelioration of **cough** involves the local administration of a cannabinoid compound of formula $R-C(=O)-X-(C)_n(R_3)(R_4)-R_2$ (I) to the upper respiratory airways of a subject.

X = N-R1 or O;

R = optionally saturated, optionally chiral, optionally cyclic and optionally substituted 11-29C hydrocarbyl group and comprises 1-6 oxygen or sulfur atoms;

R1, R3 and R4 = H, 1-4C alkyl, 2-4C alkenyl, 2-4C alkynyl, 3-6C cycloalkyl or 2-4C hydroxyalkyl group;

R2 = OH or -O-CO-1-4Calkyl;

n = 2 -4.

INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following: (1) ameliorating **cough** involving administering an inhibitor of endogenous cannabinoid inactivation of $R'-C(=O)-NH-R'_2$ (II) or $R'_1-X'-R'_2$ (III)

R' = polyunsaturated and optionally saturated 18-22C hydrocarbyl;

R'_2 = optionally substituted 3-6C cycloalkyl or optionally substituted phenyl selected from para-hydroxyphenyl or para-hydroxy-ortho-methyl-phenyl;

R'_1 = saturated or polyunsaturated and optionally substituted 6-22C hydrocarbyl;

X' = -C=O or SO₂;

R2 = halogen or halogen-substituted methyl group.

ACTIVITY - **Antitussive**.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - Inhibitor of endogenous cannabinoid inactivation; cannabinoid receptor agonist.

USE - For ameliorating **cough** and selectively activating CB1 cannabinoid receptors of the upper respiratory airways of patients in need of such treatment and whose vagal control of airway responsiveness is functional (claimed). The cause of the **cough** can be persisting dry **cough** resulting from airway irritation and/or infection, angiotensin converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitors-induced **cough** and cancer-induced **cough**.

ADVANTAGE - The compound is sensitive to metabolic inactivation by transport or hydrolysis, causing clinically insignificant systemic side effects. The compound inhibits **cough** initiation and/or signaling from the upper airways to the central nervous system, thus resulting in the peripheral inhibition of **cough** signaling and produces, at most, clinically insignificant side effects, produces anti-tussive effects devoid of bronchial constriction. The composition containing the compound short-circuits the intracellular signaling cascade initiating **cough** by activating CB1 cannabinoid receptors found in the upper airways of mammals, thus regulating **cough** signaling at the periphery by the activation of local CB1 cannabinoid receptors. Thus the composition achieves the superior desired anti-tussive effects without the dysphoric side effects and habit-forming properties characteristic of centrally acting cannabimimetic or opiate drugs.

Dwg.0/7

FS CPI GMPI

FA AB; DCN

MC CPI: B10-A09C; B10-D03; B10-E04D; B10-F02; B10-G02; B14-K01B; B14-L01

TECH UPTX: 20020215

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Compound: The compound of formula (I) is $R_5-C(=O)-NH-(C)_n(R_3)(R_4)-R_2$ or $R'_5-C(=O)-(C)_n(R_3)(R_4)-R_2$

R5 = T comprising 1-3 oxygen or sulfur atoms;
 T = optionally saturated or optionally substituted 15-29C hydrocarbyl;
 R'5 = T comprising 1-3 oxygen atoms.

ABEX UPTX: 20020215

SPECIFIC COMPOUNDS - **Arachidonylethanolamine** (anandamide),
 (R)-(+)-arachidonyl-1'-hydroxy-2'-propylamide, cis-7,10,13,16-
 docosatetraenoylethanolamide, homo-delta-linoleyethanolamide and N-propyl-
arachidonylethanolamide are specifically claimed as (I).
 4-(Hydroxyphenyl)-arachidonylamide is specifically claimed as (II).
 Palmitylsulfonylfluoride and **arachidonyltrifluoromethylketone**
 are specifically claimed as (III).

ADMINISTRATION - The pharmaceutical composition containing (I), (II) or
 (III) can be administered parenterally, intravenously, topically, orally,
 by systemically or by local administration such as aerosol or
 transdermally.

EXAMPLE - No relevant example given.

DEFINITIONS - Preferred Definitions:

R2 = OH;

X = N-H.

R2 and X combine through the carbonyl group to form a heterocyclic ring
 structure selected from oxazolidinone ring or a morpholine ring.

L123 ANSWER 3 OF 3 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON DERWENT on STN

AN 2002-049390 [06] WPIX

DNC C2002-013923

TI Use of **anandamide** and related lipids as vanilloid receptor
 modulators, for treating e.g. inflammation, pain, allergy, autoimmune
 disease, organ dysfunction, infection and wounds.

DC B02 B05

IN HOGESTATT, E; ZYGMUNT, P

PA (FORS-N) FORSKARPATENT I SYD AB

CYC 96

PI WO 2001085158 A2 20011115 (200206)* EN 107p A61K031-16

RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ
 NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TR TZ UG ZW

W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK
 DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR
 KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU
 SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW

AU 2001069375 A 20011120 (200219) A61K031-16

ADT WO 2001085158 A2 WO 2001-IB1267 20010508; AU 2001069375 A AU 2001-69375
 20010508

FDT AU 2001069375 A Based on WO 2001085158

PRAI US 2000-567034 20000508

IC ICM A61K031-16

ICS A61K031-167; A61K031-232

AB WO 200185158 A UPAB: 20020610

NOVELTY - The use of lipids (I) and (II) structurally-related to
anandamide (**arachidonylethanolamide**), **AM404** or
 1- or 2-arachidonylglycerol as vanilloid receptor modulators for treating
 a disease or disorder or a symptom of a disease or disorder associated
 with abnormal activity of a vanilloid receptor is new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - The use of lipids of formula (I) and (II)
 which are structurally-related to **anandamide** (**arachidonylethanolamide**), **AM404** (N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-
 5,8,11,14 eicosatetraenamide), or 1- or 2-arachidonylglycerol as vanilloid
 receptor modulators for treating a disease or disorder or a symptom of a
 disease or disorder associated with abnormal activity of a vanilloid
 receptor is new.

A = R1-(CH2)m-(CH(R3))n-, R1-CH2-CH(R2)-(CH2)p (CH(R3))n-,

R1-CH2-CH(CH2R2)-(CH2)p-(CH(R3))n-, or a group of formula (i)-(iii);

m = 0-8;

n = 0-1;

p = 0-6;

R1 = OH, CH2OH, -C2H5OH, 1-3C alkoxy, -CH2OCH3, -C2H5OCH3, OCH2OH, -OC2H4OH, -OCH2OCH3, -OC2H4OCH3, -SH, -CH2SH, C2H5SH, -SCH3, -SC2H5, -CH2SCH3, -C2H5SCH3, NO2, OCH2NH2, -OC2H5NH2, Cl, F, Br or I; where any hydroxy group is optionally protected;

R2 = H or as defined for R1; provided that R2 is not H when R1 is alkoxy;

R3 = H, Me, Et or CF3;

R4 = (CH2)qCH;

q = 0-4;

R5 = =C or =CH(CH2)sCH;

s = 03;

B = -NHC(O)-, -NHC(S)-, -NHC(O)NH-, -NHS(O)-, -C(O)O-, -C(O)S, C(S)O-, -NHS-, -C(O)NH-, -C(S)NH-, -NHC(S)NH-, -S(O)NH-, OC(O)-, -SC(O)-, -OC(S)- or -SNH-;

C = optionally unsaturated 624C hydrocarbon chain;

D = a group of formula (iv) or (v); and

t = 1 3.

INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are included for the following:

(a) a method of achieving analgesia by administering (I) or (II);

(b) a method of developing agonists and antagonists of a vanilloid receptor by obtaining a compound of formula (I) or (II) and testing for its ability to modulate the activity of at least 1 vanilloid receptor, where modulation of activity indicates that the tested compound is an agonist or antagonist of a vanilloid receptor;

(c) a composition comprising (I) or (II), and optionally a drug; and

(d) a kit comprising (I) or (II).

ACTIVITY - Antiinflammatory; antigout; antiallergic; dermatological; antipsoriatic; analgesic; antimigraine; antipruritic; antirheumatic; antiarthritic; osteopathic; antiarteriosclerotic; uropathic; **antitussive**; antiulcer; cardiant; antianginal; antibacterial; immunosuppressive; cerebroprotective; hemostatic; cytostatic; antibacterial; virucide; antiparasitic; vasodilator; antiasthmatic; ophthalmological; vulnerary; vasotropic.

AM404 induced concentration dependent relaxation in hepatic arteries of the rat. The pEC50 and Emax values were 7.4 plus or minus 0.1 and 97 plus or minus 2% respectively. Pre-treatment of preparations with capsaicin (10 mu M) abolished **AM404**-induced relaxations.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - (I) and (II) are vanilloid receptor modulators.

USE - For treating disorders, diseases and symptoms including inflammation, e.g. neurogenic inflammation, bronchial asthma, arthritis, inflammatory bowel disease, gout, allergic and vasomotor rhinitis, eczema, urticaria (hives) and psoriasis; pain, e.g. nociceptive pain, neurogenic pain, postherpetic pain, pain associated with diabetic neuropathy or chronic peripheral polyneuropathy, stump pain after amputation, postmastectomy pain syndrome, pain associated with osteoarthritis or Gillain-Barres disease, headache (such as migraine or Horton's headache) and itching; allergy or autoimmune disease, e.g. rheumatoid arthritis, conjunctivitis, rhinitis and inflammatory bowel disease; organ dysfunction, e.g. osteoarthritis, nasopharyngeal adenoids, bronchial asthma, atherosclerosis, urge incontinence or bladder hyper-reactivity, **cough**, gastroduodenal ulcer or other mucosal damage in the gastrointestinal tract, emesis, myocardial infarction, unstable angina, septic shock, hemorrhagic shock, cardiac shock, cerebral vasospasm after subarachnoid hemorrhage, stroke, and benign and malignant tumors; infection, including infection by a bacterium, virus (e.g. herpes virus) or parasite; and wounds.

Dwg.0/7

FS

CPI

FA

AB; GI; DCN

MC CPI: B06-D01; B06-D03; B06-D04; B10-A08; B10-A13A; B10-A13D; B10-B04;
 B10-D01; B10-D02; B10-D03; B10-E02; B10-E03; B10-E04; B10-G01;
 B10-G02; B14-A01; B14-A02; B14-A02A3; B14-A03; B14-A04; B14-C01;
 B14-C02; B14-C03; B14-C09; B14-E05; B14-E08; B14-E10; B14-E10C;
 B14-F01B; B14-F01D; B14-F02; B14-F07; B14-G02A; B14-G02D; B14-H01;
 B14-K01; B14-N03; B14-N04; B14-N09; B14-N10; B14-N12; B14-N13;
 B14-N15; B14-N16; B14-N17; B14-S05; B14-S06

TECH UPTX: 20020128

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Method of Developing Agonists and Antagonists: The agonists and antagonists are obtained by chemical synthesis or from biologically produced mixtures. The method is performed in vitro using cells expressing a recombinant VR1 receptor, and is preferably a high-throughput screening method.

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred Composition: A composition comprises **anandamide** or a structurally related lipid and optionally an antiinflammatory drug, pain reliever or antibiotic.

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - BIOLOGY - Preferred Receptor: The vanilloid receptor is vanilloid receptor 1 (VR1).

ABEX UPTX: 20020128

SPECIFIC COMPOUNDS - The use of 4 compounds is specifically disclosed, e.g. **anandamide** (Ia).

ADMINISTRATION - Administration is by local, epidural or spinal injection, or contact with skin or mucous membrane.

EXAMPLE - No preparative examples are included.

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:27:23 ON 11 DEC 2003)
 SET COST OFF

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:27:36 ON 11 DEC 2003

L1 1 S US20020035150/PN OR (WO2001-US16880 OR US2000-206591#)/AP, PRN
 E PIOMELLI D/AU
 L2 97 S E3,E4
 SEL RN
 SEL RN L1

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:28:55 ON 11 DEC 2003

L3 220 S E1-E220
 L4 8 S E221-E228
 L5 7 S L4 NOT UNSPECIFIED
 L6 212 S L3 NOT L4,L5
 L7 102 S L6 AND (N AND O)/ELS
 L8 STR
 L9 220 S L3,L4,L5
 L10 2 S L8 SAM SUB=L9
 L11 35 S L8 FUL SUB=L9
 L12 17 S L9 AND S/ELS
 L13 2 S L12 AND F/ELS
 L14 1 S L13 NOT C6/ES
 L15 2 S L5 NOT L11,L14
 L16 51 S L7 AND NR>=1 NOT L11-L15
 L17 46 S L16 NOT P/ELS
 L18 10 S L17 AND (C26H43NO3 OR C26H37NO2 OR C26H36CLNO OR C37H39NO OR
 L19 48 S L11,L14,L15,L18
 L20 16 S L3 AND (F OR CL OR BR OR I)/ELS NOT L19
 L21 2 S L3 AND NC2OC2/ES
 L22 1 S L21 AND 1/NR

L23 0 S L3 AND NCOC2/ES
L24 0 S L3 AND NC2OC3/ES
L25 48 S L19,L22
L26 172 S L9 NOT L25
L27 2 S L26 AND (C27H39NO OR C13H27NO2)
L28 50 S L25,L27
SAV L28 JAGOE864/A
SEL RN
L29 64 S E229-E278/CRN

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:17:12 ON 11 DEC 2003

L30 68 S L29
L31 924 S L5
L32 989 S L30,L31
L33 77 S AM374 OR AM404 OR AM356 OR AM() (374 OR 404 OR 356)
L34 116 S METHANANDAMIDE
L35 1109 S ANANDAMIDE OR BM162353 OR BM() (162353 OR 162 353) OR "L734575
L36 114 S ARACHIDONYL TRIFLUOROMETHYL KETONE OR ARACHIDONYL()TRIFLUOROM
L37 24 S ARACHIDONYLETHANOLAMINE OR ARACHIDONYL ETHANOLAMINE
L38 14 S AN20579 OR AN() (20579 OR 20 579) OR HEXADECANESULFONYL FLUORI
L39 32 S ARACHIDONYLTRIFLUOROMETHYL KETONE
L40 6 S REWOPOL SBC 212P
L41 152 S ARACHIDONYLETHANOLAMIDE OR ARACHIDONYL ETHANOLAMIDE
L42 1 S GEROPON SBL 203
L43 2 S N 2 HYDROXYETHYL ARACHIDONYLAMIDE
L44 3 S HYDROXYETHYL ARACHIDONYLAMIDE OR HYDROXYETHYLARACHIDONYLAMIDE
L45 1 S VARSULF SBL 203
L46 1428 S L32-L45
L47 3 S L46 AND ?COUGH?
E COUGH/CT
E E3+ALL
L48 789 S E4
E E5+ALL
L49 2098 S E5,E4
L50 2345 S E4,E5,E6/BI
L51 2922 S ?TUSSIV?
L52 4 S L46 AND L48-L51
L53 5 S L47,L52
E AIRWAY/CT
E E3+ALL
L54 17346 S E2
E E2+ALL
L55 145599 S E4+NT
E E33+ALL
L56 3601 S E3,E2+NT
E E12+ALL
L57 44513 S E4,E3+NT
E E32+ALL
L58 1298 S E5,E5+NT
E RESPIR/CT
E E46+ALL
E E2+ALL
L59 84716 S E4,E3+NT
L60 145599 S E264+NT
L61 44 S L46 AND L54-L60
L62 3 S L53 AND L51
L63 2 S L53 NOT L62
L64 5 S L62,L63
E RESPIRATORY TRACT/
E RESPIRATORY TRACT/CT
L65 6411 S E6-E18
E E6+ALL
L66 2513 S E2

E RESPIRATORY TRACT/CT
L67 17346 S E3
L68 699 S E34-E37
L69 7 S L46 AND L65-L68
L70 10 S L64,L69
L71 53 S L1,L2 AND L46
L72 2 S L71 AND L47-L70
L73 10 S L70,L72
L74 7 S L46 AND RESPIRATORY TRACT
L75 0 S L74 NOT L73
L76 10 S L73,L74
SEL HIT RN

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:37:16 ON 11 DEC 2003
L77 7 S E1-E7

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:37:38 ON 11 DEC 2003

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:37:45 ON 11 DEC 2003
L78 1 S DE PETROCELLIS ?/AU AND 2000/PY AND (108 AND 1 AND 191)/SO
L79 1 S SHAMSUDDIN ?/AU AND 1997/PY AND (130 AND 6 AND 615)/SO
L80 1 S STENGEL ?/AU AND 1998/PY AND (355 AND 57)/SO
L81 1 S SUGIURA ?/AU AND 2000/PY AND (108 AND 1 AND 89)/SO
L82 1 S ZHU ?/AU AND 1999/PY AND (163 AND 6 AND 3423)/SO
L83 1 S US4464378/PN
L84 6 S L78-L83
L85 4 S L84 AND L46
L86 6 S L84,L85

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 15:44:03 ON 11 DEC 2003
L87 1245 S L46
E COUGH/CT
E E3+ALL
L88 6265 S E8+NT
E E12+ALL
L89 1429 S E12
L90 190 S E11
E E68+ALL
L91 1506 S E7
E RESPIRATORY TRACT/
E RESPIRATORY TRACT/CT
L92 600503 S E6+NT
E E3+ALL
L93 250481 S E2+NT
L94 31 S L87 AND L88-L93
L95 14 S L94 AND PY<=2000

FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 15:48:34 ON 11 DEC 2003
L96 1356 S L46
L97 6 S L96 AND ?COUGH?
L98 1 S L96 AND ?TUSSIV?
L99 4 S L96 AND RESPIRATORY TRACT
E RESPIRATORY TRACT/CT
E E3+A
E E3+ALL
L100 28 S L96 AND E2+NT
L101 40 S L96 AND E4+NT
L102 9 S L96 AND E15+NT
L103 0 S L96 AND E17+NT
E COUGH/CT
E E3+ALL
L104 5 S L96 AND E2+NT
E E2+ALL

L105 14 S L97,L98,L102,L104 AND L96-L104
L106 5 S L105 AND PY<=2000

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 15:52:00 ON 11 DEC 2003

L107 1442 S L46
L108 809 S L107 AND PY<=2000
L109 1 S L108 AND ?COUGH?
L110 40 S L108 AND ?TUSSI?
L111 0 S L108 AND ?TUSSIV?
L112 0 S L110 NOT PERTUSS?

FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 15:55:08 ON 11 DEC 2003

L113 64 S L33/BIX OR L34/BIX OR L35/BIX OR L36/BIX OR L37/BIX OR L38/BI
E ANANDAMIDE/DCN
E ARACHIDONYLETHANOLAMINE/DCN
L114 4 S L113 AND ?COUGH?/BIX
L115 4 S L113 AND ?TUSSIV?/BIX
L116 4 S L113 AND (P821 OR P823)/M0,M1,M2,M3,M4,M5,M6
L117 6 S L113 AND P82?/M0,M1,M2,M3,M4,M5,M6 NOT L116
L118 343 S A61P011-14/IC,ICM,ICS,ICA,ICI
L119 0 S L113 AND L118
L120 1 S A61P011/IC,ICM,ICS,ICA,ICI AND L113
L121 3 S (B12-K01 OR C12-K01 OR B14-K01B OR C14-K01B)/MC AND L113
L122 10 S L114-L117,L120,L121
SEL DN AN 5 7 8
L123 3 S E1-E7 AND L122

FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 16:05:27 ON 11 DEC 2003

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FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:24:45 ON 13 FEB 2003
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=> d all hitstr tot 1125

L125 ANSWER 1 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS DUPLICATE 1
AN 2002:899402 HCAPLUS
TI **Anandamide** induces **cough** in conscious guinea-pigs
through VR1 receptors
AU Jia, Yanlin; McLeod, Robbie L.; Wang, Xin; Parra, Leonard E.; Egan, Robert
W.; Hey, John A.
CS Allergy, Schering-Plough Research Institute, Kenilworth, NJ, 07033, USA
SO British Journal of Pharmacology (2002), 137(6), 831-836
CODEN: BJPCBM; ISSN: 0007-1188
PB Nature Publishing Group
DT Journal
LA English
CC 1 (Pharmacology)
AB 1 Endogenous neuronal lipid mediator **anandamide**, which can be
synthesized in the lung, is a ligand of both **cannabinoid** (CB)
and **vanilloid** receptors (VR). The **tussigenic** effect of
anandamide has not been studied. The current study was designed
to test the direct **tussigenic** effect of **anandamide** in
conscious guinea-pigs, and its effect on VR1 receptor function in isolated
primary guinea-pig nodose ganglia neurons. 2 **Anandamide** (0.3 -
3 mg.cntdot.ml⁻¹), when given by aerosol, induced **cough** in
conscious guinea-pigs in a concn. dependent manner. When guinea-pigs were
pretreated with capsazepine, a VR1 antagonist, the **anandamide**
-induced **cough** was significantly inhibited. Pretreatment with
CB1 (SR 141716A) and CB2 (SR 144528) antagonists had no effect on
anandamide-induced **cough**. These results indicate that
anandamide-induced **cough** is mediated through the
activation of VR1 receptors. 3 **Anandamide** (10 - 100 .mu.M)
increased intracellular Ca²⁺ concn. estd. by Fluo-4 fluorescence change in
isolated guinea-pig nodose ganglia cells. The **anandamide**
-induced Ca²⁺ response was inhibited by two different VR1 antagonists:
capsazepine (1 .mu.M) and iodoresiniferatoxin (I-RTX, 0.1 .mu.M),
indicating that **anandamide**-induced Ca²⁺ response was through VR1
channel activation. In contrast, the CB1 (SR 141716A, 1 .mu.M) and CB2
(SR 144528, 0.1 .mu.M) receptor antagonists had no effect on Ca²⁺ response
to **anandamide**. 4 In conclusion, these results provide evidence
that **anandamide** activates native **vanilloid** receptors in isolated
guinea-pig nodose ganglia cells and induces **cough** through
activation of VR1 receptors.

RE.CNT 29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE

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L125 ANSWER 2 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS DUPLICATE 2

AN 2000:802719 HCAPLUS

DN 134:95328

TI Bidirectional control of **airway** responsiveness by endogenous **cannabinoids**

AU Calignano, A.; Katona, I.; Desarnaud, F.; Giuffrida, A.; La Rana, G.; Mackie, K.; Freund, T. F.; Piomelli, D.

CS Department of Pharmacology, University of Naples, Naples, 80131, Italy

SO Nature (London) (2000), 408(6808), 96-101

CODEN: NATUAS; ISSN: 0028-0836

PB Nature Publishing Group

DT Journal

LA English

CC 1-9 (Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 13

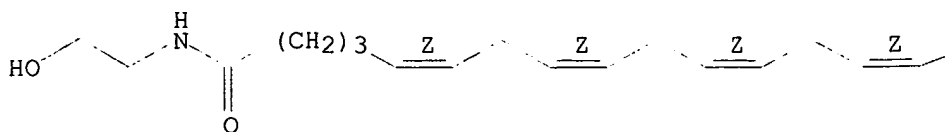
AB Smoking marijuana or administration of its main active constituent, **.DELTA.9-tetrahydrocannabinol** (**.DELTA.9-THC**), may exert potent dilating effects on human **airways**. But the physiological significance of this observation and its potential therapeutic value are obscured by the fact that some asthmatic patients respond to these compounds with a paradoxical **bronchospasm**. The mechanisms underlying these contrasting responses remain unresolved. Here we show that the endogenous **cannabinoid anandamide** exerts dual effects on **bronchial** responsiveness in rodents: it strongly inhibits **bronchospasm** and **cough** evoked by the chem. irritant, capsaicin, but causes **bronchospasm** when the constricting tone exerted by the vagus nerve is removed. Both effects are mediated through peripheral CB1 **cannabinoid** receptors found on axon terminals of **airway** nerves. Biochem. analyses indicate that **anandamide** is synthesized in lung tissue on calcium-ion stimulation, suggesting that locally generated **anandamide** participates in the intrinsic control of **airway** responsiveness. In support of this conclusion, the CB1 antagonist SR141716A enhances capsaicin-evoked **bronchospasm** and **cough**. Our results may account for the contrasting **bronchial** actions of **cannabis**-like drugs in humans, and provide a framework for the development of more selective **cannabinoid**-based agents for the treatment of **respiratory** pathologies.

ST **anandamide** **airway** bidirectional responsiveness

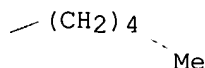
cannabinoid receptor
IT **Cannabinoid receptors**
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(CB1; bidirectional control of **airway** responsiveness by endogenous **cannabinoids**)
IT **Respiratory tract**
(bidirectional control of **airway** responsiveness by endogenous **cannabinoids**)
IT **94421-68-8, Anandamide**
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MFM (Metabolic formation); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)
(bidirectional control of **airway** responsiveness by endogenous **cannabinoids**)
RE.CNT 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE
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(28) Van Hoozen, B; Clin Rev Allergy Immunol 1997, V15, P243 MEDLINE
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IT **94421-68-8, Anandamide**
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MFM (Metabolic formation); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)
(bidirectional control of **airway** responsiveness by endogenous **cannabinoids**)
RN 94421-68-8 HCAPLUS
CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



Adams

L125 ANSWER 3 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS DUPLICATE 3
 AN 1998:511815 HCAPLUS
 DN 129:285829
 TI Pulmonary actions of **anandamide**, an endogenous
cannabinoid receptor agonist, in guinea pigs
 AU Stengel, Peter W.; Rippey, Marian K.; Cockerham, Sandra L.; Devane, William
 A.; Silbaugh, Steven A.
 CS Neuroscience Research, Lilly Research Laboratories, Eli Lilly, Lilly
 Corporate Center, Indianapolis, IN, USA
 SO European Journal of Pharmacology (1998), 355(1), 57-66
 CODEN: EJPHAZ; ISSN: 0014-2999
 PB Elsevier Science B.V.
 DT Journal
 LA English
 CC 1-9 (Pharmacology)
 AB **Anandamide** (arachidonylethanolamide) was tested for
bronchodilator and anti-inflammatory activities. Conscious guinea
 pigs were given cumulative i.v. doses of **anandamide** (1.0, 3.0,
 and 10.0 mg/kg) to assess its effect on dynamic compliance (Cdyn), total
 pulmonary resistance (RL), tidal vol. (VT) and breathing frequency (f).
 Other guinea pigs were exposed to an aerosol of A23187
 (6S-[6.alpha.(2S*,3S*),8.beta.(R*),9.beta.,11.alpha.]-5-(methylamino)-2-
 [[3,9,11-trimethyl-8-[1-methyl-2-oxo-2-(1H-pyrrol-2-yl)ethyl]-1,7-
 dioxaspiro[5.5]undec-2-yl)methyl]-4-benzoxazolecarboxylic acid) until Cdyn
 decreased by 50% (.apprx.5 min) and at 20 min, cumulative i.v. doses of
anandamide (1.0, 3.0, and 10.0 mg/kg) were administered and
 reversal of Cdyn examd. After the final dose of **anandamide**, the
 animals were killed and excised lung gas vols. (ELGV), i.e., pulmonary gas
 trapping, measured. Other animals were treated i.v. with
anandamide (10.0 mg/kg), exposed to an aerosol of A23187 until
 labored breathing began, and then killed 1 h later. **Anandamide**
 did not significantly affect Cdyn, RL, VT and f. ELGV values of
anandamide-treated guinea pigs were not different from those of
 vehicle-treated animals. **Anandamide** failed to reverse
 A23187-induced decreases in Cdyn and to reduce A23187-assocd. ELGV
 increases. Also, it did not prevent the prolonged **airway**
 obstruction caused by A23187. Histol. evaluation revealed that
anandamide significantly reduced A23187-related **airway**
 epithelial injury and pulmonary leukocytosis. However, it did not prevent
 A23187-induced **peribronchiolar** granulocytic accumulation. Our
 results suggest that in vivo **anandamide** has minimal direct
airway smooth muscle-related actions, however it may possess
 modest anti-inflammatory properties.
 ST lung injury A23187 **anandamide**
 IT **Respiratory tract**

(epithelium, A23187-induced injury; pulmonary actions of
anandamide in guinea pigs with A23187-induced injury)

IT Anti-inflammatory agents
Lung
(pulmonary actions of **anandamide** in guinea pigs with
A23187-induced injury)

IT **94421-68-8, Anandamide**
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(pulmonary actions of **anandamide** in guinea pigs with
A23187-induced injury)

RE.CNT 38 THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

RE

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(26) Silbaugh, S; J Toxicol Environ Health 1981, V7, P339 HCAPLUS
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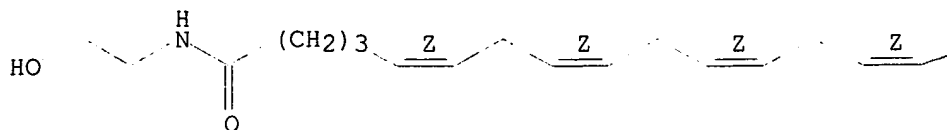
IT **94421-68-8, Anandamide**
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(pulmonary actions of **anandamide** in guinea pigs with
A23187-induced injury)

RN 94421-68-8 HCAPLUS

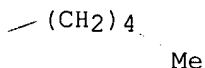
CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



L125 ANSWER 4 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 AN 2001:868275 HCAPLUS
 DN 136:648
 TI Cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of cough
 without psychoactive effects
 IN Piomelli, Daniele
 PA The Regents of the University of California, USA
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 63 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 IC ICM A61L009-04
 ICS A61K031-135; A61K031-13
 CC 1-9 (Pharmacology)
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001089589	A1	20011129	WO 2001-US16880	20010523 <--
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
US 2002035150	A1	20020321	US 2001-864920	20010523 <--
PRAI US 2000-206591P	P	20000523		
OS MARPAT 136:648				
AB	The invention discloses the existence of cannabinoid receptors in the airways , which are functionally linked to inhibition of cough . A method of ameliorating cough comprising the local administration to the upper respiratory airways of a subject in need of such treatment of cannabinoid compds. e.g. RC(O)X[C(R3)(R4)]nR2 where [X=NR1,O; R = (un)satd., (a)chiral, (a)cyclic, (un)substituted, C11-29 hydrocarbyl; R1, R3, R4 = C1-4 alkyl, C2-4 alkenyl, C2-4 alkynyl, C3-6 cycloalkyl, C2-4 hydroxyalkyl; R2=OH, OC(O)(C1-4 alkyl); n=2-4]. Locally acting cannabinoid agents can be administered to the airways of a subject to ameliorate cough , without causing the psychoactive effects characteristic of systemically administered cannabinoids . In addn., locally or systemically administered cannabinoid inactivation inhibitors can also be used to ameliorate cough . The present invention also defines conditions under which cannabinoid agents can be			

administered to produce **anti-tussive** effects devoid of **bronchial** constriction.

ST **cannabinoid** receptor agonist **antitussive** cough
bronchial constriction

IT Drug delivery systems
(aerosols; **cannabinoid** receptor agonists for treatment of cough without psychoactive effects)

IT **Bronchi**
(**bronchoconstriction**; **cannabinoid** receptor agonists for treatment of cough without psychoactive effects)

IT **Antitussives**
(**cannabinoid** receptor agonists for treatment of cough without psychoactive effects)

IT Neoplasm
(induced cough; **cannabinoid** receptor agonists for treatment of cough without psychoactive effects)

IT Drug delivery systems
(injections, i.v.; **cannabinoid** receptor agonists for treatment of cough without psychoactive effects)

IT Drug delivery systems
(local; **cannabinoid** receptor agonists for treatment of cough without psychoactive effects)

IT Drug delivery systems
(oral; **cannabinoid** receptor agonists for treatment of cough without psychoactive effects)

IT **Cannabinoid receptors**
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(**type CB1**; **cannabinoid** receptor agonists for treatment of cough without psychoactive effects)

IT **Respiratory tract**
(upper; **cannabinoid** receptor agonists for treatment of cough without psychoactive effects)

IT 86855-26-7, 1-Hexadecanesulfonyl fluoride 94421-68-8, Anandamide 149301-79-1 150314-35-5 157182-49-5 183718-77-6 187223-90-1
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (**Therapeutic use**); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(**cannabinoid** receptor agonists for treatment of cough without psychoactive effects)

IT 9015-82-1, ACE
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(inhibitor-induced cough; **cannabinoid** receptor agonists for treatment of cough without psychoactive effects)

RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

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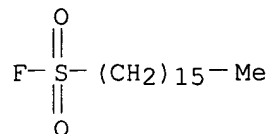
(5) Sugiura; Chemistry and Physics of Lipids 2000, V108(1-2), P89 HCAPLUS

(6) Zhu; Journal of Immunology 1999, V163(6), P3423 HCAPLUS

IT 86855-26-7, 1-Hexadecanesulfonyl fluoride 94421-68-8, Anandamide 149301-79-1 150314-35-5 157182-49-5 183718-77-6 187223-90-1
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (**Therapeutic use**); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(**cannabinoid** receptor agonists for treatment of cough without psychoactive effects)

RN 86855-26-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Hexadecanesulfonyl fluoride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

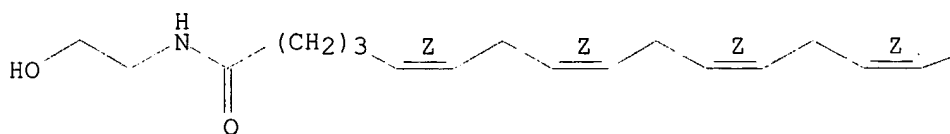


RN 94421-68-8 HCAPLUS

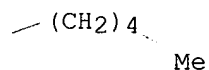
CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



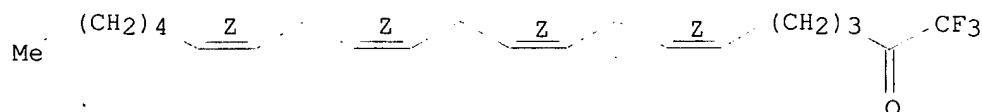
PAGE 1-B



RN 149301-79-1 HCAPLUS

CN 6,9,12,15-Heneicosatetraen-2-one, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, (6Z,9Z,12Z,15Z)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 150314-35-5 HCAPLUS

CN 7,10,13,16-Docosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (7Z,10Z,13Z,16Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



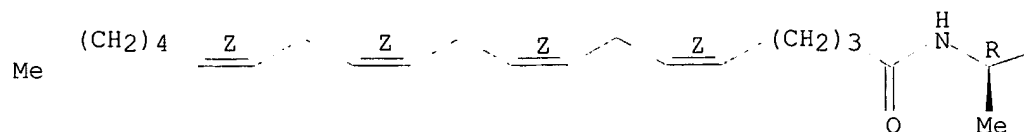
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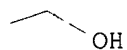
RN 157182-49-5 HCAPLUS
 CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-[(1R)-2-hydroxy-1-methylethyl]-,
 (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).
 Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



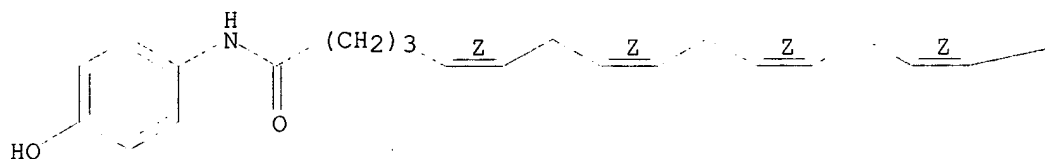
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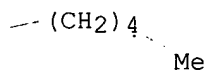
RN 183718-77-6 HCAPLUS
 CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



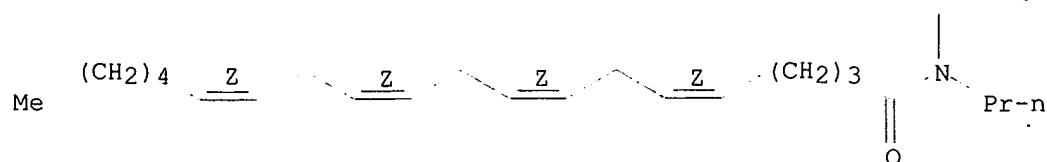
PAGE 1-B



RN 187223-90-1 HCAPLUS
 CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-propyl-,
 (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

OH

L125 ANSWER 5 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 2001:833079 HCAPLUS

DN 135:352838

TI **Anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators

IN Hogestatt, Edward; Zygmunt, Peter

PA Forskarpatent I Syd AB, Swed.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 107 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K031-16

ICS A61K031-167; A61K031-232

CC 1-12 (Pharmacology)

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2001085158	A2	20011115	WO 2001-IB1267	20010508
	WO 2001085158	A3	20020613		
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				

PRAI US 2000-567034 A 20000508

OS MARPAT 135:352838

AB The invention discloses that **anandamide** is an endogenous ligand for vanilloid receptors, and esp. the vanilloid receptor VR1. Other structurally related lipids, such as **AM404**, 1-arachidonylglycerol, and 2-arachidonylglycerol, are identified having vanilloid receptor activity as well. Methods of treating individuals suffering from, or at risk of suffering from, diseases and disorders assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function are provided, as are methods of designing and identifying vanilloid receptor agonists and antagonists.

ST **anandamide** lipid analog vanilloid receptor modulator

IT Nervous system

(Guillain-Barre syndrome, treatment of pain assocd. with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

- IT Capsaicin receptors
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(VR1 (vanilloid receptor 1); **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT **Nose**
(allergic rhinitis; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT **Leg**
(amputation, treatment of pain assocd. with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Allergy inhibitors
Analgesics
Anti-inflammatory agents
Antiarthritics
Antiasthmatics
Antiemetics
Antimigraine agents
Antirheumatic agents
Antitumor agents
Antitussives
Antiulcer agents
Autoimmune disease
Drug delivery systems
Eczema
Gout
Infection
Pain
Psoriasis
Urticaria
Wound healing promoters
(**anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Capsaicin receptors
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(**anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT **Heart, disease**
(angina pectoris, unstable; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT **Antiartherosclerotics**
(antiatherosclerotics; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT **Infection**
(bacterial; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT **Shock (circulatory collapse)**
(cardiogenic; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT **Brain, disease**

- (cerebrum, vasospasm, from subarachnoid hemorrhage; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Headache
(cluster, treatment of pain assocd. with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Eye, disease
(conjunctivitis; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Digestive tract
(disease, mucosal damage; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Organ, animal
(disease; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Shock (circulatory collapse)
(hemorrhagic; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Bladder
(incontinence; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Heart, disease
(infarction; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Human herpesvirus
(infection; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Intestine, disease
(inflammatory; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Mammary gland
Surgery
(mastectomy, treatment of pain assocd. with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Pharynx
(nasopharynx, adenoids; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Adenoid
(nasopharynx; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nerve, disease
(neuralgia; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Inflammation
(neurogenic; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

- IT Pain
(nociceptive; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Infection
(parasite; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nerve, disease
(peripheral neuropathy, treatment of pain assocd. with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nerve, disease
(polyneuropathy, chronic peripheral, treatment of pain assocd. with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nose
(rhinitis, vasomotor; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nose
(rhinitis; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Shock (circulatory collapse)
(septic; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Brain, disease
(stroke; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Meninges
(subarachnoid hemorrhage, cerebral vasospasm from; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Headache
Osteoarthritis
Pruritus
(treatment of pain assocd. with; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Infection
(viral; **anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT 35474-99-8 53847-30-6, 2-Arachidonylglycerol 94421-68-8, **Anandamide** 183718-77-6, AM 404
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); **THU (Therapeutic use)**; BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(**anandamide** and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT 94421-68-8, **Anandamide** 183718-77-6, AM 404
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); **THU (Therapeutic use)**; BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

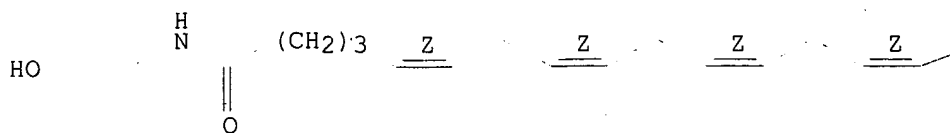
(anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

RN 94421-68-8 HCAPLUS

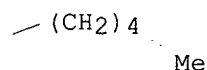
CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

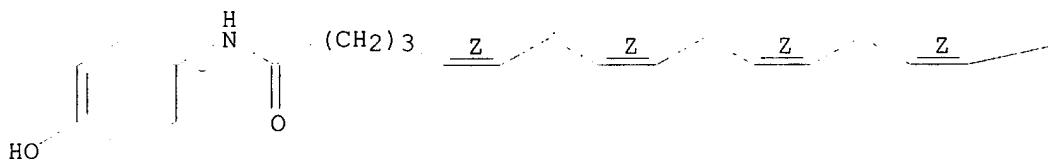


RN 183718-77-6 HCAPLUS

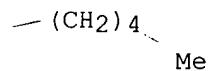
CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



L125 ANSWER 6 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 2001:216437 HCAPLUS

DN 135:28940

TI The endogenous **cannabinoid** agonist, **anandamide** stimulates sensory nerves in guinea-pig **airways**

AU Tucker, R. C.; Kagaya, M.; Page, C. P.; Spina, D.

CS The Sackler Institute of Pulmonary Pharmacology, Division of Pharmacology and Therapeutics, GKT School of Biomedical Sciences, King's College London, London, SE1 9RT, UK

SO British Journal of Pharmacology (2001), 132(5), 1127-1135
CODEN: BJPCBM; ISSN: 0007-1188

PB Nature Publishing Group

DT Journal

LA English

- CC 1-11 (Pharmacology)
Section cross-reference(s): 2, 13
- AB The endogenous **cannabinoid** agonist, **anandamide** produced a modest contractile response in guinea-pig isolated **bronchus** compared with the vanilloid receptor agonist capsaicin. The contractile response to both **anandamide** and capsaicin was inhibited by the vanilloid receptor antagonist, capsazepine. Furthermore, the NK2-selective antagonist, SR48968 but not the NK1-selective antagonist, SR140333 inhibited contractile responses to **anandamide**. The contractile response to **anandamide** was abolished in tissues desensitized by capsaicin. However, **anandamide** failed to cross-desensitize the contractile response to capsaicin. The contractile response to **anandamide** was not significantly altered in the presence of the CB1 receptor antagonist, SR141716A, nor the amidase inhibitor, phenylmethylsulfonyl fluoride (PMSF) but was significantly increased in the presence of the neutral endopeptidase inhibitor, thiorphan. The **cannabinoid** agonist, CP55,940 failed to significantly attenuate the excitatory non-adrenergic non-cholinergic (eNANC) response in guinea-pig **airways**. In contrast, the ORL1 receptor agonist, nociceptin, significantly inhibited this response. The results demonstrate that **anandamide** induces a modest contractile response in guinea-pig isolated **bronchus** that is dependent upon the activation of vanilloid receptors on **airway** sensory nerves. However, **cannabinoid** receptors do not appear to play a role in this regard, nor in regulating the release of neuropeptides from **airway** sensory nerves under physiol. conditions.
- ST **anandamide** vanilloid receptor sensory nerve **bronchus** contraction; endopeptidase NK2 tachykinin receptor **anandamide** **bronchus** contraction; ORL1 opioid receptor nonadrenergic noncholinergic neuromuscular transmission **bronchus** contraction
- IT Tachykinin receptors
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(NK2; endogenous **cannabinoid** agonist **anandamide** in stimulation of contractile response in guinea-pig isolated **bronchus** dependent on activation of vanilloid receptors on **airway** sensory nerves in relation to)
- IT Opioid receptors
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(ORL1; endogenous **cannabinoid** agonist **anandamide** in stimulation of contractile response in guinea-pig isolated **bronchus** dependent on activation of vanilloid receptors on **airway** sensory nerves in relation to)
- IT **Bronchi**
Muscle contraction
(endogenous **cannabinoid** agonist **anandamide** in stimulation of contractile response in guinea-pig isolated **bronchus** dependent on activation of vanilloid receptors on **airway** sensory nerves)
- IT Capsaicin receptors
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(endogenous **cannabinoid** agonist **anandamide** in stimulation of contractile response in guinea-pig isolated **bronchus** dependent on activation of vanilloid receptors on **airway** sensory nerves)
- IT Neuromuscular transmission
(nonadrenergic-noncholinergic; endogenous **cannabinoid** agonist **anandamide** in stimulation of contractile response in guinea-pig isolated **bronchus** dependent on activation of vanilloid receptors on **airway** sensory nerves in relation to)
- IT Nerve

(sensory; endogenous **cannabinoid** agonist **anandamide** in stimulation of contractile response in guinea-pig isolated **bronchus** dependent on activation of vanilloid receptors on **airway** sensory nerves)

IT 94421-68-8, **Anandamide**

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(endogenous **cannabinoid** agonist **anandamide** in stimulation of contractile response in guinea-pig isolated **bronchus** dependent on activation of vanilloid receptors on **airway** sensory nerves)

IT 82707-54-8, Neutral endopeptidase

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(endogenous **cannabinoid** agonist **anandamide** in stimulation of contractile response in guinea-pig isolated : **bronchus** dependent on activation of vanilloid receptors on **airway** sensory nerves in relation to)

RE.CNT 46 THERE ARE 46 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

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IT 94421-68-8, **Anandamide**

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

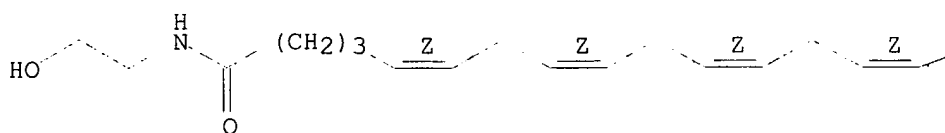
(endogenous **cannabinoid** agonist **anandamide** in stimulation of contractile response in guinea-pig isolated **bronchus** dependent on activation of vanilloid receptors on **airway** sensory nerves)

RN 94421-68-8 HCAPLUS

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

— (CH₂)₄

Me

L125 ANSWER 7 OF 8 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2003 ELSEVIER SCI. B.V.

AN 2002368437 EMBASE

TI Recent advances in the cannabinoids.

AU Adam J.; Cowley P.

CS P. Cowley, Organon Laboratories Ltd., Newhouse, Lanarkshire ML1 5SH, United Kingdom. p.cowley@organon.co.uk

SO Expert Opinion on Therapeutic Patents, (1 Oct 2002) 12/10 (1475-1489).

Refs: 57

ISSN: 1354-3776 CODEN: EOTPEG

CY United Kingdom

DT Journal; General Review

FS 003 Endocrinology

008 Neurology and Neurosurgery

030 Pharmacology

037 Drug Literature Index

038 Adverse Reactions Titles

039 Pharmacy

LA English

SL English

AB This article gives an overview of recent advances in the field of cannabinoid research, with an emphasis on patent literature. The review covers the period from January 2000 to July 2002. The period up to the year 2000 was previously reviewed by Goya and Jagerovic in this journal [1]. In addition to compounds acting directly at the cannabinoid receptor, recent advances in regulation of the endocannabinoid system are also discussed.

CT Medical Descriptors:
 drug receptor binding

binding affinity
drug structure
structure activity relation
chemotherapy induced emesis: DT, drug therapy
chemotherapy induced emesis: PC, prevention
chemotherapy induced emesis: SI, side effect
sedation
cognitive defect: SI, side effect
xerostomia: SI, side effect
ataxia: SI, side effect
hypotension: SI, side effect
tachycardia: SI, side effect
drug delivery system
drug inhibition
neuroprotection
antiinflammatory activity
tranquilizing activity
antineoplastic activity
brain injury: DT, drug therapy
obesity: DT, drug therapy
neuropathy: DT, drug therapy
pain: DT, drug therapy
degenerative disease: DT, drug therapy
 coughing: DT, drug therapy
immunopathology: DT, drug therapy
human
nonhuman
mouse
rat
clinical trial
controlled study
animal tissue
review
Drug Descriptors:
*cannabinoid derivative: AE, adverse drug reaction
*cannabinoid derivative: CT, clinical trial
*cannabinoid derivative: AN, drug analysis
*cannabinoid derivative: CM, drug comparison
*cannabinoid derivative: DV, drug development
*cannabinoid derivative: DT, drug therapy
*cannabinoid derivative: PK, pharmacokinetics
*cannabinoid derivative: PD, pharmacology
*cannabinoid derivative: IP, intraperitoneal drug administration
*cannabinoid derivative: PO, oral drug administration
*cannabinoid receptor: EC, endogenous compound
cannabinoid 1 receptor: EC, endogenous compound
cannabinoid 2 receptor: EC, endogenous compound
 anandamide: AN, drug analysis
 anandamide: CM, drug comparison
 anandamide: DT, drug therapy
 anandamide: PD, pharmacology
2 arachidonoylglycerol: AN, drug analysis
2 arachidonoylglycerol: CM, drug comparison
2 arachidonoylglycerol: DT, drug therapy
2 arachidonoylglycerol: PD, pharmacology
noladin ether: AN, drug analysis
noladin ether: CM, drug comparison
noladin ether: PD, pharmacology
virodhamine: AN, drug analysis
virodhamine: CM, drug comparison
virodhamine: PD, pharmacology
cannabinoid receptor agonist: AE, adverse drug reaction
cannabinoid receptor agonist: AN, drug analysis

cannabinoid receptor agonist: CM, drug comparison
cannabinoid receptor agonist: DV, drug development
cannabinoid receptor agonist: DT, drug therapy
cannabinoid receptor agonist: PR, pharmaceuticals
cannabinoid receptor agonist: PD, pharmacology
cannabinoid receptor agonist: PO, oral drug administration
dronabinol: AE, adverse drug reaction
dronabinol: AN, drug analysis
dronabinol: CM, drug comparison
dronabinol: DT, drug therapy
dronabinol: PO, oral drug administration
nabilone: AE, adverse drug reaction
nabilone: AN, drug analysis
nabilone: CM, drug comparison
nabilone: DT, drug therapy
nabilone: PO, oral drug administration
ketone derivative: AE, adverse drug reaction
ketone derivative: AN, drug analysis
ketone derivative: CM, drug comparison
ketone derivative: DT, drug therapy
ketone derivative: PO, oral drug administration
antiinfective agent: AE, adverse drug reaction
cannabidiol: AN, drug analysis
cannabidiol: CM, drug comparison
cannabidiol: PD, pharmacology
cannabidiol derivative: AN, drug analysis
cannabidiol derivative: CM, drug comparison
cannabidiol derivative: PD, pharmacology
4 (1,1 dimethylheptyl) 1',2',3',4',5',6' hexahydro 2,3' dihydroxy 6' (3 hydroxypropyl)biphenyl: AN, drug analysis
4 (1,1 dimethylheptyl) 1',2',3',4',5',6' hexahydro 2,3' dihydroxy 6' (3 hydroxypropyl)biphenyl: CM, drug comparison
4 (1,1 dimethylheptyl) 1',2',3',4',5',6' hexahydro 2,3' dihydroxy 6' (3 hydroxypropyl)biphenyl: PD, pharmacology
2,3 dihydro 5 methyl 3 (morpholinomethyl) 6 (1 naphthoyl)pyrrolo[1,2,3 de][1,4]benzoxazine: AN, drug analysis
2,3 dihydro 5 methyl 3 (morpholinomethyl) 6 (1 naphthoyl)pyrrolo[1,2,3 de][1,4]benzoxazine: CM, drug comparison
2,3 dihydro 5 methyl 3 (morpholinomethyl) 6 (1 naphthoyl)pyrrolo[1,2,3 de][1,4]benzoxazine: PD, pharmacology
5 (4 chlorophenyl) 1 (2,4 dichlorophenyl) 4 methyl n (1 piperidyl) 1h pyrazole 3 carboxamide: CT, clinical trial
5 (4 chlorophenyl) 1 (2,4 dichlorophenyl) 4 methyl n (1 piperidyl) 1h pyrazole 3 carboxamide: AN, drug analysis
5 (4 chlorophenyl) 1 (2,4 dichlorophenyl) 4 methyl n (1 piperidyl) 1h pyrazole 3 carboxamide: CM, drug comparison
5 (4 chlorophenyl) 1 (2,4 dichlorophenyl) 4 methyl n (1 piperidyl) 1h pyrazole 3 carboxamide: DT, drug therapy
5 (4 chlorophenyl) 1 (2,4 dichlorophenyl) 4 methyl n (1 piperidyl) 1h pyrazole 3 carboxamide: PD, pharmacology
5 (4 chlorophenyl) 1 (2,4 dichlorophenyl) 4 methyl n (1 piperidyl) 1h pyrazole 3 carboxamide: IP, intraperitoneal drug administration
5 (4 chlorophenyl) 1 (2,4 dichlorophenyl) 4 methyl n (1 piperidyl) 1h pyrazole 3 carboxamide: PO, oral drug administration
dexanabinol: CT, clinical trial
dexanabinol: AN, drug analysis
dexanabinol: CM, drug comparison
dexanabinol: DT, drug therapy
dexanabinol: PD, pharmacology
hu 308: AN, drug analysis
hu 308: CM, drug comparison
hu 308: PD, pharmacology
am 1703: AN, drug analysis

am 1703: CM, drug comparison
 am 1703: PD, pharmacology
 tetrahydrocannabinol: AN, drug analysis
 tetrahydrocannabinol: CM, drug comparison
 tetrahydrocannabinol: PD, pharmacology
 ajulemic acid: CT, clinical trial
 ajulemic acid: AN, drug analysis
 ajulemic acid: CM, drug comparison
 ajulemic acid: DT, drug therapy
 ajulemic acid: PD, pharmacology
 am 694: AN, drug analysis
 am 694: CM, drug comparison
 am 694: PD, pharmacology
 am 2230: AN, drug analysis
 am 2230: CM, drug comparison
 am 2230: PD, pharmacology
 cannabinoid receptor antagonist: AN, drug analysis
 cannabinoid receptor antagonist: CM, drug comparison
 cannabinoid receptor antagonist: DT, drug therapy
 cannabinoid receptor antagonist: PD, pharmacology
 cp 55 940: AN, drug analysis
 cp 55 940: CM, drug comparison
 cp 55 940: DV, drug development
 cp 55 940: PD, pharmacology
 5 (4 chloro 3 methylphenyl) 1 (4 methylbenzyl) n (1,3,3
 trimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan 2 yl) 3 pyrazolecarboxamide: AN, drug
 analysis
 5 (4 chloro 3 methylphenyl) 1 (4 methylbenzyl) n (1,3,3
 trimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan 2 yl) 3 pyrazolecarboxamide: CM, drug
 comparison
 5 (4 chloro 3 methylphenyl) 1 (4 methylbenzyl) n (1,3,3
 trimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan 2 yl) 3 pyrazolecarboxamide: PD,
 pharmacology
 6 iodo 3 (4 methoxybenzoyl) 2 methyl 1 (2 morpholinoethyl)indole: CM, drug
 comparison
 6 iodo 3 (4 methoxybenzoyl) 2 methyl 1 (2 morpholinoethyl)indole: PD,
 pharmacology
 unindexed drug
 unclassified drug

RN (anandamide) 94421-68-8; (dronabinol) 7663-50-5;
 (nabilone) 51022-71-0; (cannabidiol) 13956-29-1; (4 (1,1 dimethylheptyl)
 1',2',3',4',5',6' hexahydro 2,3' dihydroxy 6' (3 hydroxypropyl)biphenyl)
 83003-12-7; (2,3 dihydro 5 methyl 3 (morpholinomethyl) 6 (1
 naphthoyl)pyrrolo[1,2,3 de][1,4]benzoxazine) 134959-51-6; (5 (4
 chlorophenyl) 1 (2,4 dichlorophenyl) 4 methyl n (1 piperidyl) 1h pyrazole
 3 carboxamide) 158681-13-1; (dexanabinol) 112924-45-5;
 (tetrahydrocannabinol) 1972-08-3; (ajulemic acid) 137945-48-3; (5 (4
 chloro 3 methylphenyl) 1 (4 methylbenzyl) n (1,3,3
 trimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan 2 yl) 3 pyrazolecarboxamide) 192703-06-3; (6
 iodo 3 (4 methoxybenzoyl) 2 methyl 1 (2 morpholinoethyl)indole)
 164178-33-0
 CN (1) Marinol; (2) Cesamet; (3) Cp 55 940; (4) Hu 308; (5) Sr 144528; (6) Sr
 141716a; Hu 210; Am 1703; Ct 3; Am 694; Am 2230; Am 630
 CO (1) Unimed Pharmaceutical; (2) Cambridge Laboratories; (3) Pfizer; (4)
 Yissum; (6) Sanofi Synthelabo

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AN 2002241557 EMBASE

TI Cough: Potential pharmacological developments.

AU Chung K.F.

CS Dr. K.F. Chung, National Heart and Lung Institute, Imperial College, Royal
 Brompton/Harefield NHS Trust, Dovehouse Street, London SW3 6LY, United
 Kingdom. f.chung@ic.ac.uk

SO Expert Opinion on Investigational Drugs, (2002) 11/7 (955-963).

Refs: 79

ISSN: 1354-3784 CODEN: EOIDER

CY United Kingdom

DT Journal; General Review

FS 011 Otorhinolaryngology

015 Chest Diseases, Thoracic Surgery and Tuberculosis

030 Pharmacology

037 Drug Literature Index

038 Adverse Reactions Titles

LA English

SL English

AB **Cough** is an important defensive reflex of the upper airway and is also a very common symptom of respiratory disease. **Cough** following an upper respiratory viral infection is transient, and persistent **cough** is associated with a whole range of conditions, such as asthma, rhino-sinusitis and gastro-oesophageal reflux. Treatment directed at these conditions may improve the associated **cough**. There is often a need, however, to control **cough** itself whatever the cause. The most effective drugs in this class are the opioids, such as morphine, codeine or pholcodeine, but at effective doses they have side effects including drowsiness, nausea, constipation and physical dependence. Investigations into the **cough** reflex and into the potential mechanisms of sensitised **cough** reflex have uncovered several potential targets for novel drugs. New opioids apart from .mu.-agonists such as .kappa.- and .delta.-receptor agonists, have been developed, in addition to non-opioids such as nociceptin. Neurokinin receptor antagonists, bradykinin receptor antagonists, vanniloid receptor VR-1 antagonists may be beneficial by blocking effects of tachykinins and sensory nerve activation. Local anaesthetics, blockers of sodium-dependent channels and maxi-K Ca(2+)-dependent channel activators of afferent nerves are inhibitors of the **cough** reflex. Some of these novel agents may act centrally or peripherally or at both sites as antitussives. Large scale trials of these novel compounds have not been carried out in **cough** in man but there is a serious need for more effective antitussives devoid of side effects.

CT Medical Descriptors:

*coughing: DT, drug therapy

*coughing: ET, etiology

symptomatology

respiratory tract disease

upper respiratory tract infection

virus infection

disease association

asthma

rhinosinusitis

gastroesophageal reflux

drug efficacy

dose response

drowsiness: SI, side effect

nausea: SI, side effect

constipation: SI, side effect

drug dependence: SI, side effect

drug targeting

drug mechanism

sensory stimulation

drug antagonism

respiration depression: SI, side effect

diuresis

sedation

human

nonhuman

clinical trial

animal experiment
animal model
controlled study
review

Drug Descriptors:

- *antitussive agent: AE, adverse drug reaction
- *antitussive agent: CT, clinical trial
- *antitussive agent: CB, drug combination
- *antitussive agent: DV, drug development
- *antitussive agent: DO, drug dose
- *antitussive agent: IT, drug interaction
- *antitussive agent: DT, drug therapy
- *antitussive agent: PD, pharmacology
- *antitussive agent: IH, inhalational drug administration
- *antitussive agent: IA, intraarterial drug administration
- *antitussive agent: CV, intracerebroventricular drug administration
- *antitussive agent: IV, intravenous drug administration
- *antitussive agent: TP, topical drug administration
- opiate: AE, adverse drug reaction
- opiate: DO, drug dose
- opiate: DT, drug therapy
- pholcodeine: AE, adverse drug reaction
- pholcodeine: DO, drug dose
- pholcodeine: DT, drug therapy
- morphine: AE, adverse drug reaction
- morphine: DO, drug dose
- morphine: DT, drug therapy
- codeine: AE, adverse drug reaction
- codeine: CB, drug combination
- codeine: DO, drug dose
- codeine: IT, drug interaction
- codeine: DT, drug therapy
- mu opiate receptor agonist: AE, adverse drug reaction
- mu opiate receptor agonist: DV, drug development
- mu opiate receptor agonist: DT, drug therapy
- mu opiate receptor agonist: PD, pharmacology
- mu opiate receptor agonist: TP, topical drug administration
- kappa opiate receptor agonist: AE, adverse drug reaction
- kappa opiate receptor agonist: DV, drug development
- kappa opiate receptor agonist: DT, drug therapy
- kappa opiate receptor agonist: PD, pharmacology
- delta opiate receptor agonist: AE, adverse drug reaction
- delta opiate receptor agonist: DV, drug development
- delta opiate receptor agonist: DT, drug therapy
- delta opiate receptor agonist: PD, pharmacology
- anandamide: PD, pharmacology
- nociceptin: AE, adverse drug reaction
- nociceptin: DV, drug development
- nociceptin: DT, drug therapy
- nociceptin: EC, endogenous compound
- nociceptin: PD, pharmacology
- nociceptin: CV, intracerebroventricular drug administration
- nociceptin: IV, intravenous drug administration
- tachykinin receptor antagonist: DT, drug therapy
- tachykinin receptor antagonist: PD, pharmacology
- bradykinin antagonist: DT, drug therapy
- bradykinin antagonist: PD, pharmacology
- tachykinin: EC, endogenous compound
- local anesthetic agent: DT, drug therapy
- local anesthetic agent: PD, pharmacology
- local anesthetic agent: IH, inhalational drug administration
- sodium channel blocking agent: CT, clinical trial

sodium channel blocking agent: DT, drug therapy
sodium channel blocking agent: PD, pharmacology
sodium channel blocking agent: IH, inhalational drug administration
sodium channel blocking agent: IA, intraarterial drug administration
potassium channel stimulating agent: DT, drug therapy
potassium channel stimulating agent: PD, pharmacology
furosemide: DT, drug therapy
furosemide: PD, pharmacology
furosemide: IH, inhalational drug administration
diuretic agent: DT, drug therapy
diuretic agent: PD, pharmacology
diuretic agent: IH, inhalational drug administration
phosphodiesterase IV inhibitor: DT, drug therapy
phosphodiesterase IV inhibitor: PD, pharmacology
corticosteroid: DT, drug therapy
corticosteroid: IH, inhalational drug administration
leukotriene receptor blocking agent: DT, drug therapy
17 methylnalorphine: CB, drug combination
17 methylnalorphine: IT, drug interaction
tyrosyl dextro arginylglycyl 4 nitrophenylalanylprolinamide: DT, drug therapy
tyrosyl dextro arginylglycyl 4 nitrophenylalanylprolinamide: PD, pharmacology
tyrosyl dextro arginylglycyl 4 nitrophenylalanylprolinamide: TP, topical drug administration
naltrindole: DT, drug therapy
naltrindole: PD, pharmacology
resiniferatoxin: CM, drug comparison
resiniferatoxin: DV, drug development
resiniferatoxin: DT, drug therapy
resiniferatoxin: PD, pharmacology
delta opiate receptor antagonist: DV, drug development
delta opiate receptor antagonist: DT, drug therapy
delta opiate receptor antagonist: PD, pharmacology
delta opiate receptor antagonist: PO, oral drug administration
levdropropizine: CM, drug comparison
levdropropizine: DT, drug therapy
levdropropizine: PD, pharmacology
dextromethorphan: CM, drug comparison
dextromethorphan: DT, drug therapy
capsazepine: CM, drug comparison
capsazepine: DV, drug development
capsazepine: DT, drug therapy
capsazepine: PD, pharmacology
unindexed drug
unclassified drug
RN (opiate) 53663-61-9, 8002-76-4, 8008-60-4; (morphine) 52-26-6, 57-27-2;
(codeine) 76-57-3; (**anandamide**) **94421-68-8**;
(nociceptin) 170713-75-4; (furosemide) 54-31-9; (17 methylnalorphine) 4121-75-9; (tyrosyl dextro arginylglycyl 4 nitrophenylalanylprolinamide) 88331-14-0; (naltrindole) 111555-53-4; (resiniferatoxin) 57444-62-9; (levdropropizine) 99291-24-4; (dextromethorphan) 125-69-9, 125-71-3; (capsazepine) 138977-28-3

=> fil reg

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:25:10 ON 13 FEB 2003

USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.

PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

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Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file
provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 11 FEB 2003 HIGHEST RN 488780-79-6
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 11 FEB 2003 HIGHEST RN 488780-79-6

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 20, 2002

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when
conducting SmartSELECT searches.

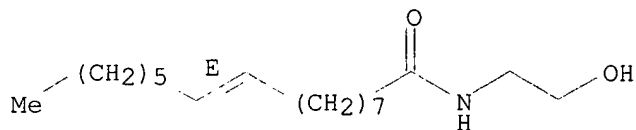
Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP
PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties
in the CAS Registry File, for complete details:
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf>

=> d ide can tot 1147

L147 ANSWER 1 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
RN 357292-35-4 REGISTRY
CN 9-Hexadecenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (9E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
FS STEREOSEARCH
MF C18 H35 N O2
SR CA
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Double bond geometry as shown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

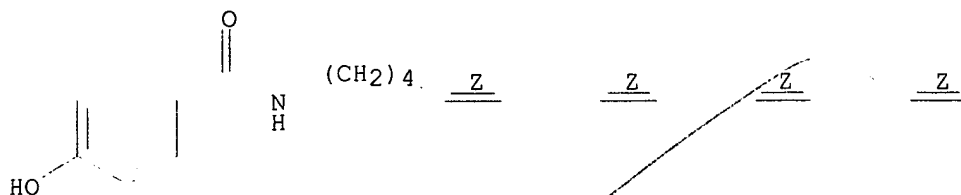
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1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 135:190325

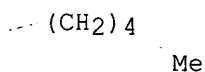
L147 ANSWER 2 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
RN 251908-92-6 REGISTRY
CN Benzamide, N-(5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)-5,8,11,14-eicosatetraenyl-4-hydroxy- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)
FS STEREOSEARCH
MF C27 H39 N O2
SR CA
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
 1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 132:22820

L147 ANSWER 3 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 231632-77-2 REGISTRY

CN 3-Pyrrolidinol, 1-[(5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)-1-oxo-5,8,11,14-eicosatetraenyl]- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

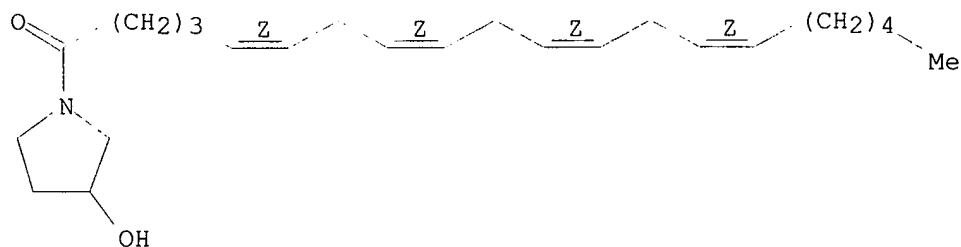
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C24 H39 N O2

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Double bond geometry as shown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
 2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:95508

REFERENCE 2: 131:100242

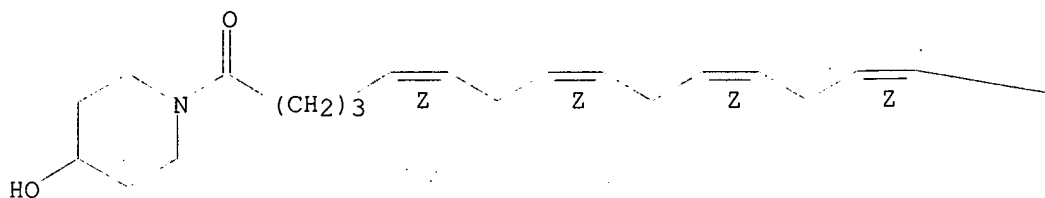
L147 ANSWER 4 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 231632-76-1 REGISTRY

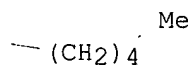
CN 4-Piperidinol, 1-[(5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)-1-oxo-5,8,11,14-eicosatetraenyl]- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)
FS STEREOSEARCH
MF C25 H41 N O2
SR CA
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Double bond geometry as shown.

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PAGE 1-B



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:95508

REFERENCE 2: 131:100242

L147 ANSWER 5 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 231632-75-0 REGISTRY

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(4-chlorophenyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

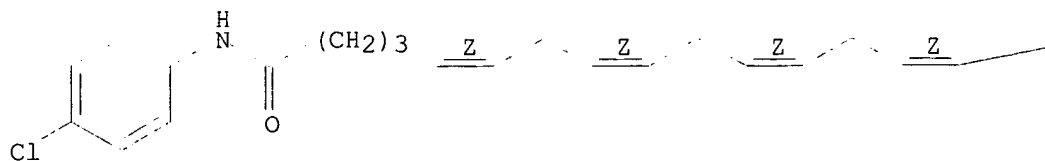
MF C26 H36 Cl N O

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Double bond geometry as shown.

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PAGE 1-B

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PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:95508

REFERENCE 2: 131:100242

L147 ANSWER 6 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 231632-74-9 REGISTRY

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(4-cyanophenyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

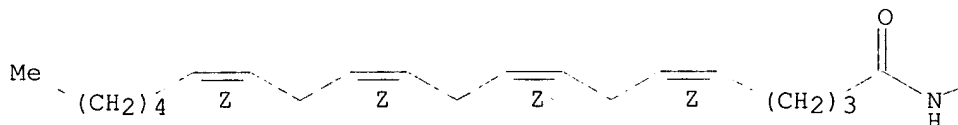
MF C27 H36 N2 O

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:95508

REFERENCE 2: 131:100242

L147 ANSWER 7 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 231632-73-8 REGISTRY

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(4-methylphenyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

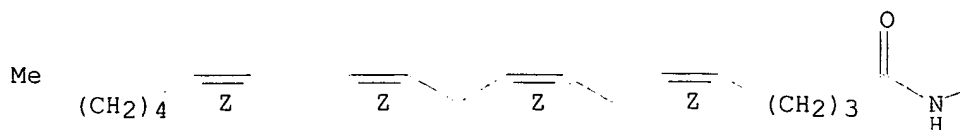
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C27 H39 N O

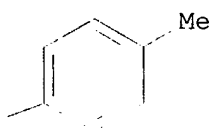
SR CA
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:95508

REFERENCE 2: 131:100242

L147 ANSWER 8 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 231632-72-7 REGISTRY

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

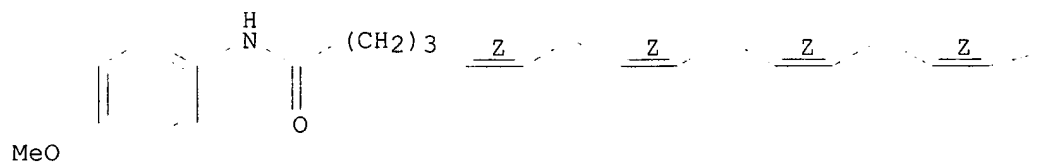
MF C27 H39 N O2

SR CA

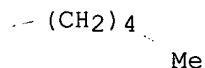
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Double bond geometry as shown.

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PAGE 1-B



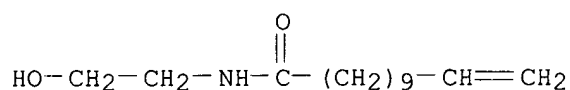
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:95508

REFERENCE 2: 131:100242

L147 ANSWER 9 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
RN 231632-71-6 REGISTRY
CN 11-Dodecenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
FS 3D CONCORD
MF C14 H27 N O2
SR CA
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

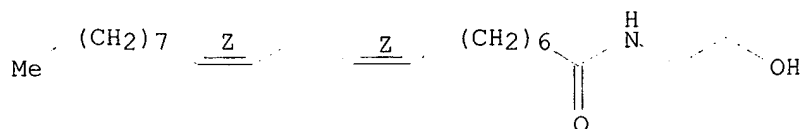
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:95508

REFERENCE 2: 131:100242

L147 ANSWER 10 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
RN 231632-70-5 REGISTRY
CN 8,11-Eicosadienamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (8Z,11Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
FS STEREOSEARCH
MF C22 H41 N O2
SR CA
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Double bond geometry as shown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

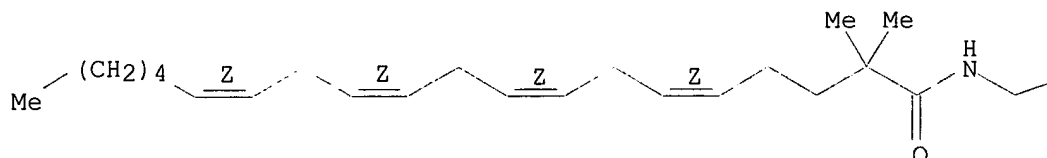
REFERENCE 1: 131:100242

L147 ANSWER 11 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
RN 187224-18-6 REGISTRY
CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-[(2R)-2-hydroxypropyl]-2,2-dimethyl-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

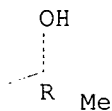
CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxypropyl)-2,2-dimethyl-,
[R-(all-Z)]-
FS STEREOSEARCH
MF C25 H43 N O2
SR CA
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).
Double bond geometry as shown.

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PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

5 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
5 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 135:352627
REFERENCE 2: 134:95508
REFERENCE 3: 131:237502
REFERENCE 4: 131:100242
REFERENCE 5: 126:166092

L147 ANSWER 12 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 187224-16-4 REGISTRY

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-[(2S)-2-hydroxypropyl]-2,2-dimethyl-,
(5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxypropyl)-2,2-dimethyl-,
[S-(all-Z)]-

FS STEREOSEARCH

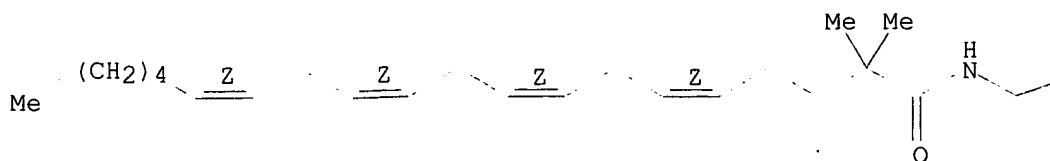
MF C25 H43 N O2

SR CA

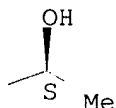
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).
Double bond geometry as shown.

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PAGE 1-B



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

5 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
 5 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 135:352627

REFERENCE 2: 134:95508

REFERENCE 3: 131:237502

REFERENCE 4: 131:100242

REFERENCE 5: 126:166092

L147 ANSWER 13 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 187223-90-1 REGISTRY

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-propyl-,
 (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-propyl-, (all-Z)-

FS STEREOSEARCH

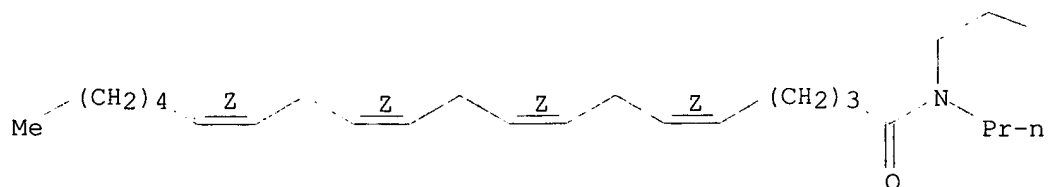
MF C25 H43 N O2

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

Double bond geometry as shown.

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PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 136:648

REFERENCE 2: 126:166092

L147 ANSWER 14 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 183718-77-6 REGISTRY

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-, (all-Z)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN AM 404

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 198022-70-7

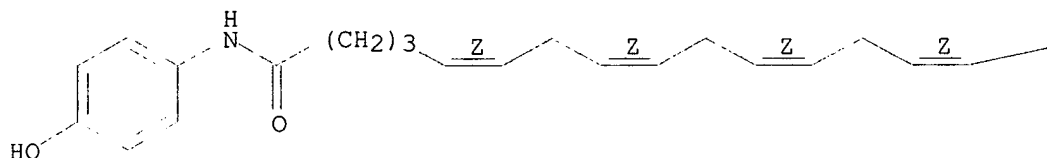
MF C26 H37 N O2

SR CA

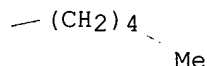
LC STN Files: BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, EMBASE,
TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

Double bond geometry as shown.

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PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

30 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
30 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:103790

REFERENCE 2: 136:395824

REFERENCE 3: 136:304003

REFERENCE 4: 136:183655

REFERENCE 5: 136:161403

REFERENCE 6: 136:648

REFERENCE 7: 135:366583

REFERENCE 8: 135:352838

REFERENCE 9: 135:283144

REFERENCE 10: 135:239640

L147 ANSWER 15 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 183718-75-4 REGISTRY

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(3-hydroxyphenyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(3-hydroxyphenyl)-, (all-Z)-

FS STEREOSEARCH

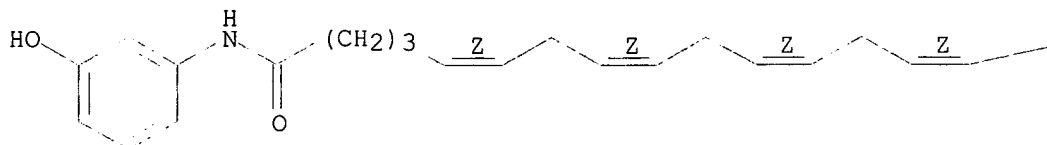
MF C26 H37 N O2

SR CA

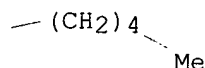
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Double bond geometry as shown.

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PAGE 1-B



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

5 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

5 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:95508

REFERENCE 2: 131:100242

REFERENCE 3: 131:41396

REFERENCE 4: 130:308315

REFERENCE 5: 126:365

L147 ANSWER 16 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 183718-67-4 REGISTRY

CN 3-Piperidinol, 1-[(5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)-1-oxo-5,8,11,14-eicosatetraenyl]- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 3-Piperidinol, 1-(1-oxo-5,8,11,14-eicosatetraenyl)-, (all-Z)-

FS STEREOSEARCH

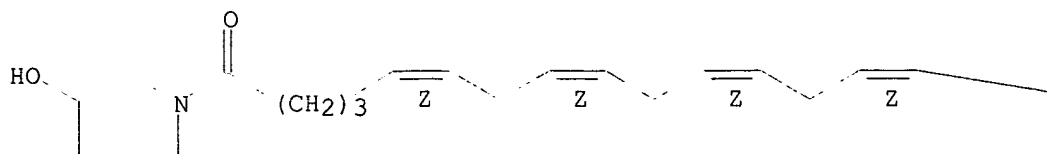
MF C25 H41 N O2

SR CA

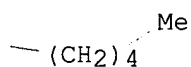
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Double bond geometry as shown.

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PAGE 1-B



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

3 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
3 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:95508

REFERENCE 2: 131:100242

REFERENCE 3: 126:365

L147 ANSWER 17 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 166100-34-1 REGISTRY

CN Morpholine, 4-[(5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)-1-oxo-5,8,11,14-eicosatetraenyl]- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Morpholine, 4-(1-oxo-5,8,11,14-eicosatetraenyl)-, (all-Z)-

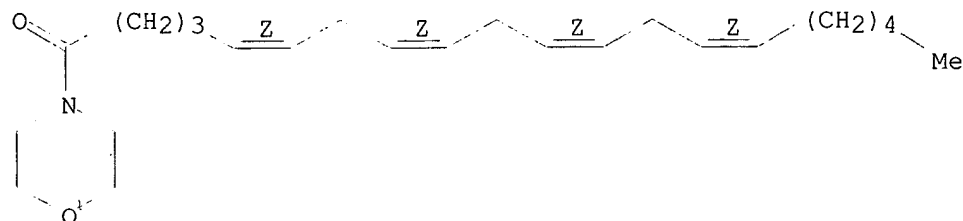
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C24 H39 N O2

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

Double bond geometry as shown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

9 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
9 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:95508
REFERENCE 2: 133:99074
REFERENCE 3: 131:100242
REFERENCE 4: 129:310388
REFERENCE 5: 125:265009
REFERENCE 6: 125:332
REFERENCE 7: 124:279206
REFERENCE 8: 124:75563
REFERENCE 9: 123:102027

L147 ANSWER 18 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN **164228-51-7** REGISTRY

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-,
(5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-, (all-Z)-

FS STEREOSEARCH

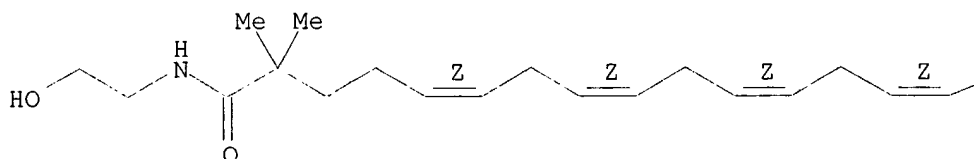
MF **C24 H41 N O2**

SR CA

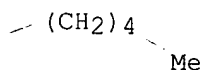
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



****PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT****

11 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

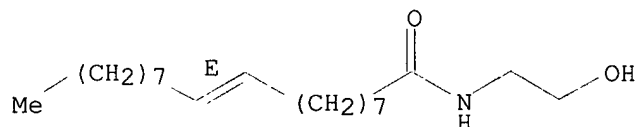
11 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 135:352627
REFERENCE 2: 135:137336
REFERENCE 3: 134:95508
REFERENCE 4: 131:237502

REFERENCE 5: 131:100242
 REFERENCE 6: 131:41396
 REFERENCE 7: 130:308315
 REFERENCE 8: 126:166092
 REFERENCE 9: 124:75563
 REFERENCE 10: 123:102027

L147 ANSWER 19 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 RN 162758-96-5 REGISTRY
 CN 9-Octadecenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (9E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
 CN 9-Octadecenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (E)-
 FS STEREOSEARCH
 MF C20 H39 N O2
 SR CA
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

Double bond geometry as shown.



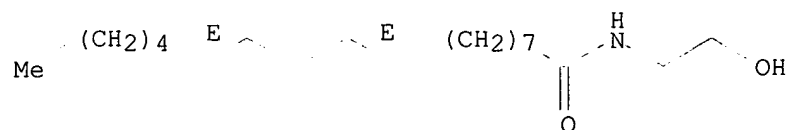
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

5 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
 5 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:289049
 REFERENCE 2: 135:78468
 REFERENCE 3: 134:95508
 REFERENCE 4: 131:100242
 REFERENCE 5: 122:259398

L147 ANSWER 20 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 RN 162758-95-4 REGISTRY
 CN 9,12-Octadecadienamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (E,E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS STEREOSEARCH
 MF C20 H37 N O2
 SR CA
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Double bond geometry as shown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 122:259398

L147 ANSWER 21 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 162758-94-3 REGISTRY

CN 4,7,10,13,16,19-Docosahexaenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-,
(4Z,7Z,10Z,13Z,16Z,19Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 4,7,10,13,16,19-Docosahexaenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (all-Z)-

FS STEREOSEARCH

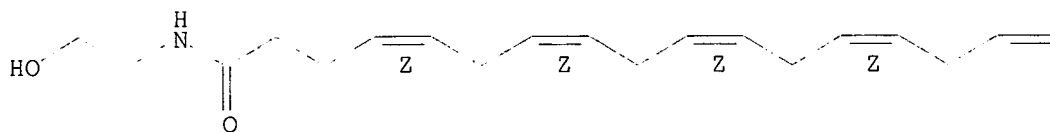
MF C24 H37 N O2

SR CA

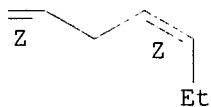
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

8 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
9 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 136:340738

REFERENCE 2: 135:121637

REFERENCE 3: 133:634

REFERENCE 4: 132:62084

REFERENCE 5: 126:166092

REFERENCE 6: 126:54735

REFERENCE 7: 123:974

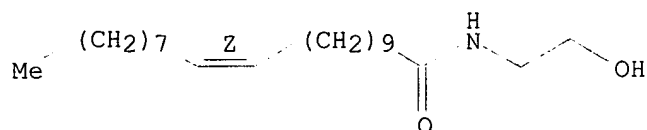
REFERENCE 8: 122:259398

L147 ANSWER 22 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 162758-93-2 REGISTRY

CN 11-Eicosenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (11Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
CN 11-Eicosenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (Z)-
OTHER NAMES:
CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-(Z)-11-eicosenamide
CN N-(Z)-11-Eicosenoylethanolamine
FS STEREOSEARCH
MF C22 H43 N O2
SR CA
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Double bond geometry as shown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

7 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
7 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:95508
REFERENCE 2: 131:100242
REFERENCE 3: 126:166092
REFERENCE 4: 124:75563
REFERENCE 5: 123:335742
REFERENCE 6: 123:102027
REFERENCE 7: 122:259398

L147 ANSWER 23 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

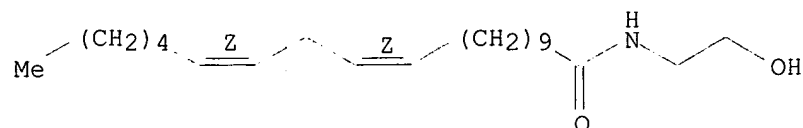
RN 162758-92-1 REGISTRY

CN 11,14-Eicosadienamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 11,14-Eicosadienamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (Z,Z)-
FS STEREOSEARCH
MF C22 H41 N O2
SR CA
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Double bond geometry as shown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

5 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
5 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:226746
REFERENCE 2: 134:95508
REFERENCE 3: 126:166092
REFERENCE 4: 124:49179
REFERENCE 5: 122:259398

L147 ANSWER 24 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN **157182-49-5** REGISTRY

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-[(1R)-2-hydroxy-1-methylethyl]-,
(5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxy-1-methylethyl)-, [R-(all-Z)]-

OTHER NAMES:

CN (R)-Methanandamide

CN AM 356

FS STEREOSEARCH

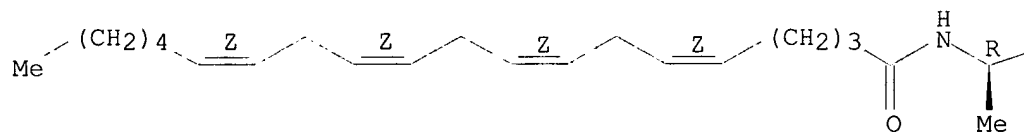
MF **C23 H39 N O2**

SR CA

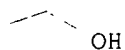
LC STN Files: BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM,
EMBASE, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).
Double bond geometry as shown.

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PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

54 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
55 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:210817
REFERENCE 2: 137:164054
REFERENCE 3: 136:161001
REFERENCE 4: 136:129368
REFERENCE 5: 136:63931
REFERENCE 6: 136:48337

REFERENCE 7: 136:648

REFERENCE 8: 135:352627

REFERENCE 9: 135:313515

REFERENCE 10: 135:132395

L147 ANSWER 25 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 156910-28-0 REGISTRY

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-ethyl-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-ethyl-, (all-Z)-

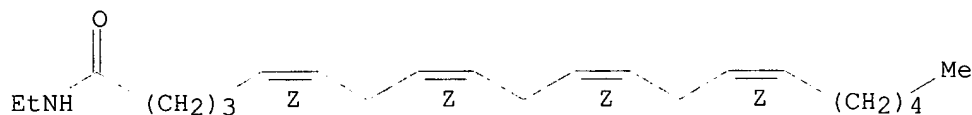
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C22 H37 N O

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

Double bond geometry as shown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

7 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

7 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:95508

REFERENCE 2: 133:129510

REFERENCE 3: 131:237502

REFERENCE 4: 131:100242

REFERENCE 5: 131:71878

REFERENCE 6: 126:166092

REFERENCE 7: 121:99825

L147 ANSWER 26 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 150314-37-7 REGISTRY

CN 6,9,12-Octadecatrienamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (6Z,9Z,12Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 6,9,12-Octadecatrienamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (Z,Z,Z)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-(Z,Z,Z)-6,9,12-octadecatrienam

CN N-.gamma.-Linolenylethanolamine

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C20 H35 N O2

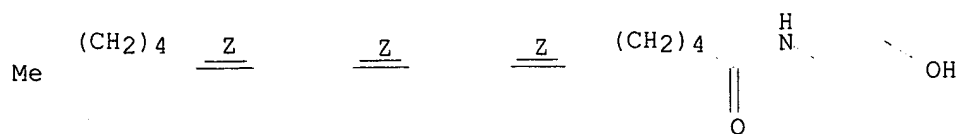
SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Double bond geometry as shown.

homo-
delta-
19:4g

I could not find
claim 19 "homo-
delta-linolenylethanol-
amide" - I believe
this name to be an
error



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

9 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
9 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 136:340738
REFERENCE 2: 133:70561
REFERENCE 3: 128:200804
REFERENCE 4: 126:166092
REFERENCE 5: 125:297717
REFERENCE 6: 125:138643
REFERENCE 7: 123:335742
REFERENCE 8: 122:259398
REFERENCE 9: 119:173611

L147 ANSWER 27 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 150314-35-5 REGISTRY

CN 7,10,13,16-Docosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (7Z,10Z,13Z,16Z)-
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 7,10,13,16-Docosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (all-Z)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN (all-Z)-N-(7,10,13,16-Docosatetraenoyl)ethanolamine

FS STEREOSEARCH

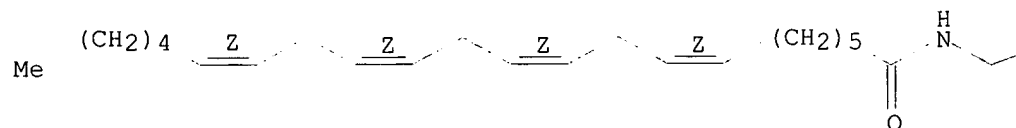
MF C24 H41 N O2

SR CA

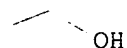
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, MEDLINE, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

Double bond geometry as shown.

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PAGE 1-B



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

16 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
17 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:228362
REFERENCE 2: 137:226746
REFERENCE 3: 136:648
REFERENCE 4: 135:121637
REFERENCE 5: 134:335978
REFERENCE 6: 126:233751
REFERENCE 7: 126:166092
REFERENCE 8: 124:83059
REFERENCE 9: 123:335742
REFERENCE 10: 123:306385

L147 ANSWER 28 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 150314-34-4 REGISTRY

CN 8,11,14-Eicosatrienamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 8,11,14-Eicosatrienamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (Z,Z,Z)-

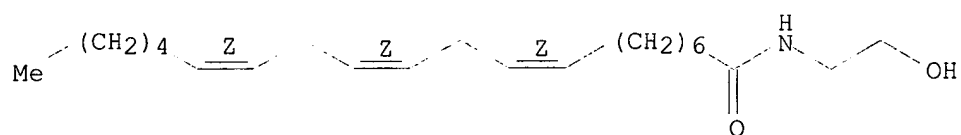
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C22 H39 N O2

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, MEDLINE, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

Double bond geometry as shown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

17 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
17 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:228362
REFERENCE 2: 137:226746
REFERENCE 3: 134:95508
REFERENCE 4: 131:100242
REFERENCE 5: 126:233751
REFERENCE 6: 126:166092

REFERENCE 7: 126:54735
REFERENCE 8: 124:83059
REFERENCE 9: 124:75563
REFERENCE 10: 123:329890

L147 ANSWER 29 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 149301-79-1 REGISTRY

CN 6,9,12,15-Heneicosatetraen-2-one, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, (6Z,9Z,12Z,15Z)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 6,9,12,15-Heneicosatetraen-2-one, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, (all-Z)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN AN 20579

CN Arachidonyl trifluoromethyl ketone

CN BM 162353

CN L 734575

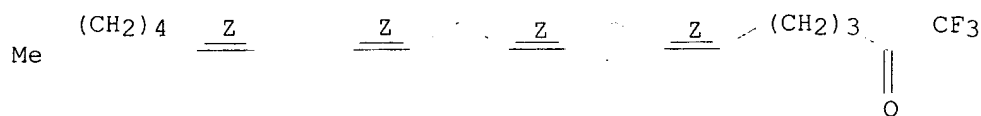
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C21 H31 F3 O

SR CA

LC STN Files: BIOSIS, CA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, MEDLINE,
TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

Double bond geometry as shown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

49 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

49 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:382699
REFERENCE 2: 137:195936
REFERENCE 3: 137:163801
REFERENCE 4: 137:119329
REFERENCE 5: 136:350118
REFERENCE 6: 136:83159
REFERENCE 7: 136:648
REFERENCE 8: 135:352418
REFERENCE 9: 135:316273
REFERENCE 10: 135:239640

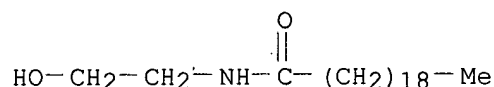
L147 ANSWER 30 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 94421-69-9 REGISTRY

CN Eicosanamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)eicosanamide
 CN N-Arachidonylethanolamine
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C22 H45 N O2
 CI COM
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, USPATFULL



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

7 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
 7 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:337133

REFERENCE 2: 131:53936

REFERENCE 3: 124:75563

REFERENCE 4: 123:335742

REFERENCE 5: 123:102027

REFERENCE 6: 122:259398

REFERENCE 7: 102:77260

L147 ANSWER 31 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 94421-68-8 REGISTRY

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (all-Z)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN Anandamide

CN Arachidonylethanolamide

CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)arachidonamide

CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)arachidonylamide

CN N-Arachidonylethanolamine

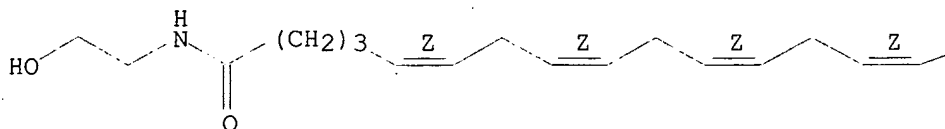
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C22 H37 N O2

LC STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, AQUIRE, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,
 BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CEN, CHEMCATS, CIN, CSCHEM, EMBASE,
 IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, PHAR, PROMT, RTECS*, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Double bond geometry as shown.

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 $(CH_2)_4$

Me

****PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT****

687 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
19 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
692 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 138:85363
REFERENCE 2: 138:82766
REFERENCE 3: 138:82765
REFERENCE 4: 138:82763
REFERENCE 5: 138:82755
REFERENCE 6: 138:82754
REFERENCE 7: 138:82753
REFERENCE 8: 138:66729
REFERENCE 9: 138:66713
REFERENCE 10: 138:44709

L147 ANSWER 32 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN **94421-67-7** REGISTRY

CN 9-Hexadecenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (9Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

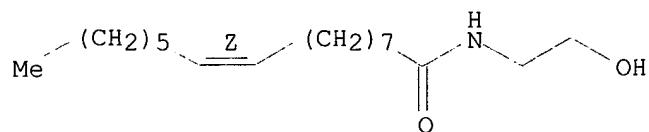
CN 9-Hexadecenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (Z)-

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF **C18 H35 N O2**

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

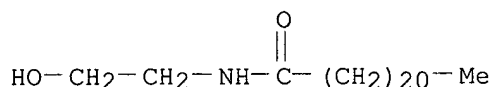
Double bond geometry as shown.

****PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT****

3 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
3 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 135:190325
REFERENCE 2: 116:59905
REFERENCE 3: 102:77260

L147 ANSWER 33 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 RN 94109-05-4 REGISTRY
 CN Docosanamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C24 H49 N O2
 CI COM
 SR Commission of European Communities
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, CHEMLIST, USPATFULL
 Other Sources: EINECS**
 (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

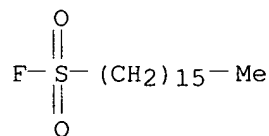


PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

6 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
 6 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:267694
 REFERENCE 2: 131:117751
 REFERENCE 3: 131:103773
 REFERENCE 4: 123:335742
 REFERENCE 5: 103:200696
 REFERENCE 6: 102:77260

L147 ANSWER 34 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 RN 86855-26-7 REGISTRY
 CN 1-Hexadecanesulfonyl fluoride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 OTHER NAMES:
 CN AM 374
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C16 H33 F O2 S
 LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, MEDLINE, TOXCENTER,
 USPATFULL
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

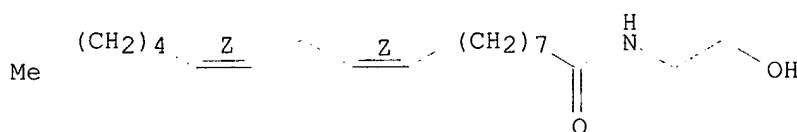
17 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
 2 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 17 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:289031

REFERENCE 2: 137:150258
 REFERENCE 3: 136:648
 REFERENCE 4: 135:205570
 REFERENCE 5: 134:336170
 REFERENCE 6: 133:292844
 REFERENCE 7: 132:44870
 REFERENCE 8: 130:34884
 REFERENCE 9: 128:30406
 REFERENCE 10: 126:220293

L147 ANSWER 35 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 RN 68171-52-8 REGISTRY
 CN 9,12-Octadecadienamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (9Z,12Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
 CN 9,12-Octadecadienamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (Z,Z)-
 CN Linoleamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)- (7CI)
 OTHER NAMES:
 CN **Linoleic acid monoethanolamide**
 CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-(Z,Z)-9,12-octadecadienamide
 CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)linoleamide
 CN **N-Linoleoylethanolamine**
 FS STEREOSEARCH
 MF **C20 H37 N O2**
 LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM, MEDLINE, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
 Other Sources: EINECS**, NDSL**, TSCA**
 (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Double bond geometry as shown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

52 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
 52 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)
 2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 137:382306
 REFERENCE 2: 137:306533
 REFERENCE 3: 137:289031
 REFERENCE 4: 137:98641

REFERENCE 5: 137:83429
REFERENCE 6: 137:83428
REFERENCE 7: 137:83427
REFERENCE 8: 137:83423
REFERENCE 9: 136:340738
REFERENCE 10: 136:148275

L147 ANSWER 36 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN **58493-49-5** REGISTRY

CN 9-Octadecenamide, N-[(4-hydroxy-3-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-, (9Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 9-Octadecenamide, N-[(4-hydroxy-3-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-, (Z)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN N-Vanillyl oleic amide

CN N-Vanillyl oleamide

CN NE 19550

CN Olvanil

FS STEREOSEARCH

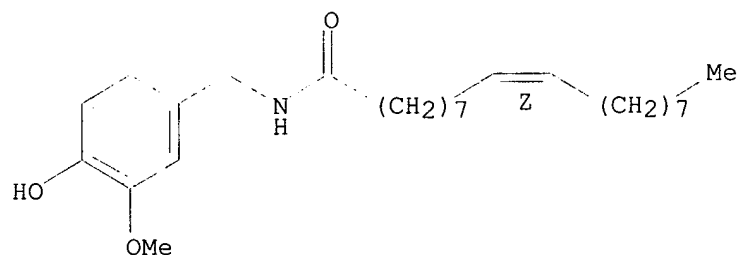
MF **C26 H43 N O3**

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, DDFU, DRUGNL, DRUGU, DRUGUPDATES, EMBASE, IPA, MEDLINE, PHAR, PROMT, RTECS*, TOXCENTER, USAN, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: WHO

Double bond geometry as shown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

54 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

55 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:381506
REFERENCE 2: 137:216814
REFERENCE 3: 136:363865
REFERENCE 4: 136:166383
REFERENCE 5: 136:161001
REFERENCE 6: 135:366583

REFERENCE 7: 135:283144

REFERENCE 8: 135:283135

REFERENCE 9: 135:190415

REFERENCE 10: 135:132395

L147 ANSWER 37 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 57086-93-8 REGISTRY

CN 9,12,15-Octadecatrienamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (9Z,12Z,15Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 9,12,15-Octadecatrienamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (Z,Z,Z)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN **N-Linolenoylethanolamine**

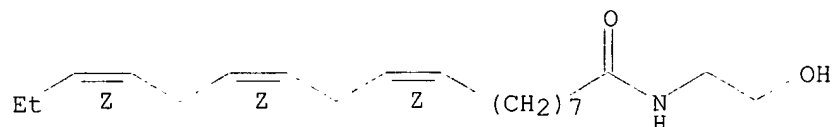
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF **C20 H35 N O2**

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Double bond geometry as shown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

15 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

15 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:358156

REFERENCE 2: 137:358140

REFERENCE 3: 137:306533

REFERENCE 4: 136:340738

REFERENCE 5: 135:206912

REFERENCE 6: 134:350865

REFERENCE 7: 133:70561

REFERENCE 8: 126:198536

REFERENCE 9: 126:166092

REFERENCE 10: 125:284346

L147 ANSWER 38 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 35627-93-1 REGISTRY

CN 9-Octadecenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-methyl-, (9Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

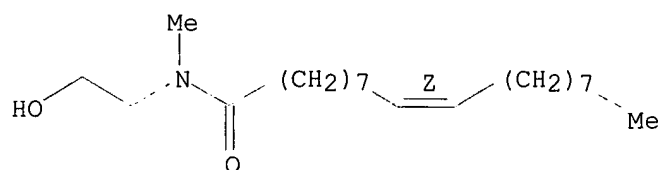
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 9-Octadecenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-methyl-, (Z)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN (Z)-N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-N-methyl-9-octadecenamide
CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-N-methyloleamide
CN N-Methyl-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)oleamide
CN N-Oleoyl-N-methylethanolamine
FS STEREOSEARCH
MF **C21 H41 N O2**
LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAPLUS, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, TOXCENTER,
USPATFULL
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Double bond geometry as shown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

15 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
15 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:296605
REFERENCE 2: 137:296604
REFERENCE 3: 137:296590
REFERENCE 4: 137:289049
REFERENCE 5: 137:281064
REFERENCE 6: 127:144544
REFERENCE 7: 126:159031
REFERENCE 8: 108:160660
REFERENCE 9: 87:707
REFERENCE 10: 81:153664

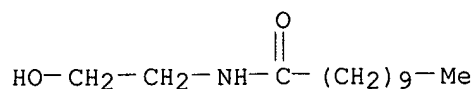
L147 ANSWER 39 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN **28245-87-6** REGISTRY

CN Undecanamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)- (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Undecanoic acid ethanolamide
CN Undecanoic acid monoethanolamide
FS 3D CONCORD
MF **C13 H27 N O2**
CI COM
LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

14 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
 14 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 134:337133

REFERENCE 2: 134:95508

REFERENCE 3: 133:94636

REFERENCE 4: 131:100242

REFERENCE 5: 129:199580

REFERENCE 6: 127:351208

REFERENCE 7: 125:151129

REFERENCE 8: 124:333075

REFERENCE 9: 102:226405

REFERENCE 10: 101:178052

L147 ANSWER 40 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

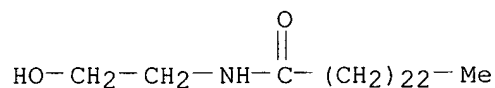
RN 10015-68-6 REGISTRY

CN Tetracosanamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)- (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C26 H53 N O2

LC STN Files: CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
 2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 123:335742

REFERENCE 2: 64:69160

L147 ANSWER 41 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 544-31-0 REGISTRY

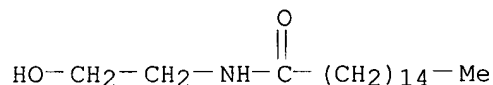
CN Hexadecanamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (Hydroxyethyl)palmitamide

CN 2-(Palmitoylamino)ethanol

CN 2-Palmitamidoethanol
 CN 2: PN: WO02064106 PAGE: 14 claimed sequence
 CN AM 3112
 CN Impulsin
 CN Loramine P 256
 CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)hexadecanamide
 CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)palmitamide
 CN N-Hexadecanoylethanolamine
 CN N-Palmitoylethanolamine
 CN Palmidrol
 CN Palmitic acid monoethanolamide
 CN Palmitic monoethanolamide
 CN Palmitoylethanolamide
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF **C18 H37 N O2**
 CI COM
 LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT,
 CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM,
 DDFU, DRUGU, EMBASE, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MEDLINE, MRCK*, SPECINFO,
 TOXCENTER, USAN, USPAT2, USPATFULL
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
 Other Sources: EINECS**, NDSL**, TSCA**, WHO
 (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



****PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT****

266 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
 5 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 267 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)
 17 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 138:82754
 REFERENCE 2: 138:75042
 REFERENCE 3: 137:383277
 REFERENCE 4: 137:382306
 REFERENCE 5: 137:358156
 REFERENCE 6: 137:358140
 REFERENCE 7: 137:320625
 REFERENCE 8: 137:306533
 REFERENCE 9: 137:289049
 REFERENCE 10: 137:289031

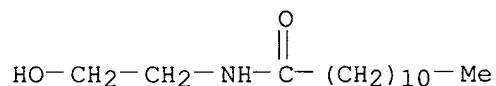
L147 ANSWER 42 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN **142-78-9** REGISTRY

CN Dodecanamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 2-Dodecanamidoethanol
 CN Alkamide L 203
 CN Amisol LME
 CN Comperlan LM
 CN Copramyl
 CN Crillon LME
 CN Cyclomide LM
 CN Lauramide MEA
 CN Lauric acid ethanolamide
 CN Lauric acid monoethanolamide
 CN Lauric acid monoethanolamine
 CN Lauric ethylolamide
 CN Lauric monoethanolamide
 CN Lauric N-(2-hydroxyethyl)amide
 CN Lauridit LM
 CN Lauroyl monoethanolamide
 CN Lauryl monoethanolamide
 CN Laurylamidoethanol
 CN Laurylethanolamide
 CN Mackamide LMM
 CN N-(.beta.-Hydroxyethyl)dodecanamide
 CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)dodecanamide
 CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)lauramide
 CN N-Dodecanoylethanolamine
 CN N-Lauroylethanolamine
 CN Rewomid L 203
 CN Rolamid CM
 CN Stabilor CMH
 CN Steinamid L 203
 CN Tohol N 120
 CN Ultrapole H
 CN Vistalan
 FS 3D CONCORD
 DR 8028-85-1, 123175-08-6, 15517-65-4, 65256-27-1
 MF **C14 H29 N O2**
 CI COM
 LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, AQUIRE, BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS,
 CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, HODOC*, HSDB*, IFICDB,
 IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MEDLINE, MSDS-OHS, SPECINFO, TOXCENTER, USPAT2,
 USPATFULL
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
 Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
 (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

366 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
 11 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 368 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)
 31 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 138:75042

REFERENCE 2: 138:28952

REFERENCE 3: 137:346926
REFERENCE 4: 137:339313
REFERENCE 5: 137:306533
REFERENCE 6: 137:296605
REFERENCE 7: 137:195813
REFERENCE 8: 137:83362
REFERENCE 9: 136:387754
REFERENCE 10: 136:359447

L147 ANSWER 43 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 142-58-5 REGISTRY

CN Tetradecanamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN AM 3165

CN Comperlan MM

CN Loramine MY 228

CN Myristamide MEA

CN Myristic acid monoethanolamide

CN Myristic monoethanolamide

CN Myristyl monoethanolamide

CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)myristamide

CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)tetradecanamide

CN N-Myristoylethanolamine

CN N-Tetradecanoylethanolamine

CN Schercomid MME

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C16 H33 N O2

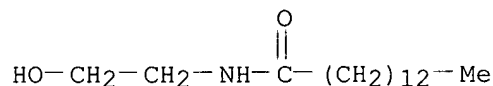
CI COM

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT,
CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, HSDB*, PROMT, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

107 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

107 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

15 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 138:85312
REFERENCE 2: 138:75042
REFERENCE 3: 137:306533
REFERENCE 4: 137:195813

REFERENCE 5: 135:190325
 REFERENCE 6: 135:147030
 REFERENCE 7: 135:50488
 REFERENCE 8: 135:45243
 REFERENCE 9: 134:337133
 REFERENCE 10: 134:267694

L147 ANSWER 44 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 111-58-0 REGISTRY

CN 9-Octadecenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (9Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 9-Octadecenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, (Z)-

CN Oleamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN AM 3101

CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)oleamide

CN N-Oleoyle-2-aminoethanol

CN N-Oleoylethanolamine

CN Oleamide MEA

CN Oleic acid ethanolamide

CN Oleic acid monoethanolamide

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C20 H39 N O2

CI COM

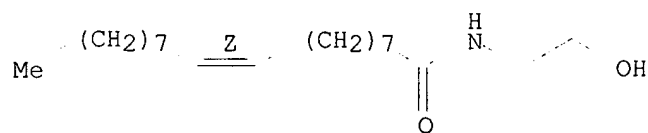
LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MEDLINE, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Double bond geometry as shown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

211 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

11 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

211 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

16 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 138:75042
 REFERENCE 2: 138:44709
 REFERENCE 3: 137:383277
 REFERENCE 4: 137:358156
 REFERENCE 5: 137:358140

REFERENCE 6: 137:306533
REFERENCE 7: 137:289049
REFERENCE 8: 137:289031
REFERENCE 9: 137:284372
REFERENCE 10: 137:228362

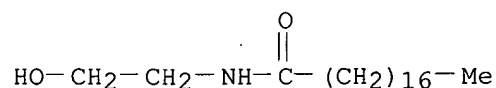
L147 ANSWER 45 OF 45 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 111-57-9 REGISTRY

CN Octadecanamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Alkamide S 280
CN AM 1105
CN Amisol SME
CN Ceramid
CN Clindrol 200MS
CN Comperlan HS
CN Cycloamide SM
CN Emcol 70
CN Loramine S 280
CN Lubsize K 12
CN Mackamide SMA
CN Marlamid M 18
CN Monamid S
CN Monoethanolstearamide
CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)octadecanamide
CN N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)stearamide
CN N-Octadecanoylethanolamine
CN N-Stearoylethanolamine
CN Onyx Wax EL
CN Profan SME
CN Rewomid S 280
CN S 280
CN Stearamide MEA
CN Stearic acid monoethanolamide
CN Stearic ethanolamide
CN Stearic ethylolamide
CN Stearic monoethanolamide
CN Stearic monoethanolamine
CN Stearoylmonoethanolamide
CN Witcamide 70
FS 3D CONCORD
DR 8038-89-9
MF C20 H41 N O2
CI COM
LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA, CANCERLIT,
CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, IFICDB,
IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MEDLINE, MSDS-OHS, PROMT, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL,
VTB
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)
Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

291 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
11 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
293 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)
21 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 138:75042
REFERENCE 2: 137:382306
REFERENCE 3: 137:306533
REFERENCE 4: 137:276967
REFERENCE 5: 137:206204
REFERENCE 6: 137:195813
REFERENCE 7: 136:379605
REFERENCE 8: 136:351642
REFERENCE 9: 136:330297
REFERENCE 10: 136:311698

=> fil reg
 FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:53:38 ON 13 FEB 2003
 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
 PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
 COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file
 provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 12 FEB 2003 HIGHEST RN 489395-53-1
 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 12 FEB 2003 HIGHEST RN 489395-53-1

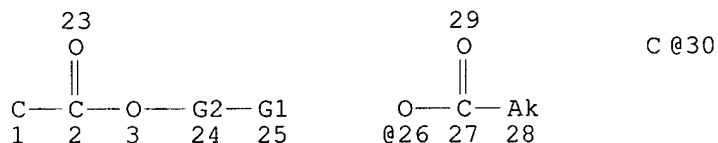
TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 20, 2002

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when
 conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP
 PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties
 in the CAS Registry File, for complete details:
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf>

=> d sta que 179
 L44 SCR 1839 OR 2043 OR 2039 OR 2054 OR 2127 OR 1918 OR 2040 O
 R 2050 OR 2049 OR 2048 OR 2053 OR 2052 OR 2051 OR 2041 OR 2079
 L66 STR

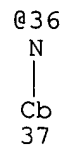
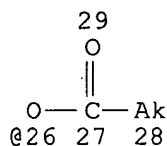
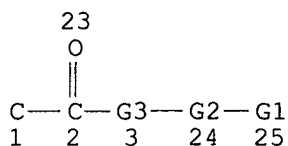


VAR G1=OH/26
 REP G2=(2-4) 30
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 NSPEC IS RC AT 1
 CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 1
 CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 30
 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

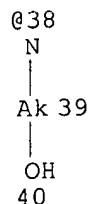
GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
 RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
 NUMBER OF NODES IS 11

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE
 L68 STR

Jan Delaval
 Reference Librarian
 Biotechnology & Chemical Library
 CEN 1E07 - 703-308-4498
jan.delaval@uspto.gov



C @30



VAR G1=OH/26

REP G2=(2-4) 30

VAR G3=NH/32/36/38

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

NSPEC IS RC AT 1

CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 1

CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 30

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 18

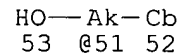
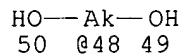
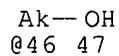
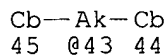
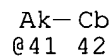
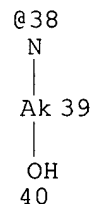
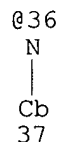
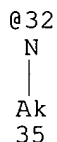
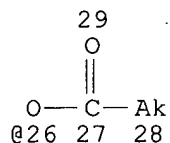
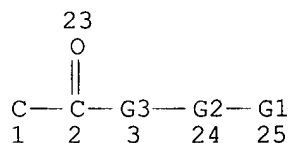
STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L70 3099 SEA FILE=REGISTRY CSS FUL L68 NOT L44

L71 37324 SEA FILE=REGISTRY CSS FUL L66 NOT L44

L73 40320 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L70 OR L71

L74 STR



VAR G1=OH/26

VAR G2=AK/41/43/46/48/51

VAR G3=O/NH/32/36/38

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

NSPEC IS RC AT 1

CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 1

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

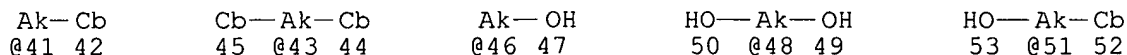
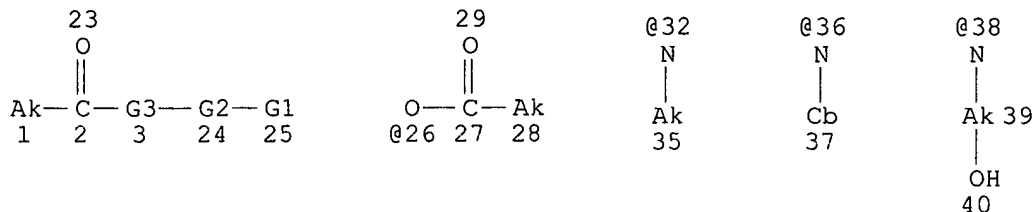
GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 30

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L76 13224 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L73 CSS FUL L74
 L77 STR



VAR G1=OH/26

VAR G2=AK/41/43/46/48/51

VAR G3=O/NH/32/36/38

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

ECOUNT IS M11 C AT 1

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 30

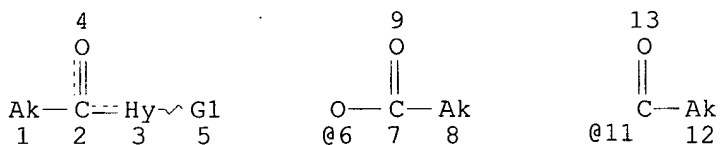
STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L78 1767 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L76 CSS FUL L77
 L79 1765 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L78/COM

=> d sta que 197

L44 SCR 1839 OR 2043 OR 2039 OR 2054 OR 2127 OR 1918 OR 2040 O
 R 2050 OR 2049 OR 2048 OR 2053 OR 2052 OR 2051 OR 2041 OR 2079

L81 STR



VAR G1=OH/6/11

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

GGCAT IS MCY AT 3

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

ECOUNT IS M11 C AT 1

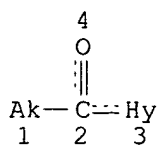
GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 12

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L87 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 3
 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
 GGCAT IS MCY AT 3
 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED
 ECOUNT IS M11-X29 C AT 1

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

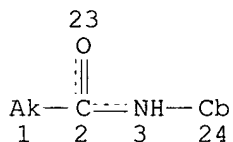
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
 NUMBER OF NODES IS 4

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L88 SCR 1838
 L90 468272 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON (NC2OC2 OR NCOC2 OR NC2 OR
 NC3 OR NC4 OR NC5 OR OC2 OR OC3 OR OC4 OR OC5)/ES AND 1/NR NOT
 ((PMS OR IDS OR MNS OR MXS OR AYS OR TIS)/CI OR SQL/FA)
 L93 1182 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L90 CSS FUL L87 AND L88 NOT L44
 L94 1175 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L93/COM
 L96 15 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L94 CSS FUL L81
 L97 10 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L96 NOT (PYRIDIN? OR
 C24H41NO2 OR C17H31NO2)

=> d sta que 153

L33 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

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 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED
 ECOUNT IS M18-X22 C AT 1
 ECOUNT IS M3-X6 C AT 24

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

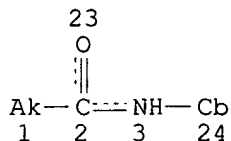
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 NUMBER OF NODES IS 5

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

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 L46 51250 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON (C3 OR C4 OR C5 OR C6)/ES
 AND (N AND O)/ELS AND 1/NR AND 1/NC AND C>=22 NOT ((PMS OR MNS
 OR MXS OR IDS OR AYS OR TIS)/CI OR SQL/FA)
 L49 SCR 1199 AND 2004 AND 1992 AND 1838
 L52 264 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L46 CSS FUL L33 AND L49 NOT L38
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=> d sta que 159

L33 STR



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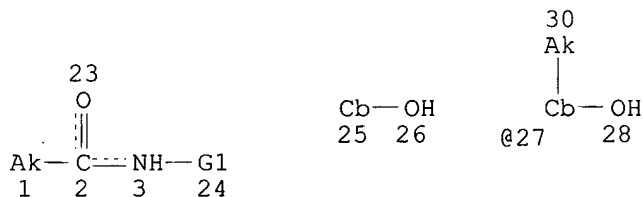
CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 24
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 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED
 ECOUNT IS M18-X22 C AT 1
 ECOUNT IS M3-X6 C AT 24

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
 NUMBER OF NODES IS 5

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

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 AND (N AND O)/ELS AND 1/NR AND 1/NC AND C>=22 NOT ((PMS OR MNS
 OR MXS OR IDS OR AYS OR TIS)/CI OR SQL/FA)
 L49 SCR 1199 AND 2004 AND 1992 AND 1838
 L52 264 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L46 CSS FUL L33 AND L49 NOT L38
 L53 188 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L52/COM
 L56 STR



VAR G1=CB/25/27

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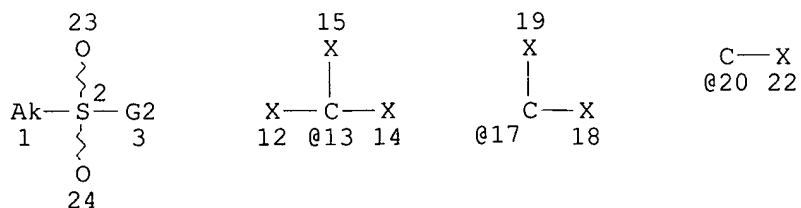
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STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

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 L59 31 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L58/COM

=> d sta que 126

L3 SCR 1838 OR 1992 OR 2016 OR 2026 OR 2043 OR 2039 OR 2054
 L18 STR



VAR G2=X/20/17/13
 NODE ATTRIBUTES:
 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED
 ECOUNT IS M6-X22 C AT 1

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
 RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
 NUMBER OF NODES IS 14

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE
 L26 150 SEA FILE=REGISTRY CSS FUL L18 NOT L3

100.0% PROCESSED 6867 ITERATIONS 150 ANSWERS
 SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

=> d sta que 132

L20 STR

23 O Ak-C-G2 1 2 3	15 X X-C-X 12 @13 14	19 X C-X @17 18	C-X @20 22
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VAR G2=X/20/17/13
 NODE ATTRIBUTES:
 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED
 ECOUNT IS M6-X22 C AT 1

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
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 NUMBER OF NODES IS 13

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE
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 R 2054 OR 1700 OR 1199 OR 2021
 L29 SCR 1929
 L31 300 SEA FILE=REGISTRY CSS FUL L20 AND L29 NOT L28
 L32 297 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L31/COM

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:49:37 ON 13 FEB 2003)
 DEL HIS

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:50:38 ON 13 FEB 2003
 ACT DONNA/Q

L1 STR

L2 STR L1

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L5 8 S L4/COM

L6 SCR 1199

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L8 9 S L7/COM

L9 STR L2

L10 SCR 1199 OR 1302 OR 1304
 L11 15 S L9 NOT (L3 OR L10) CSS SAM
 L12 5 S L11/COM
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 L14 SCR 1199 OR 1302 OR 1304 OR 1700 OR 1812
 L15 13 S L9 NOT (L3 OR L14) CSS SAM
 L16 7 S L15/COM
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 L18 STR L9
 L19 2 S L18 CSS SAM
 L20 STR L18
 L21 4 S L20 CSS
 L22 7 S (L18 OR L20) NOT (L3 OR L14) CSS SAM
 L23 22 S (L18 OR L20) NOT L3 CSS
 L24 21 S L23/COM
 L25 QUE (L18 OR L20) NOT L3
 L26 150 S L18 NOT L3 CSS FUL
 L27 QUE L20 NOT L3
 L28 SCR 1838 OR 1992 OR 2005 OR 2016 OR 2026 OR 2043 OR 2039 OR 205
 L29 SCR 1929
 L30 15 S L20 AND L29 NOT L28 CSS
 L31 300 S L20 AND L29 NOT L28 CSS FUL
 SAV L26 JAGOE864A/A
 SAV L31 JAGOE864B/A
 L32 297 S L31/COM
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 L36 SCR 1199 AND 2004 AND 1992 AND 1838 AND 1199
 L37 SCR 1839 OR 1993 OR 2005 OR 2016 OR 2026 OR 2021 OR 2043 OR 203
 L38 SCR 1839 OR 2043 OR 2039 OR 2054 OR 2127
 L39 1 S L33 AND L35 AND L36 NOT L38 CSS SAM
 L40 SCR 1839 OR 2043 OR 2039 OR 2054 OR 2127 OR 1918 OR 2040 OR 205
 L41 1 S L33 AND L35 AND L36 NOT L40 CSS
 L42 SCR 1839 OR 2043 OR 2039 OR 2054 OR 2127 OR 1918 OR 2040 OR 205
 L43 2 S L33 AND L35 AND L36 NOT L42 CSS
 L44 SCR 1839 OR 2043 OR 2039 OR 2054 OR 2127 OR 1918 OR 2040 OR 205
 L45 2 S L33 AND L35 AND L36 NOT L44 CSS
 L46 51250 S (C3 OR C4 OR C5 OR C6)/ES AND (N AND O)/ELS AND 1/NR AND 1/NC
 L47 9 S L33 CSS SAM SUB=L46
 L48 6 S L47/COM
 L49 SCR 1199 AND 2004 AND 1992 AND 1838
 L50 9 S L33 AND L49 NOT L38 CSS SAM SUB=L46
 L51 6 S L50/COM
 L52 264 S L33 AND L49 NOT L38 CSS FUL SUB=L46
 SAV L52 JAGOE864C/A
 L53 188 S L52/COM
 L54 STR L33
 L55 1 S L54 CSS SAM SUB=L53
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 L59 31 S L58/COM
 SAV L58 JAGOE864D/A
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 L66 STR L63
 L67 50 S L66 NOT L44 CSS SAM
 L68 STR L66

L69 32 S L68 NOT L44 CSS SAM
L70 3099 S L68 NOT L44 CSS FUL
SAV L70 JAGOE864E/A
L71 37324 S L66 NOT L44 CSS FUL
SAV TEMP L71 JAGOE864F/A
L72 STR L68
L73 40320 S L70 OR L71
L74 STR L72
L75 50 S L74 CSS SAM SUB=L73
L76 13224 S L74 CSS FUL SUB=L73
SAV L76 TEMP JAGOE864G/A
L77 STR L74
L78 1767 S L77 CSS FUL SUB=L76
L79 1765 S L78/COM
SAV L78 JAGOE864H/A
L80 STR
L81 STR L80
L82 0 S L80 NOT L44 CSS SAM
L83 STR L81
L84 3 S L83 NOT L44 SAM
L85 STR L83
L86 4 S L85 NOT L44 SAM
L87 STR L80
L88 SCR 1838
L89 2 S L87 AND L88 NOT L44 CSS SAM
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L92 1 S L87 AND L88 NOT L44 CSS SAM SUB=L90
L93 1182 S L87 AND L88 NOT L44 CSS FUL SUB=L90
SAV L93 JAGOE864I/A
L94 1175 S L93/COM
L95 0 S L81 CSS SAM SUB=L94
L96 15 S L81 CSS FUL SUB=L94
L97 10 S L96 NOT (PYRIDIN? OR C24H41NO2 OR C17H31NO2)
SAV L94 JAGOE864J/A

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:45:27 ON 13 FEB 2003

L98 8410 S L26 OR L32 OR L53 OR L59 OR L79 OR L97
L99 61 S L98 AND (?COUGH? OR ANTITUSS? OR ANTI TUSS? OR AIRWAY OR BREA
E COUGH/CT
L100 1244 S E3+NT OR E5+NT
L101 3 S E8
E E5+ALL
E E2+ALL
L102 1407 S E4+NT
L103 15 S L98 (L) THU/RL AND L99,L100,L101,L102
L104 7 S L99 AND L101-L102
L105 32 S L98 AND (PHARMACOL? OR PHARMACEUT?)/SC,SX AND L99-L104
L106 61 S L99,L103,L104,L105
L107 2 S L106 AND COUGH?
L108 7 S L106 AND (ANTITUSS? OR ANTI TUSS? OR EXPECTOR?)
L109 7 S L107,L108
L110 54 S L106 NOT L109
SEL HIT RN L109

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L111 10 S E1-E10
L112 9 S L111 NOT C15H30O4

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:53:22 ON 13 FEB 2003

L113 6 S L112 AND L109

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:53:38 ON 13 FEB 2003

=> fil hcaplus
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USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 13 Feb 2003 VOL 138 ISS 7
FILE LAST UPDATED: 12 Feb 2003 (20030212/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> d l113 all hitstr tot

L113 ANSWER 1 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
AN 2002:123602 HCAPLUS
DN 136:161403
TI Anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators
IN Hogestatt, Edward; Zygmunt, Peter
PA Swed.
SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 33 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 567,034.
CODEN: USXXCO
DT Patent
LA English
IC ICM A61K031-55
ICS A61K031-47; A61K031-404; A61K031-16
NCL 514627000
CC 1-12 (**Pharmacology**)
Section cross-reference(s): 2
FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI	US 2002019444	A1	20020214	US 2001-849972	20010508
PRAI	US 2000-567034	A2	20000508		
OS	MARPAT 136:161403				

AB The invention discloses that anandamide is an endogenous ligand for vanilloid receptors, and esp. the vanilloid receptor VR1. Other structurally related lipids, such as AM404, 1-arachidonylglycerol, and 2-arachidonylglycerol, are identified having vanilloid receptor activity as well. Methods of treating individuals suffering from, or at risk of suffering from, diseases and disorders assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function are provided, as are methods of designing and identifying vanilloid receptor agonists and antagonists.
ST anandamide lipid analog vanilloid receptor modulator
IT Nervous system
(Guillain-Barre syndrome, treatment of pain assocd. with; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

- IT Capsaicin receptors
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(VR1 (vanilloid receptor 1); anandamide and structurally related lipids
as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases
assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nose
(allergic rhinitis; anandamide and structurally related lipids as
vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases
assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Leg
(amputation, treatment of pain assocd. with; anandamide and
structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in
relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid
receptor function)
- IT Allergy inhibitors
Analgesics
Anti-inflammatory agents
Antiarthritics
Antiasthmatics
Antiemetics
Antimigraine agents
Antirheumatic agents
Antitumor agents
Antitussives
Antiulcer agents
Autoimmune disease
Drug delivery systems
Drug screening
Eczema
Gout
High throughput screening
Infection
Pain
Psoriasis
Urticaria
Vasodilators
Wound healing promoters
(anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor
modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal
vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Capsaicin receptors
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor
modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal
vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Heart, disease
(angina pectoris, unstable; anandamide and structurally related lipids
as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases
assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Antiarteriosclerotics
(antiatherosclerotics; anandamide and structurally related lipids as
vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases
assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Infection
(bacterial; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid
receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with
abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Shock (circulatory collapse)
(cardiogenic; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid
receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with
abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Brain, disease
(cerebrum, vasospasm, from subarachnoid hemorrhage; anandamide and

structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

- IT Headache
(cluster, treatment of pain assocd. with; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Eye, disease
(conjunctivitis; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Digestive tract
(disease, mucosal damage; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Organ, animal
(disease; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Shock (circulatory collapse)
(hemorrhagic; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Bladder
(incontinence; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Heart, disease
(infarction; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Human herpesvirus
(infection; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Intestine, disease
(inflammatory; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Mammary gland
Surgery
(mastectomy, treatment of pain assocd. with; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Pharynx
(nasopharynx, adenoids; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Adenoid
(nasopharynx; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nerve, disease
(neuralgia; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Inflammation
(neurogenic; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Pain

(nociceptive; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Infection
(parasite; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Nerve, disease
(peripheral neuropathy, treatment of pain assocd. with; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Nerve, disease
(polyneuropathy, chronic peripheral, treatment of pain assocd. with; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Nose
(rhinitis, vasomotor; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Nose
(rhinitis; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Nerve
(sensory, vanilloid receptors of; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Shock (circulatory collapse)
(septic; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Brain, disease
(stroke; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Meninges
(subarachnoid hemorrhage, cerebral vasospasm from; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Headache

Osteoarthritis

Pruritus
(treatment of pain assocd. with; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Animal cell
(vanilloid receptors expression in; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

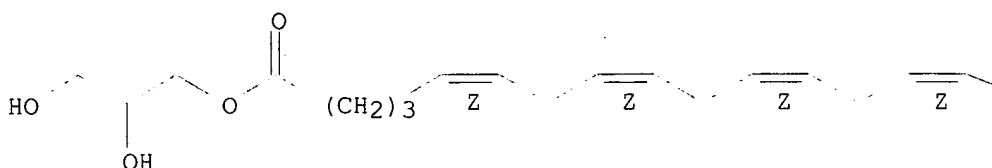
IT Infection
(viral; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT **35474-99-8**, 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenoic acid, 2,3-dihydroxypropyl ester, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- **53847-30-6**, 2-Arachidonylglycerol 94421-68-8, Anandamide **183718-77-6**, AM 404
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity); **THU (Therapeutic use)**; BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal

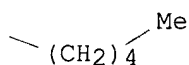
vanilloid receptor function)
 IT 35474-99-8, 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenoic acid, 2,3-dihydroxypropyl ester, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- 53847-30-6, 2-Arachidonylglycerol 183718-77-6, AM 404
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
 RN 35474-99-8 HCAPLUS
 CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenoic acid, 2,3-dihydroxypropyl ester, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



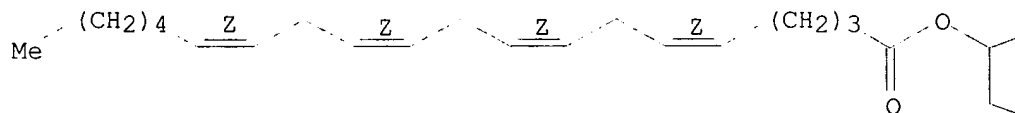
PAGE 1-B



RN 53847-30-6 HCAPLUS
 CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenoic acid, 2-hydroxy-1-(hydroxymethyl)ethyl ester, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



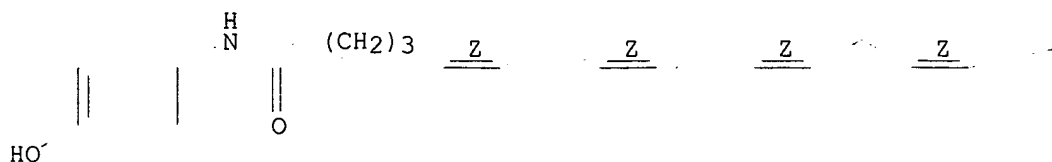
PAGE 1-B



RN 183718-77-6 HCAPLUS
 CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

— (CH₂)₄

Me

L113 ANSWER 2 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 2001:868275 HCAPLUS

DN 136:648

TI Cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without psychoactive effects

IN Piomelli, Daniele

PA The Regents of the University of California, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 63 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61L009-04

ICS A61K031-135; A61K031-13

CC 1-9 (**Pharmacology**)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001089589	A1	20011129	WO 2001-US16880	20010523
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
US 2002035150	A1	20020321	US 2001-864920	20010523

PRAI US 2000-206591P P 20000523

OS MARPAT 136:648

AB The invention discloses the existence of cannabinoid receptors in the **airways**, which are functionally linked to inhibition of **cough**. A method of ameliorating **cough** comprising the local administration to the upper **respiratory airways** of a subject in need of such treatment of cannabinoid compds. e.g. RC(O)X[C(R3)(R4)]nR2 where [X=NR1,O; R = (un)satd., (a)chiral, (a)cyclic, (un)substituted, C11-29 hydrocarbyl; R1, R3, R4 = C1-4 alkyl, C2-4 alkenyl, C2-4 alkynyl, C3-6 cycloalkyl, C2-4 hydroxyalkyl; R2=OH, OC(O)(C1-4 alkyl); n=2-4]. Locally acting cannabinoid agents can be administered to the **airways** of a subject to ameliorate **cough**, without causing the psychoactive effects characteristic of systemically administered cannabinoids. In addn., locally or systemically administered cannabinoid inactivation inhibitors can also be used to ameliorate **cough**. The present invention also defines conditions under which cannabinoid agents can be administered to produce **anti**

-tussive effects devoid of **bronchial** constriction.

ST cannabinoid receptor agonist **antitussive cough**
bronchial constriction

IT Drug delivery systems
(aerosols; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough**
without psychoactive effects)

IT **Bronchi**
(**bronchoconstriction**; cannabinoid receptor agonists for
treatment of **cough** without psychoactive effects)

IT **Antitussives**
(cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without
psychoactive effects)

IT Neoplasm
(induced **cough**; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment
of **cough** without psychoactive effects)

IT Drug delivery systems
(injections, i.v.; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of
cough without psychoactive effects)

IT Drug delivery systems
(local; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough**
without psychoactive effects)

IT Drug delivery systems
(oral; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough**
without psychoactive effects)

IT Cannabinoid receptors
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
(Biological study); PROC (Process)
(type CB1; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough**
without psychoactive effects)

IT **Respiratory** tract
(upper; cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough**
without psychoactive effects)

IT **86855-26-7**, 1-Hexadecanesulfonyl fluoride 94421-68-8, Anandamide
149301-79-1 150314-35-5 157182-49-5 **183718-77-6**
187223-90-1
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
study, unclassified); **THU (Therapeutic use)**; BIOL (Biological
study); USES (Uses)
(cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without
psychoactive effects)

IT 9015-82-1, ACE
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(inhibitor-induced **cough**; cannabinoid receptor agonists for
treatment of **cough** without psychoactive effects)

RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

RE

(1) de Petrocellis; Chemistry and Physics of Lipids 2000, V108(1-2), P191
HCAPLUS

(2) Hussain; US 4464378 A 1984 HCAPLUS

(3) Shamsuddin; J Lab And Clin Med 1997, V130(6), P615 HCAPLUS

(4) Stengel; European Journal of Pharmacology 1998, V355, P57 HCAPLUS

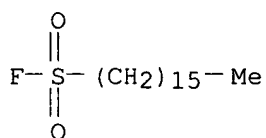
(5) Sugiura; Chemistry and Physics of Lipids 2000, V108(1-2), P89 HCAPLUS

(6) Zhu; Journal of Immunology 1999, V163(6), P3423 HCAPLUS

IT **86855-26-7**, 1-Hexadecanesulfonyl fluoride **149301-79-1**
183718-77-6 **187223-90-1**
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
study, unclassified); **THU (Therapeutic use)**; BIOL (Biological
study); USES (Uses)
(cannabinoid receptor agonists for treatment of **cough** without
psychoactive effects)

RN 86855-26-7 HCAPLUS

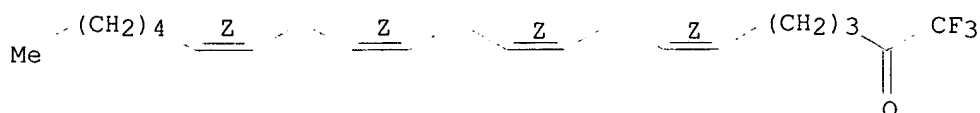
CN 1-Hexadecanesulfonyl fluoride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 149301-79-1 HCAPLUS

CN 6,9,12,15-Heneicosatetraen-2-one, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, (6Z,9Z,12Z,15Z)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

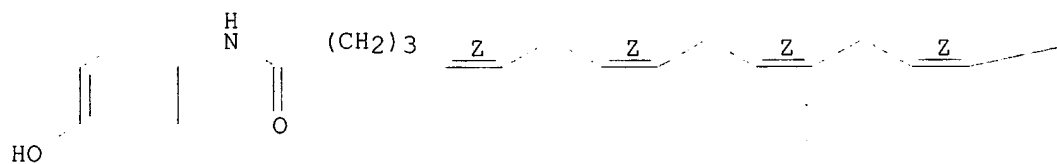
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 183718-77-6 HCAPLUS

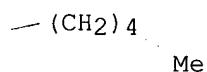
CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



PAGE 1-A

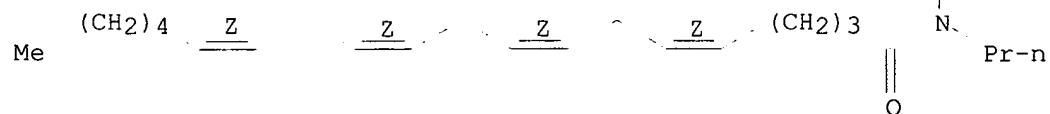
PAGE 1-B



RN 187223-90-1 HCAPLUS

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-propyl-,
(5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

OH

L113 ANSWER 3 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 2001:833079 HCAPLUS

DN 135:352838

TI Anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators

IN Hogestatt, Edward; Zygmunt, Peter

PA Forskarpatent I Syd AB, Swed.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 107 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K031-16

ICS A61K031-167; A61K031-232

CC 1-12 (Pharmacology)

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2001085158	A2	20011115	WO 2001-IB1267	20010508
	WO 2001085158	A3	20020613		
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
	RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			

PRAI US 2000-567034 A 20000508

OS MARPAT 135:352838

AB The invention discloses that anandamide is an endogenous ligand for vanilloid receptors, and esp. the vanilloid receptor VR1. Other structurally related lipids, such as AM404, 1-arachidonylglycerol, and 2-arachidonylglycerol, are identified having vanilloid receptor activity as well. Methods of treating individuals suffering from, or at risk of suffering from, diseases and disorders assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function are provided, as are methods of designing and identifying vanilloid receptor agonists and antagonists.

ST anandamide lipid analog vanilloid receptor modulator

IT Nervous system

(Guillain-Barre syndrome, treatment of pain assocd. with; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Capsaicin receptors

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(VR1 (vanilloid receptor 1); anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Nose

(allergic rhinitis; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

IT Leg

(amputation, treatment of pain assocd. with; anandamide and

structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

- IT Allergy inhibitors
 - Analgesics
 - Anti-inflammatory agents
 - Antiarthritics
 - Antiasthmatics
 - Antiemetics
 - Antimigraine agents
 - Antirheumatic agents
 - Antitumor agents
 - Antitussives**
 - Antiulcer agents
 - Autoimmune disease
 - Drug delivery systems
 - Eczema
 - Gout
 - Infection
 - Pain
 - Psoriasis
 - Urticaria
 - Wound healing promoters
 - (anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Capsaicin receptors
 - RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 - (anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Heart, disease
 - (angina pectoris, unstable; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Antiartherosclerotics
 - (antiatherosclerotics; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Infection
 - (bacterial; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Shock (circulatory collapse)
 - (cardiogenic; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Brain, disease
 - (cerebrum, vasospasm, from subarachnoid hemorrhage; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Headache
 - (cluster, treatment of pain assocd. with; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Eye, disease
 - (conjunctivitis; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Digestive tract

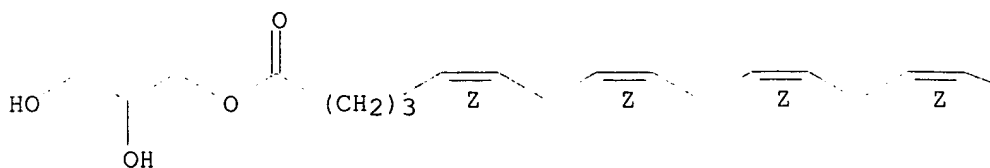
- (disease, mucosal damage; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Organ, animal
(disease; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Shock (circulatory collapse)
(hemorrhagic; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Bladder
(incontinence; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Heart, disease
(infarction; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Human herpesvirus
(infection; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Intestine, disease
(inflammatory; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Mammary gland
Surgery
(mastectomy, treatment of pain assocd. with; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Pharynx
(nasopharynx, adenoids; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Adenoid
(nasopharynx; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nerve, disease
(neuralgia; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Inflammation
(neurogenic; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Pain
(nociceptive; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Infection
(parasite; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nerve, disease
(peripheral neuropathy, treatment of pain assocd. with; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nerve, disease

(polyneuropathy, chronic peripheral, treatment of pain assocd. with; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)

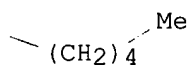
- IT Nose
(rhinitis, vasomotor; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Nose
(rhinitis; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Shock (circulatory collapse)
(septic; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Brain, disease
(stroke; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Meninges
(subarachnoid hemorrhage, cerebral vasospasm from; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Headache
Osteoarthritis
Pruritus
(treatment of pain assocd. with; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT Infection
(viral; anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT 35474-99-8 53847-30-6, 2-Arachidonylglycerol
94421-68-8, Anandamide 183718-77-6, AM 404
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- IT 35474-99-8 53847-30-6, 2-Arachidonylglycerol
183718-77-6, AM 404
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(anandamide and structurally related lipids as vanilloid receptor modulators in relation to treatment of diseases assocd. with abnormal vanilloid receptor function)
- RN 35474-99-8 HCAPLUS
- CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenoic acid, 2,3-dihydroxypropyl ester,
(5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



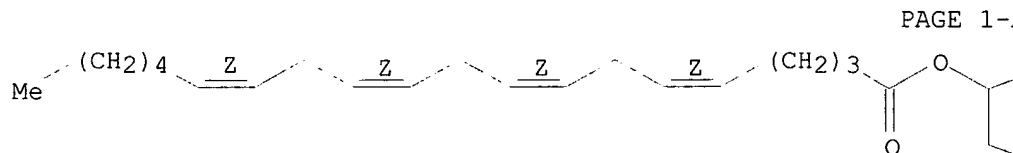
PAGE 1-B



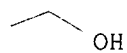
RN 53847-30-6 HCAPLUS
 CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenoic acid, 2-hydroxy-1-(hydroxymethyl)ethyl ester,
 (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



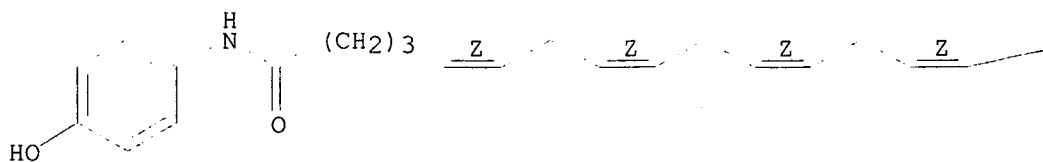
PAGE 1-B



RN 183718-77-6 HCAPLUS
 CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenamide, N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

---(CH₂)₄

Me

L113 ANSWER 4 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1996:83074 HCAPLUS

DN 124:127173

TI Transdermal adhesive preparations containing morphine and its antagonists

IN Oota, Tetsuya; Hashimoto, Michiari; Kitamura, Mikya

PA Sekisui Chemical Co Ltd, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K031-485

ICS A61K009-70; A61K047-10; A61K047-12; A61K047-16

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	-----	---	-----	-----	-----
PI	JP 07304673	A2	19951121	JP 1994-94815	19940509
PRAI	JP 1994-94815		19940509		

AB The prepn. comprise a support having thereon a drug-contg. adhesive layer contg. adhesives 100, morphine acid salts 0.1-40, morphine antagonist acid salts 0.1-30, and absorbefacients 0.1-15 wt.% and the absorbefacients are .gtoreq.1 selected from (A) compds. showing logP value (index of hydrophobicity, P = partition coeff. in octanol/H₂O) -0.5-2, (B) C2-8 hydroxycarboxylic acids, dicarboxylic acids, and (C) amides of C10-14 aliph. carboxylic acids with NH₂CH₂CH₂OH or NH(CH₂CH₂OH)₂. The prepn. sustainedly release morphine salts and have reduced adverse reaction. A silicone-coated PET parting paper was coated with a compn. contg. an adhesive (an AcOEt soln. of 2-ethylhexyl acrylate-N-vinyl-2-pyrrolidone-1,6-hexamethylene glycol dimethacrylate copolymer) 100, morphine hydrochloride (I) 33, naloxone hydrochloride (II) 10, polyoxyethylene lauryl ether 8, lactic acid 1.6, and lauric acid diethanolamide 4.9 parts using AcOEt as a solvent, dried, and the adhesive layer was transferred onto an EVA layer of a PET-EVA laminate film to give a transdermal prepn. Permeation amts. of I and II from the prepn. through a sheet of hairless mouse skin for 24 h were 4510 and 830 .mu.g, resp., vs. 90 and 25 .mu.g, resp., for a control prepn. contg. no absorbefacients.

ST morphine antimorphine transdermal prepn absorbefacient; hydroxycarboxylic acid absorbefacient morphine transdermal; dicarboxylic acid absorbefacient morphine transdermal; fatty amide absorbefacient morphine transdermal

IT Diarrhea

(inhibitors; transdermal adhesives contg. morphine salts, morphine antagonist salts, and absorbefacients)

IT Analgesics

Antitussives

(transdermal adhesives contg. morphine salts, morphine antagonist salts, and absorbefacients)

IT Carboxylic acids, biological studies

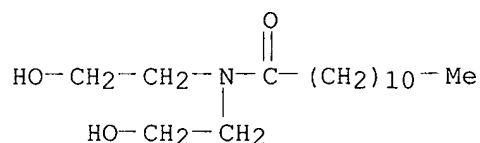
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(di-, C2-8, transdermal adhesives contg. morphine salts, morphine antagonist salts, and absorbefacients)

IT Amides, biological studies

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological

- study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (fatty, C10-14, N-(hydroxyethyl); transdermal adhesives contg. morphine salts, morphine antagonist salts, and absorbefacients)
- IT Carboxylic acids, biological studies
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (hydroxy, C2-8; transdermal adhesives contg. morphine salts, morphine antagonist salts, and absorbefacients)
- IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
 (transdermal, transdermal adhesives contg. morphine salts, morphine antagonist salts, and absorbefacients)
- IT 50-21-5, biological studies 120-40-1, Lauric acid diethanolamide 9002-92-0, Polyoxyethylene lauryl ether
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); **THU (Therapeutic use)**; BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (transdermal adhesives contg. morphine salts, morphine antagonist salts, and absorbefacients)
- IT 52-26-6, Morphine hydrochloride 357-08-4, Naloxone hydrochloride
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (transdermal adhesives contg. morphine salts, morphine antagonist salts, and absorbefacients)
- IT 120-40-1, Lauric acid diethanolamide
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); **THU (Therapeutic use)**; BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (transdermal adhesives contg. morphine salts, morphine antagonist salts, and absorbefacients)
- RN 120-40-1 HCAPLUS
- CN Dodecanamide, N,N-bis(2-hydroxyethyl)- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L113 ANSWER 5 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1995:967254 HCAPLUS

DN 123:350248

TI Percutaneously absorbable plaster comprising acid-addition salt of morphine

IN Hashimoto, Michiari; Azuma, Masato; Ota, Tetsuya; Kitamura, Mikiya

PA Sekisui Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan; Dainippon Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 43 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K031-485

ICS A61K009-70

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

Section cross-reference(s): 1

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9524197	A1	19950914	WO 1994-JP1935	19941117
	W: CA, CN, KR, US				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				

CA 2185227	AA	19950914	CA 1994-2185227	19941117
EP 748629	A1	19961218	EP 1995-900906	19941117
R: DE, FR, GB, IT				
JP 07300418	A2	19951114	JP 1994-305824	19941209

PRAI JP 1994-40903 19940311
 WO 1994-JP1935 19941117

AB A percutaneously absorbable plaster composed of a support and, formed on one side thereof, a pressure-sensitive adhesive layer comprises a pressure-sensitive adhesive, a drug and a percutaneous absorption accelerator, wherein the drug is an acid-addn. salt of morphine and the accelerator comprises a compd. (A) having a log P value of -0.5 to 2.0 (P being the partition coeff. of an octanol/water system). The plaster enables a pharmacol. acceptable acid-addn. salt of morphine to be released uniformly and stably for long, is excellent in percutaneous penetration, and can effectively be applied to patients with pain, cough, diarrhea, and so forth.

ST percutaneously absorbable plaster morphine salt

IT Diarrhea
 (inhibitor; percutaneously absorbable plaster comprising acid-addn. salt of morphine)

IT Analgesics
Antitussives
 Drug bioavailability
 (percutaneously absorbable plaster comprising acid-addn. salt of morphine)

IT Polymers, biological studies
 Rosin
 RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (percutaneously absorbable plaster comprising acid-addn. salt of morphine)

IT Alcohols, biological studies
 Amides, biological studies
 RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (aliph., percutaneously absorbable plaster comprising acid-addn. salt of morphine)

IT Medical goods
 (plasters, adhesive, percutaneously absorbable plaster comprising acid-addn. salt of morphine)

IT Terpenes and Terpenoids, biological studies
 RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (polymers, percutaneously absorbable plaster comprising acid-addn. salt of morphine)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
 (tapes, percutaneously absorbable plaster comprising acid-addn. salt of morphine)

IT 50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies 52-26-6, Morphine hydrochloride
 56-81-5D, Glycerol, hydrogenated resin esters 57-27-2D, Morphine, acid addn. salts 64-19-7, Acetic acid, biological studies 64-31-3, Morphine sulfate 71-36-3, Butanol, biological studies 71-41-0, Pentyl alcohol, biological studies 75-65-0, Tert-Butyl alcohol, biological studies 77-92-9, Citric acid, biological studies 78-83-1, Isobutyl alcohol, biological studies 79-09-4, Propionic acid, biological studies 79-10-7D, Acrylic acid, alkyl, copolymers 79-41-4D, Methacrylic acid, alkyl, copolymers 87-69-4, Tartaric acid, biological studies 88-12-0D, copolymers 88-99-3, Phthalic acid, biological studies 94-13-3, Propyl p-hydroxybenzoate 94-26-8, Butyl p-hydroxybenzoate 97-78-9, N-Laurylsarcosine 99-76-3, Methyl p-hydroxybenzoate 100-21-0, Terephthalic acid, biological studies 107-92-6, Butyric acid, biological studies 107-97-1D, Sarcosine, acyl 109-52-4, Valeric acid, biological studies 110-15-6, Succinic acid, biological studies 110-16-7, Maleic

acid, biological studies 110-17-8, Fumaric acid, biological studies 110-25-8, N-Oleylsarcosine 110-94-1, Glutaric acid 111-16-0, Pimelic acid 111-27-3, Hexyl alcohol, biological studies 111-42-2D, Diethanolamine, reaction products with aliph. monocarboxylic acids 118-61-6, Ethyl o-hydroxybenzoate 119-36-8, Methyl o-hydroxybenzoate 120-40-1, Lauric acid diethanolamide 120-47-8, Ethyl p-hydroxybenzoate 121-91-5, Isophthalic acid, biological studies 123-51-3, Isopentyl alcohol 124-04-9, Adipic acid, biological studies 136-26-5, Capric acid diethanolamide 141-43-5D, Monoethanolamine, reaction products with aliph. monocarboxylic acids 141-82-2, Malonic acid, biological studies 142-48-3, N-Stearoylsarcosine 142-78-9, Lauric acid monoethanolamide 144-62-7, Oxalic acid, biological studies 473-81-4, Glyceric acid 505-48-6, Suberic acid 544-31-0, Palmitic acid monoethanolamide 607-85-2, Isopropyl o-hydroxybenzoate 607-90-9, Propyl o-hydroxybenzoate 2052-14-4, Butyl o-hydroxybenzoate 2421-33-2, N-Palmitoylsarcosine 4191-73-5, Isopropyl p-hydroxybenzoate 6915-15-7, Malic acid **7545-24-6**, Palmitic acid diethanolamide 7726-08-1 7781-98-8 9002-85-1, Polyvinylidene chloride 9002-88-4, Polyethylene 9002-92-0, Polyoxyethylene lauryl ether 9004-95-9, Polyoxyethylene cetyl ether 19438-10-9 25038-59-9, Polyethylene terephthalate, biological studies 27234-90-8 29656-58-4D, Hydroxybenzoic acid, alkyl derivs. 38567-05-4 53631-77-9 77201-17-3 118677-04-6

RL: DEV (Device component use); **THU (Therapeutic use)**; BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(percutaneously absorbable plaster comprising acid-addn. salt of morphine)

IT 7429-90-5, Aluminum, biological studies

RL: DEV (Device component use); **THU (Therapeutic use)**; BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(sheet; percutaneously absorbable plaster comprising acid-addn. salt of morphine)

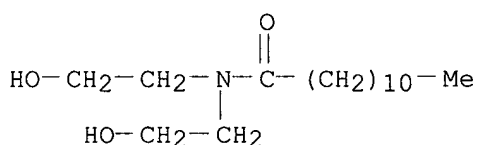
IT **120-40-1**, Lauric acid diethanolamide **7545-24-6**, Palmitic acid diethanolamide

RL: DEV (Device component use); **THU (Therapeutic use)**; BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(percutaneously absorbable plaster comprising acid-addn. salt of morphine)

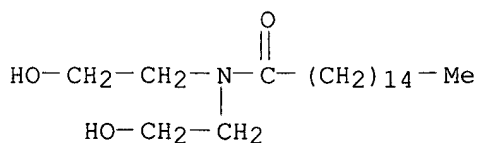
RN 120-40-1 HCAPLUS

CN Dodecanamide, N,N-bis(2-hydroxyethyl)- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 7545-24-6 HCAPLUS

CN Hexadecanamide, N,N-bis(2-hydroxyethyl)- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



DN 120:331108
 TI Chewing gum compositions
 IN Szejtli, Jozsef; Puetter, Sigurd
 PA MEDICE Chem.-Pharm. Fabrik Puetter GmbH und Co. KG, Germany
 SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 28 pp.
 CODEN: EPXXDW
 DT Patent
 LA German
 IC ICM A23G003-30
 ICS A61K009-00
 CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 575977	A2	19931229	EP 1993-110010	19930623
	EP 575977	A3	19950104		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	DE 4220735	A1	19940113	DE 1992-4220735	19920625
PRAI	DE 1992-4220735		19920625		
OS	MARPAT 120:331108				
AB	A drug-contg. chewing gum has the active ingredient as a sustained-release inclusion complex with a swellable carbohydrate polymer, e.g. starch, cyclodextrin, or their derivs., which may be crosslinked. Thus, a .beta.-cyclodextrin polymer was prepd. from dimethyl-.beta.-cyclodextrin and 1,2,9,10-diepoxy-4,7-dioxadecane in the presence of BF3-Et2O. A DEAE-.beta.-cyclodextrin polymer was swelled in 50% aq. EtOH contg. 1.25% salicylic acid and dried at 105.degree.. The salicylic acid content of the product was 4.4%, of which 99% was released by extn. with buffer (pH 7.2) for 60 min and 58% by extn. with water.				
ST	chewing gum drug sustained release				
IT	Crosslinking agents (glycerol and derivs., for carbohydrate polymers)				
IT	Polysaccharides, uses RL: BIOL (Biological study) (inclusion compds. with pharmaceuticals, sustained-release, in chewing gum)				
IT	Amino acids, compounds RL: BIOL (Biological study) (inclusion compds., with carbohydrate-polymer, sustained-release inclusion compds. with carbohydrate polymers, in chewing gum)				
IT	Allergy inhibitors				
	Analgesics				
	Anti-infective agents				
	Antiarrhythmics				
	Antibiotics				
	Anticoagulants and Antithrombotics				
	Antihistaminics				
	Antihypertensives				
	Antihypotensives				
	Antipyretics				
	Antitussives				
	Cathartics				
	Diuretics				
	Expectorants				
	Fungicides and Fungistats				
	Hypnotics and Sedatives				
	Inflammation inhibitors				
	Neoplasm inhibitors				
	Nervous system stimulants				
	Psychotropics				
	Tranquilizers and Neuroleptics				
	Vasoconstrictors				
	Vasodilators				

- Vitamins
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (sustained-release inclusion compds. with carbohydrate polymers, in chewing gum)
- IT **Bronchodilators**
 (antiasthmatics, sustained-release inclusion compds. with carbohydrate polymers, in chewing gum)
- IT **Tooth**
 (disease, caries, control of, sustained-release inclusion compds. with carbohydrate polymers for, in chewing gum)
- IT **Anesthetics**
 (local, sustained-release inclusion compds. with carbohydrate polymers, in chewing gum)
- IT **Carbohydrates and Sugars, compounds**
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (polymers, inclusion compds. with pharmaceuticals, sustained-release, in chewing gum)
- IT **Pharmaceutical dosage forms**
 (sustained-release, chewing gum)
- IT 112-67-4, Palmitoyl chloride 10147-40-7, Dodecylsulfonfyl chloride
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (acylation by, of .beta.-cyclodextrin polymer)
- IT 154161-65-6 154161-66-7
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (carbohydrate polymer crosslinking with)
- IT 56-81-5, 1,2,3-Propanetriol, reactions
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (carbohydrate polymer crosslinking with)
- IT 109-65-9, 1-Bromobutane
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (condensation of, with .alpha.-cyclodextrin polymer)
- IT 2009-83-8, 6-Chloro-1-hexanol 18162-48-6, tert-Butyldimethylsilyl chloride
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (condensation of, with .beta.-cyclodextrin polymer)
- IT 75-56-9, reactions
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reaction of, with .gamma.-cyclodextrin polymer)
- IT 71-43-2, Benzene, properties 106-44-5, p-Cresol, properties 108-95-2, Phenol, properties
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process)
 (sorption of, by .beta.-cyclodextrin polymer, inclusion compd. formation in)
- IT 61-73-4D, inclusion compds. with .beta.-cyclodextrin polymers 69-72-7D, inclusion compds. with .beta.-cyclodextrin polymers 1837-57-6D, Ethacridine lactate, inclusion compds. with .beta.-cyclodextrin polymers
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (sustained-release)
- IT 50-23-7D, Hydrocortisone, inclusion compds. with carbohydrate polymers 106-89-8D, polymers with .beta.-cyclodextrin derivs., inclusion compds. with pharmaceuticals 2224-15-9D, 1,2,11,12-diepoxy-4,9-dioxadodecane copolymer, inclusion compds. with pharmaceuticals 7585-39-9D, .beta.-Cyclodextrin, derivs., polymers, inclusion compds. with pharmaceuticals 7585-39-9D, .beta.-Cyclodextrin, polymers, inclusion compds. with pharmaceuticals 9005-25-8D, Starch, derivs., inclusion compds. with pharmaceuticals 9005-25-8D, Starch, inclusion compds. with pharmaceuticals 10016-20-3D, .alpha.-Cyclodextrin, derivs., polymers, inclusion compds. with pharmaceuticals 10016-20-3D, .alpha.-Cyclodextrin, polymers, inclusion compds. with pharmaceuticals 12619-70-4D, Cyclodextrin, derivs., polymers, inclusion compds. with pharmaceuticals 12619-70-4D, Cyclodextrin, polymers, inclusion compds. with pharmaceuticals 17465-86-0D, .gamma.-Cyclodextrin, derivs.,

polymers, inclusion compds. with pharmaceuticals 17465-86-0D,
 .gamma.-Cyclodextrin, polymers, inclusion compds. with pharmaceuticals
 153149-87-2D, inclusion compds. with pharmaceuticals 153149-89-4D,
 inclusion compds. with pharmaceuticals 153177-41-4D, inclusion compds.
 with pharmaceuticals 154095-32-6D, inclusion compds. with
 pharmaceuticals

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(sustained-release, in chewing gum)

IT 75-77-4, Trimethylsilyl chloride, biological studies 999-97-3,
 1,1,1,3,3,3-Hexamethyldisilazane

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(.beta.-cyclodextrin polymer trimethylsilylation by)

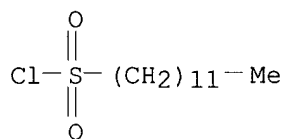
IT 10147-40-7, Dodecylsulfonfyl chloride

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(acylation by, of .beta.-cyclodextrin polymer)

RN 10147-40-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Dodecanesulfonfyl chloride (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:49:37 ON 13 FEB 2003)

DEL HIS

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:50:38 ON 13 FEB 2003

ACT DONNA/Q

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L1          STR
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L2          STR L1
L3          SCR 1838 OR 1992 OR 2016 OR 2026 OR 2043 OR 2039 OR 2054
L4          40 S L2 NOT L3 CSS SAM
L5          8 S L4/COM
L6          SCR 1199
L7          30 S L2 NOT (L3 OR L6) CSS SAM
L8          9 S L7/COM
L9          STR L2
L10         SCR 1199 OR 1302 OR 1304
L11         15 S L9 NOT (L3 OR L10) CSS SAM
L12         5 S L11/COM
L13         10 S L11 NOT L12
L14         SCR 1199 OR 1302 OR 1304 OR 1700 OR 1812
L15         13 S L9 NOT (L3 OR L14) CSS SAM
L16         7 S L15/COM
L17         6 S L15 NOT L16
L18         STR L9
L19         2 S L18 CSS SAM
L20         STR L18
L21         4 S L20 CSS
L22         7 S (L18 OR L20) NOT (L3 OR L14) CSS SAM
L23         22 S (L18 OR L20) NOT L3 CSS
L24         21 S L23/COM
L25         QUE (L18 OR L20) NOT L3
L26         150 S L18 NOT L3 CSS FUL
  
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L27 QUE L20 NOT L3
 L28 SCR 1838 OR 1992 OR 2005 OR 2016 OR 2026 OR 2043 OR 2039 OR 205
 L29 SCR 1929
 L30 15 S L20 AND L29 NOT L28 CSS
 L31 300 S L20 AND L29 NOT L28 CSS FUL
 SAV L26 JAGOE864A/A
 SAV L31 JAGOE864B/A
 L32 297 S L31/COM
 L33 STR L20
 L34 0 S L33 CSS
 L35 SCR 1848 OR 1852 OR 1855 OR 1867
 L36 SCR 1199 AND 2004 AND 1992 AND 1838 AND 1199
 L37 SCR 1839 OR 1993 OR 2005 OR 2016 OR 2026 OR 2021 OR 2043 OR 203
 L38 SCR 1839 OR 2043 OR 2039 OR 2054 OR 2127
 L39 1 S L33 AND L35 AND L36 NOT L38 CSS SAM
 L40 SCR 1839 OR 2043 OR 2039 OR 2054 OR 2127 OR 1918 OR 2040 OR 205
 L41 1 S L33 AND L35 AND L36 NOT L40 CSS
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 L43 2 S L33 AND L35 AND L36 NOT L42 CSS
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 L45 2 S L33 AND L35 AND L36 NOT L44 CSS
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 L48 6 S L47/COM
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 L55 1 S L54 CSS SAM SUB=L53
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 L59 31 S L58/COM
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 L61 STR L33
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 L64 50 S L63 CSS SAM
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 L67 50 S L66 NOT L44 CSS SAM
 L68 STR L66
 L69 32 S L68 NOT L44 CSS SAM
 L70 3099 S L68 NOT L44 CSS FUL
 SAV L70 JAGOE864E/A
 L71 37324 S L66 NOT L44 CSS FUL
 SAV TEMP L71 JAGOE864F/A
 L72 STR L68
 L73 40320 S L70 OR L71
 L74 STR L72
 L75 50 S L74 CSS SAM SUB=L73
 L76 13224 S L74 CSS FUL SUB=L73
 SAV L76 TEMP JAGOE864G/A
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 L78 1767 S L77 CSS FUL SUB=L76
 L79 1765 S L78/COM
 SAV L78 JAGOE864H/A
 L80 STR
 L81 STR L80

L82 0 S L80 NOT L44 CSS SAM
L83 STR L81
L84 3 S L83 NOT L44 SAM
L85 STR L83
L86 4 S L85 NOT L44 SAM
L87 STR L80
L88 SCR 1838
L89 2 S L87 AND L88 NOT L44 CSS SAM
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L92 1 S L87 AND L88 NOT L44 CSS SAM SUB=L90
L93 1182 S L87 AND L88 NOT L44 CSS FUL SUB=L90
SAV L93 JAGOE864I/A
L94 1175 S L93/COM
L95 0 S L81 CSS SAM SUB=L94
L96 15 S L81 CSS FUL SUB=L94
L97 10 S L96 NOT (PYRIDIN? OR C24H41NO2 OR C17H31NO2)
SAV L94 JAGOE864J/A

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:45:27 ON 13 FEB 2003

L98 8410 S L26 OR L32 OR L53 OR L59 OR L79 OR L97
L99 61 S L98 AND (?COUGH? OR ANTITUSS? OR ANTI TUSS? OR AIRWAY OR BREA
E COUGH/CT
L100 1244 S E3+NT OR E5+NT
L101 3 S E8
E E5+ALL
E E2+ALL
L102 1407 S E4+NT
L103 15 S L98 (L) THU/RL AND L99,L100,L101,L102
L104 7 S L99 AND L101-L102
L105 32 S L98 AND (PHARMACOL? OR PHARMACEUT?)/SC,SX AND L99-L104
L106 61 S L99,L103,L104,L105
L107 2 S L106 AND COUGH?
L108 7 S L106 AND (ANTITUSS? OR ANTI TUSS? OR EXPECTOR?)
L109 7 S L107,L108
L110 54 S L106 NOT L109
SEL HIT RN L109

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:52:04 ON 13 FEB 2003

L111 10 S E1-E10
L112 9 S L111 NOT C15H30O4

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:53:22 ON 13 FEB 2003

L113 6 S L112 AND L109

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:53:38 ON 13 FEB 2003

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:55:01 ON 13 FEB 2003